ASSIGNMENT-BANKING SYSTEM TASK 4

Subquery and its type

1. Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest account balance.

SELECT * FROM Accounts WHERE balance = (SELECT MAX(balance) FROM Accounts);

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Accounts WHERE balance = (SELECT MAX(balance) FROM Accounts);

+------+
| account_id | customer_id | account_type | balance |

+-----+
| 4 | 4 | current | 777700.00 |

+-----+
1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

2. Calculate the average account balance for customers who have more than one account.

```
SELECT AVG(balance) FROM Accounts WHERE customer_id IN (
SELECT customer_id FROM Accounts GROUP BY customer_id
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1
);
```

3. Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE amount > (SELECT AVG(amount) FROM Transactions);

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE amount > (SELECT AVG(amount) FROM Transactions);
 transaction_id | account_id | transaction_type | amount | transaction_date
             4
                          4 transfer
                                                | 1500.00 | 2024-03-23 11:10:00
                              deposit
                                                 2500.00
                                                           2024-03-25 12:00:00
              8
                          8
                              transfer
                                                 1800.00
5000.00
                                                           2024-03-27 15:05:00
                                                           2024-03-28 08:30:00
                              deposit
                              deposit
                                                 2000.00
                                                           2024-03-30 10:30:00
                              deposit
                                                 3000.00
                                                           2024-03-29 14:15:00
                          12
             13
                                                 1500.00
                                                           2024-03-28 09:00:00
                              transfer
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

4. Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

```
SELECT C.customer_id, C.first_name, C.last_name
FROM Customers C
WHERE C.customer_id NOT IN (
SELECT DISTINCT A.customer_id
FROM Accounts A
JOIN Transactions T ON A.account_id = T.account_id
);
```

5. Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transactions.

SELECT SUM(balance) AS total balance

FROM Accounts

WHERE account_id NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT account_id FROM Transactions);

6. Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

```
SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE account_id = (
    SELECT account_id FROM Accounts ORDER BY balance ASC
LIMIT 1
);
```

7. Identify customers who have accounts of multiple types.

```
SELECT customer_id, COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) AS account_types
```

FROM Accounts

GROUP BY customer id

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) > 1;

8. Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

SELECT account_type, COUNT(*) * 100 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Accounts) AS percentage FROM Accounts GROUP BY account type;

9. Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE account_id IN (SELECT account id FROM Accounts WHERE customer id = 1);

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE account_id IN (SELECT account_id FROM Accounts WHERE customer_id = 1);

| transaction_id | account_id | transaction_type | amount | transaction_date |

| 1 | 1 | deposit | 500.00 | 2024-03-20 10:15:00 |

| 11 | 1 | deposit | 2000.00 | 2024-03-30 10:30:00 |

| 12 | 1 | withdrawal | 500.00 | 2024-03-31 12:45:00 |

| 15 | 11 | withdrawal | 1000.00 | 2024-03-27 16:30:00 |

+ rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

10. Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

SELECT account_type, SUM(balance) FROM Accounts GROUP BY account type;

NOTES:

Additionally a record is inserted in both the Customers and Accounts table.

Customers table:

ustomer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Harry	Potter	1990-07-31	harry.potter@gmail.com	9876543210	4 Privet Drive, Little Whinging, Surrey
	Ron	Weasley	1990-03-01	ron.weasley@gmail.com	9845678901	The Burrow, Ottery St. Catchpole, Devor
	Hermione	Granger	1989-09-19	hermione.granger@gmail.com	9786543210	Hampstead Garden Suburb, London
	Sirius	Black	1959-11-03	sirius.black@gmail.com	9765432109	12 Grimmauld Place, London
	Remus	Lupin	1960-03-10	remus.lupin@gmail.com	9876504321	13th Avenue Road, London
	Lily	Evans	1960-01-30	lily.evans@gmail.com	9876543098	Spinner?s End, Cokeworth
	Luna	Lovegood	1981-02-13	luna.lovegood@gmail.com	9785463210	Lovegood House, Ottery St. Catchpole
	Narcissa	Malfoy	1955-06-01	narcissa.malfoy@gmail.com	9898765432	Malfoy Manor, Wiltshire
	James	Potter	1960-03-27	james.potter@gmail.com	9876234510	Godric?s Hollow, West Country, England
10	Tom	Riddle	1926-12-31	tom.riddle@gmail.com	9887766543	Wool?s Orphanage, London
11	Draco	Malfoy	1980-06-05	draco.malfoy@gmail.com	9876543111	Malfoy Manor, Wiltshire

Accounts table:

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
1	1	 savings	2000.00
2	2	current	3200.50
3	3	savings	7800.75
4	4	current	777700.00
5	5	savings	5400.00
6	6	current	9000.25
7	7	savings	1200.00
8	8	current	4300.00
9	9	savings	10000.00
10	10	zero_balance	0.00
11	1	current	5000.00
12] 3	savings	7000.00
13	5	current	12000.00