

22) Construct the minimal FA that accepts 0's & 1's
 where a) The 2nd symbol from right end is 1
 b) The 3rd symbol from right end is 0

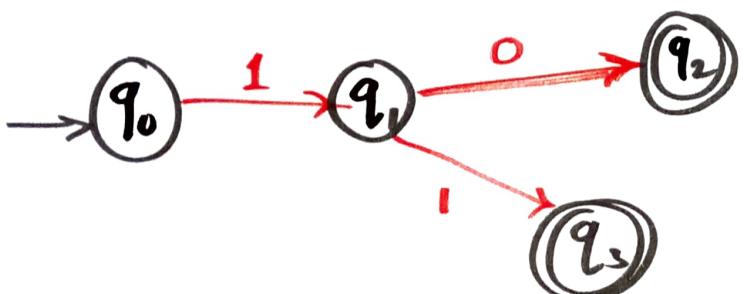
$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$L = \{10, 11, 1010, 1111, 0110,$$

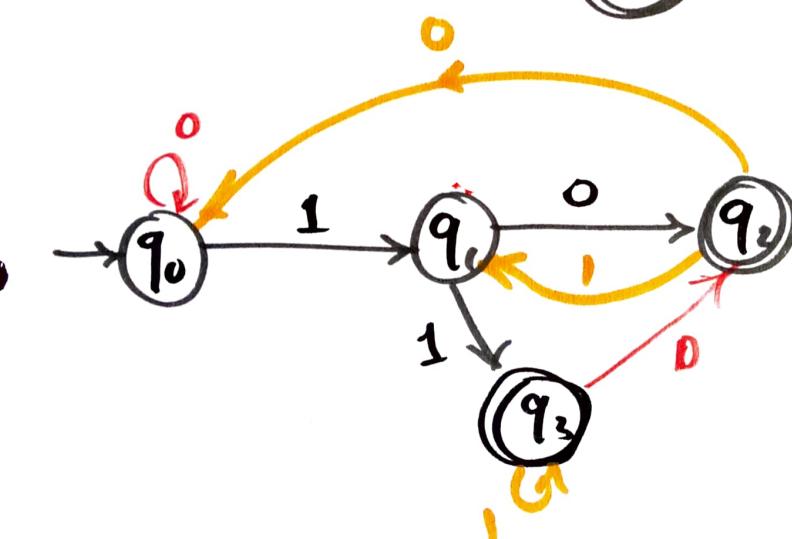
a) $w = \dots\dots 1x$



$$110, 1110, 010,$$



$$\begin{array}{l} -10 \\ -11 \end{array}$$



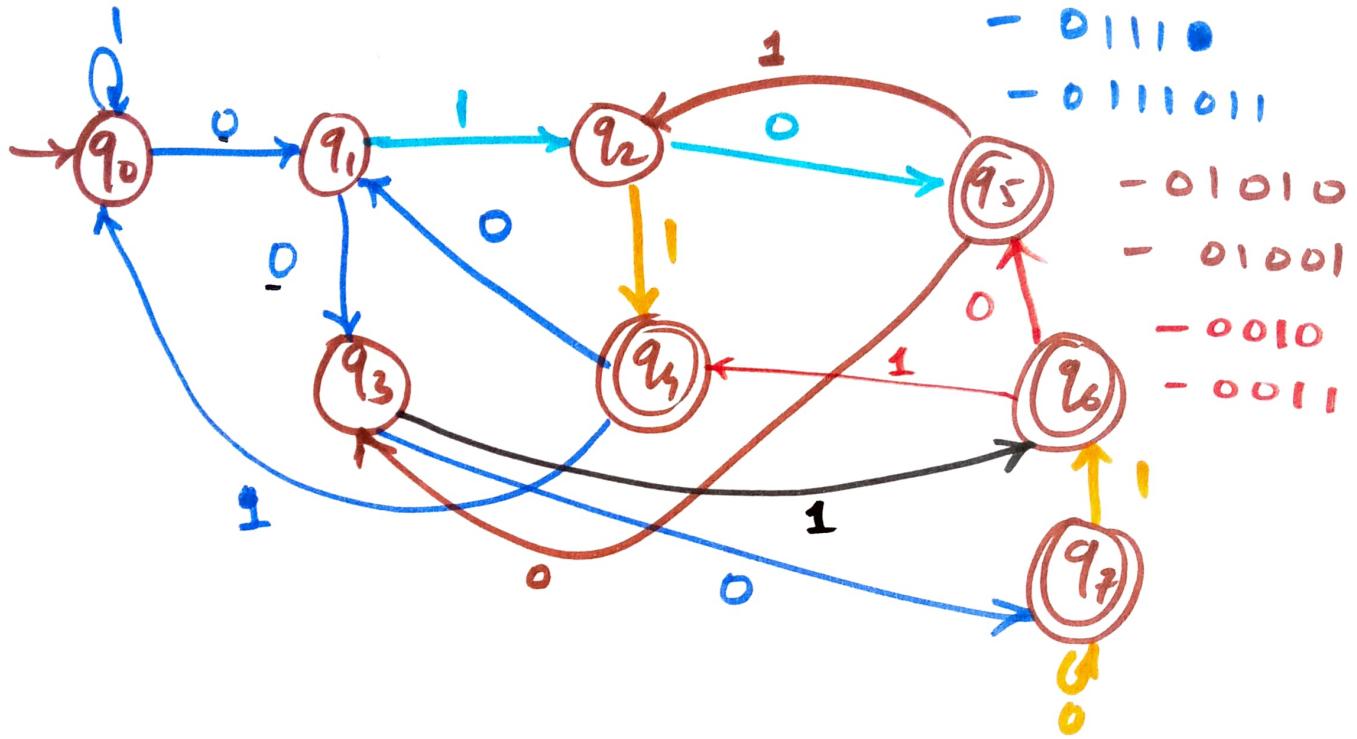
$$\begin{array}{ll} -10 & -10010 \\ -11 & -11 \\ -010 & -1010 \\ -0110 & -10110 \\ -110 & - \\ -1110 & \end{array}$$

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_0	q_1
q_3	q_2	q_3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{No. of States} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^2 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$b) W = \dots \cdot \overbrace{0}^{\text{0}}, \overbrace{X}^{\text{1}}, \overbrace{X}^{\text{0}} \cdot \dots$$

$$L = \{ \underline{000}, \underline{010}, \underline{001}, \underline{011}, \dots \}$$



δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_3	q_2
q_2	q_5	q_4
q_3	q_6	q_5
q_4	q_1	q_0
q_5	q_3	q_2
q_6	q_5	q_4
q_7	q_7	q_0

Note:-

The minimal FA that accepts all the strings of 0's & 1's where n th symbol from right end is fixed. Contains exactly 2^n states & 2^{n-1} final states

$$= 2^3 = 8 \text{ states}$$

$$= 2^{n-1} = 2^{3-1} = 2^2 = 4 \text{ final states}$$

23) Construct the FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where the no. of 0's in a string is -

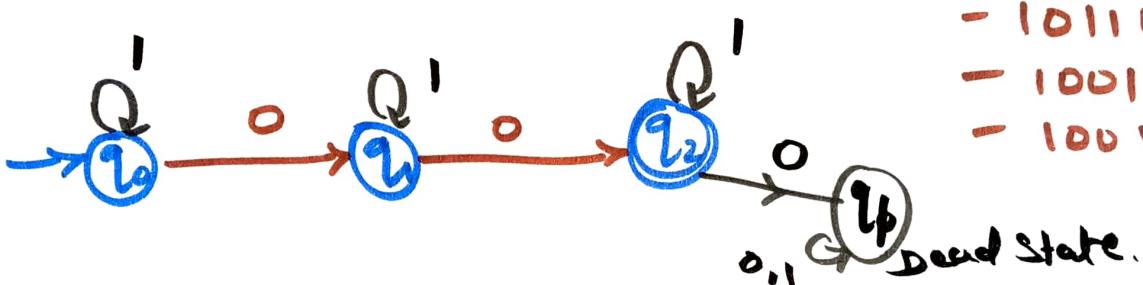
- (a) Exactly 2 (b) atmost 2 (c) atleast 2
- (d) even (e) odd (f) $2 \pmod 5$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

\rightarrow (a) Exactly 2 $|w|_0 = |w|_1 = 2$

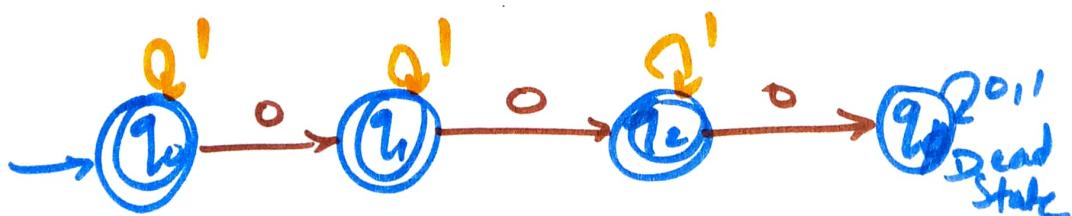
$$L = \{$$

- 00
- 100
- 10110, 101
- 1001
- 10011

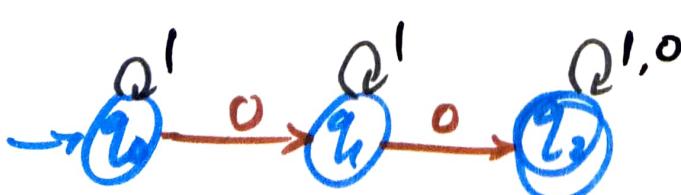


(b) almost 2 ≤ 2 $|w|_0 = \{0, 1, 2\}$

- E
- 0
- 00, 000
- 10, 100
- 1010
- 10011

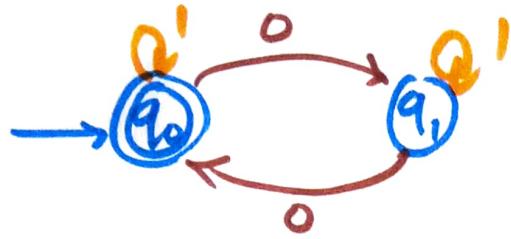


(c) atleast 2, $|w|_0 = 2, 3, \dots$



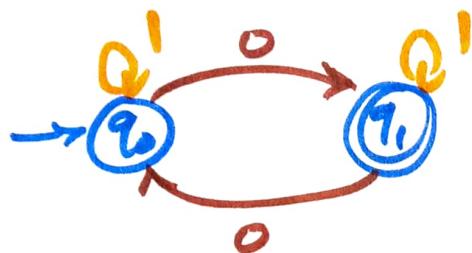
- 00, 000,
- 100
- 1010
- 010100

(d) even $|w|_0 = \text{even} = 0, 2, 4, 6, \dots$



$$L = \{ \epsilon, 0, 00, 100, 010, \dots \}$$

(e) odd $|w|_0 = \text{odd} = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots$



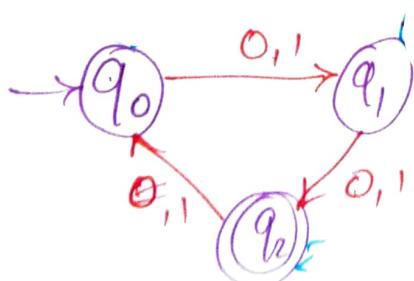
$$L = \{ 0, 000, 10, 101, 10010, \dots \}$$

Lang.	No. of States.
$ w _0 = n$	$n+2$
$ w _0 < n$	$n+2$
$ w _0 \geq n$	$n+1$
$ w _0 \equiv 2 \pmod{n}$	n

(f)

$2 \pmod{3}$ $2, 5, 8, 11, \dots$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} L & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q_2 & \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 4 & 2 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 - & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 8 - & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 - & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

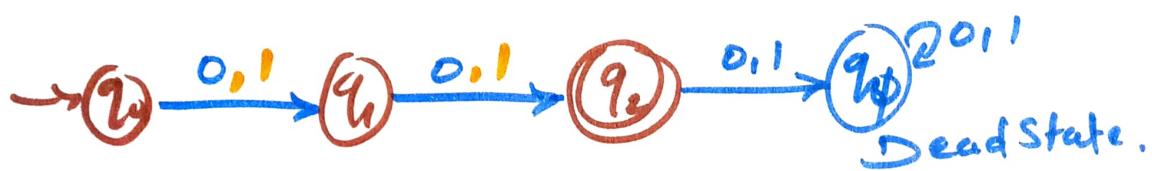
24) Construct the minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0 & 1 where the length of the

- (a) string is exactly two
- (b) atmost 2
- (c) atleast 2
- (d) even
- (e) odd.

→ (a) $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$$|w| = 2 ; w = \underset{0,1}{\overset{\times}{\underset{0,1}{\overset{\times}{\mid}}}} - 10, 11 \} \quad L = \{ - 00, 01,$$

$$\begin{aligned} L = \{ \\ - 00, 01, \\ - 10, 11 \} \end{aligned}$$



(b) $|w| \leq 2 ; |w| = \{0, 1, 2\}$



(c) $|w| \geq 2 , |w| = 2, 3, 4, \dots$

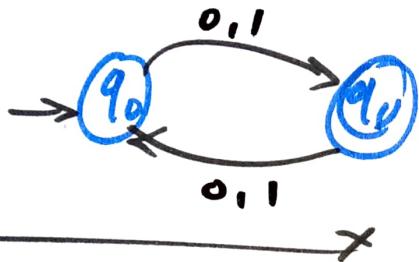


$$(d) |w| = \text{even} = 0, 2, 4, 6 = \{0 \pmod{2}\}$$



$$(e) |w| = 1, 3, 5 = 1 \pmod{2}$$

$\vdash 0, 1$



25) Design a DFA that accepts all the strings with atmost 3 a's $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

26) DFA with prefix ab with alphabets
 $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

27) DFA accepts even no. of a's $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

28) DFA that contains 001 as substring in all strings over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

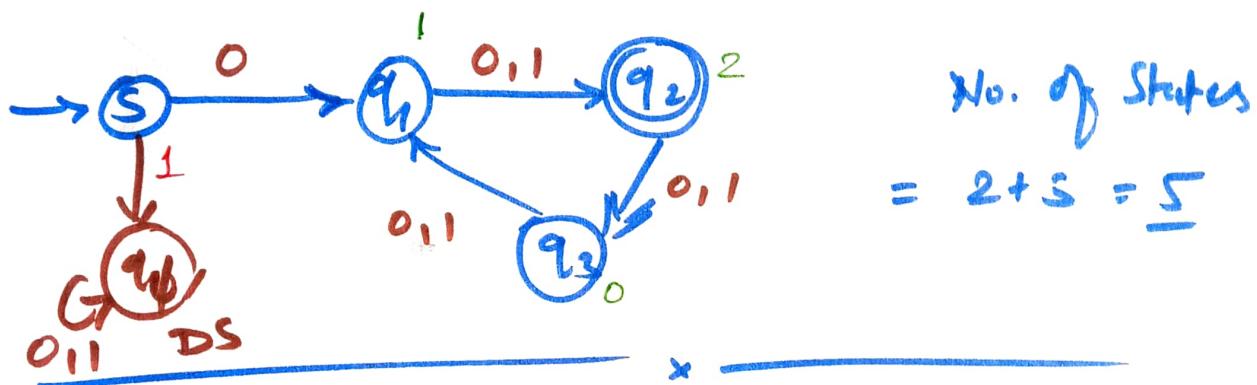
23) Construct the minimal FA that accepts all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string starts with '0' and length is $2 \pmod{3}$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\} ; W = 0^x \underset{0}{\hat{X}} , \quad 2, 5, 8, \dots$$

$$\text{where } |W| = 2 \pmod{3} \quad q_2 \in Q_3$$

$$\begin{matrix} L_0 & 1 & 2 \\ q_0 & q_1 & \textcircled{q_2} \end{matrix}$$

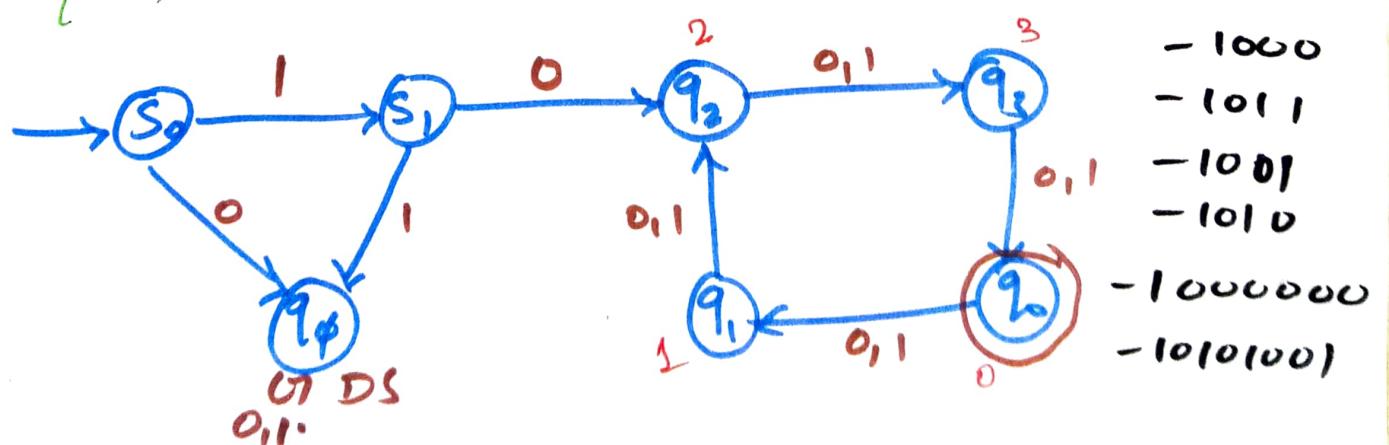
$$\begin{array}{r} 8421 \\ 0 - 000 \\ 1 - 001 \\ 2 - 010 \\ \hline 2 - 00010 \\ 5 - 00101 \end{array}$$



30) $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ where every string starts with 10 and the length of the string is $0 \pmod{4}$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\} ; W = 10^x ; |W| = 0 \pmod{4}$$

$L = \{1000, 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, \dots\}$

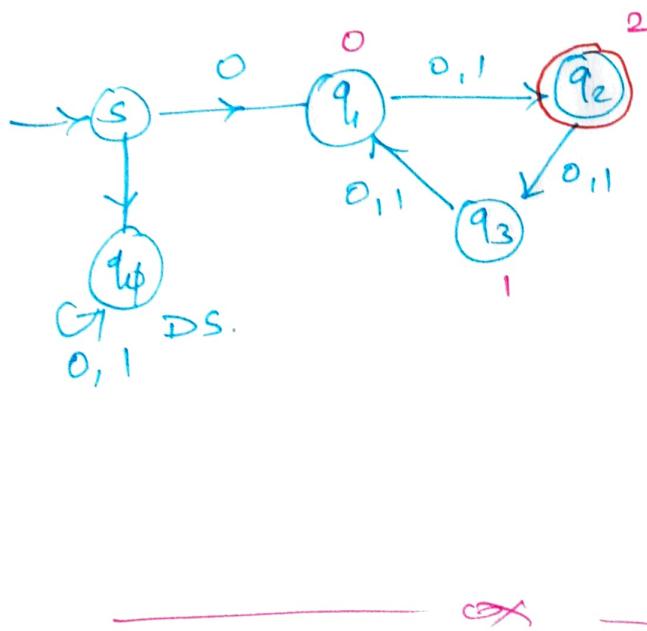


1) $w = 0x$ & $|w| = 2 \pmod{3}$ $q_1 \quad q_2 \quad q_3$ 2, 5, 8, 11, ...
 $\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ 0 \quad 1 \end{array}$

0	1	2
q_0	q_1	q_2

$$L = \left\{ \frac{00}{2}, \frac{01}{2}, \frac{00100}{5}, \frac{01111}{5}, \frac{00110}{5}, \dots \right\}$$

0 -	0	0	0	0	0	0
1 -	0	0	0	0	0	1
2 -	0	0	0	0	1	0
3 -	0	0	0	0	1	1
4 -	0	0	0	1	0	0
5 -	0	0	1	0	1	0
8 -	0	1	0	0	0	1
11 -	0	1	0	1	1	1



$$\begin{aligned}
 R & \\
 -0 & \Rightarrow 1 - q_1 \\
 -00 & - 2 \} q_2 \\
 -01 & - 2 \} q_3 \\
 -000 & - 0 \\
 -011 & - 0 \} q_3 \\
 -010 & - 0 \} q_3 \\
 -001 & - 0 \} q_3 \\
 -0000 & - 1 \\
 -00110 & - 1 \} q_1 \\
 -01010 & - 1 \} q_1 \\
 -0010 & - 1
 \end{aligned}$$

2) $w = 10x$; $|w| = \underline{0 \pmod{4}}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 R \\
 \Rightarrow 10 - 2 \\
 -100 \} 3 \\
 -101 \\
 -1000 \\
 -1010 \} -0 \\
 -1001 \\
 -1011
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 10000 \\
 10100 \\
 10011 \\
 10101
 \end{array}
 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right.$$

31) Construct the minimal FA that accept all the binary strings whose equivalent is integer

(a) Divisible by 3

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$0 \pmod{3}$$



8	4	2	1
0 - 0	0	0	0
1 - 0	0	0	1
2 - 0	0	1	0
3 - 0	0	1	1
4 - 0	1	0	0
6 - 0	1	1	0
8 - 1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1

δ	0	1
q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_0
q_2	q_1	q_2

$q_0 \neq q_1 \neq q_2$
Minimal DFA

(b) $1 \pmod{4}$ BS to int.



$$= \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$= 2 + 1 = \underline{\underline{3 \text{ DFA}}}$$

DFA

δ	0	1
q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_0	q_1
q_3	q_2	q_3

$$q_0 = q_2$$

δ	0	1
q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_0	q_3
q_3	q_0	q_3

No. of States in Minimal FA = 3

c) $BS \rightarrow \text{int} = 2 \pmod{5}$

L	0	1	2	3	4
	q_0	q_1	\textcircled{q}_2	q_3	q_4

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
\textcircled{q}_2	q_4	q_0
q_3	q_1	q_2
q_4	q_3	q_4

No of States is minimal
FA = 5

d) $BS \rightarrow \text{int} = 4 \pmod{6}$

L	0	1	2	3	4	5
	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_3	\textcircled{q}_4	q_5

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_4	q_5
q_3	q_0	q_1
\textcircled{q}_4	q_2	q_3
q_5	q_4	q_5

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_0
q_2	q_4	q_2
\textcircled{q}_4	q_2	q_0

$q_0 = q_3$
 $q_2 = q_5$

Replace q_3 by q_0 & q_5 by q_2

$$32) BS \rightarrow \text{Inl} = \underline{3} \pmod{8}$$

$L_{q_0} q_1 q_2 \underline{q_3} q_4 q_5 q_6 q_7$

DFA

δ	0	1	
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1	
q_1	q_2	q_3	$q_0 = q_4$
q_2	q_4	q_5	$q_1 = q_5$
$\underline{q_3}$	q_6	q_4	
q_4	q_6	q_1	$q_2 = q_6$
q_5	q_2	q_3	
q_6	q_3	q_5	
q_7	q_6	q_7	

$= \frac{8}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$
 $= 1 + 2 \cancel{\oplus}$
 $= \underline{4} \text{ status.}$

Minimal DFA

δ	0	1	
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1	
q_1	q_2	q_3	$q_0 = q_2$
q_2	$\cancel{q_0}$	$\cancel{q_1}$	
$\underline{q_3}$	q_2	q_7	
q_7	q_2	q_7	

$$\begin{aligned} q_0 &= q_4 \\ q_1 &= q_5 \\ q_2 &= q_6 \end{aligned}$$

δ	0	1	
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1	$q_0 = q_2$
q_1	q_0	q_3	
$\underline{q_3}$	q_4	q_7	
q_7	q_0	q_7	

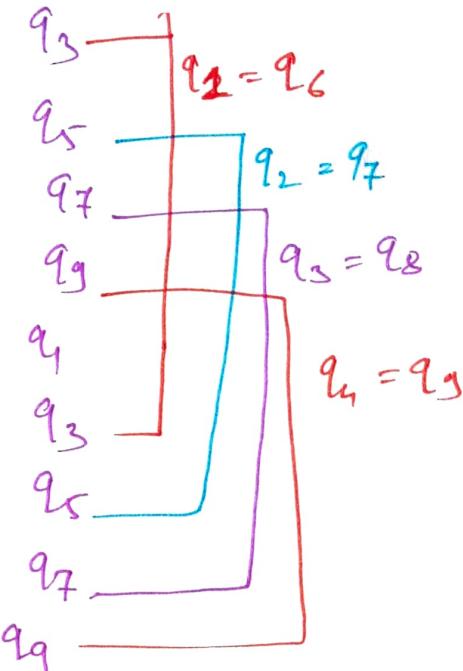
33) $0 \pmod{10}$

L_0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
L_{10}	q_1	q_2	q_3	q_4	q_5	q_6	q_7	q_8	q_9	

$$= \frac{10}{2} = \underline{\underline{5+1=6 \text{ states.}}}$$

DFA

	δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$		q_0	q_1
q_1		q_2	q_3
q_2		q_4	q_5
q_3		q_6	q_7
q_4		q_8	q_9
q_5		q_0	q_1
q_6		q_2	q_3
q_7		q_4	q_5
q_8		q_6	q_7
q_9		q_8	q_9



$$\begin{aligned} q_1 &= q_6 \\ q_2 &= q_7 \\ q_3 &= q_8 \\ q_4 &= q_9 \end{aligned}$$

Minimal DFA

	δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$		q_0	q_1
q_1		q_2	q_3
q_2		q_4	q_5
q_3		q_1	q_2
q_4		q_3	q_4
q_5		q_0	q_1

34) $BS \rightarrow \text{int} = 1 \pmod{12}$

$$= 12 = \frac{12}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

$$\text{Minimal DFA} = 3 + 1 + 1 = \underline{\underline{5}} \text{ States}$$

35) $10 \pmod{16}$

$$16 = \frac{16}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{Minimal DFA} = 1 + 4 = 5 \text{ states.}$$

(or)

$$16 = 2^4 = 4 + 1 = 5$$

Note:-

$BS \rightarrow \text{int} = \epsilon \pmod{n}$

n is odd



$$\text{No. of states} = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

n is even

$$\text{No. of States} = \text{odd no.} +$$

No. of
steps.

$$n = 2^m$$

$$\text{No. of States} = \underline{\underline{m+1}}$$

36) Construct the minimal DFA that accept all the nos. of base 3 (or) ternary which are divisible by 4.

$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\} \Rightarrow$ Ternary (or) base 3 no.

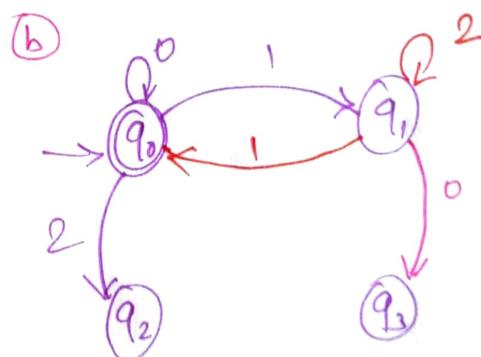
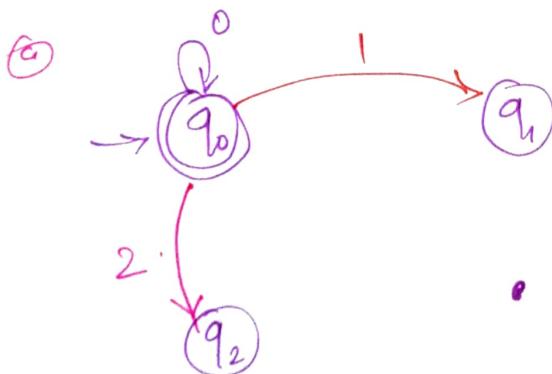
$0 \pmod{4}$

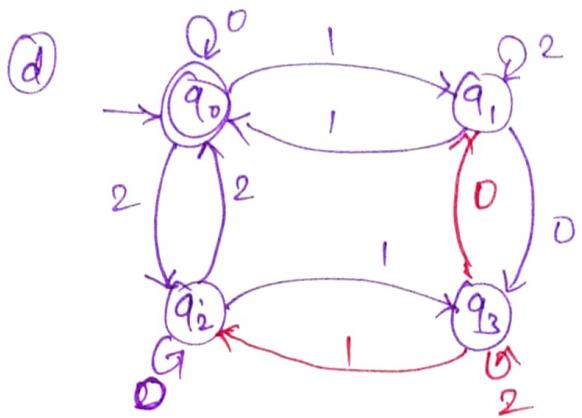
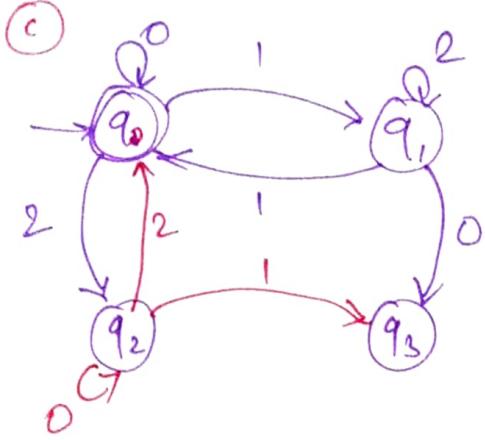
	0	1	2	3
<u>q_0</u>	q_1	q_2	q_3	

Ternary No.

0 - 0	10 - 3	20 - 6	100 - 9	110 - 12
1 - 1	11 - 4	21 - 7	101 - 10	111 - 13
2 - 2	12 - 5	22 - 8	102 - 11	112 - 14

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 120 - 15 & 200 - 18 & = (121)_3 = (16)_{10} \\
 121 - 16 & 201 - 19 & = 1 \times 3^0 + 2 \times 3^1 + 1 \times 3^2 \\
 122 - 17 & 202 - 20 & = 1 + 6 + 9 \\
 & & = \underline{\underline{16}}
 \end{array}$$





δ	0	1	2
q_0	q_0	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_3	q_0	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_3	q_0
q_3	q_1	q_2	q_3

$\Leftarrow \text{Minimal FA}$

37) Construct min. FA. accepts base 3 nos. which are divisible by $\underline{5}$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\} ; \quad 0 \pmod{5}$$

0	1	2	3	4
q_0	q_1	q_2	q_3	q_4

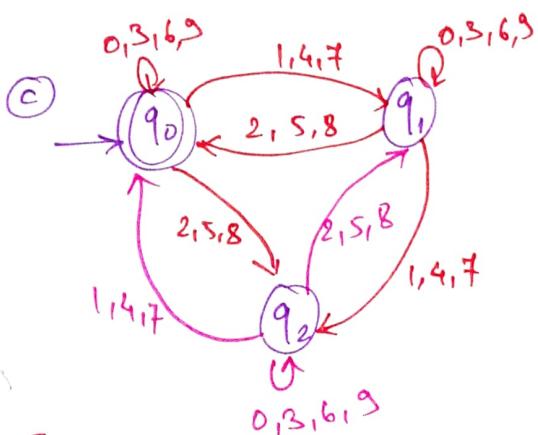
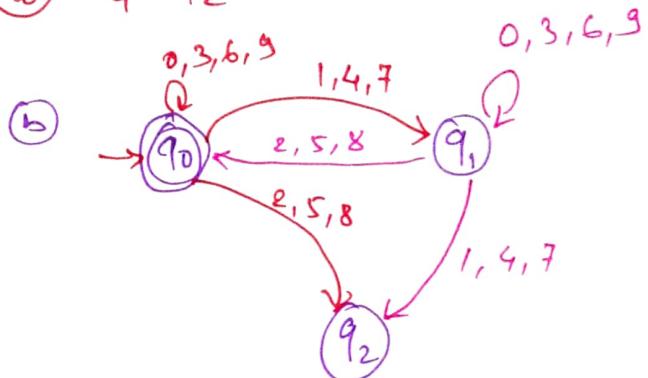
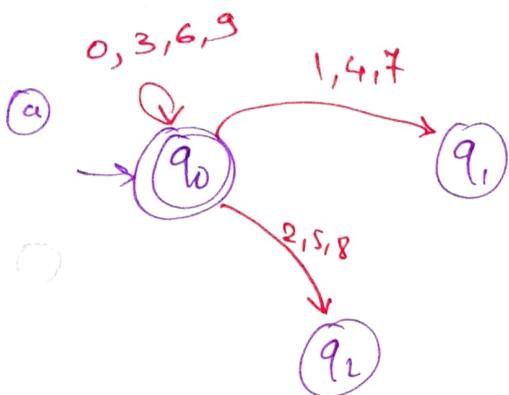
δ	0	1	2
q_0	q_0	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_3	q_4	q_0
q_2	q_1	q_2	q_3
q_3	q_4	q_0	q_1
q_4	q_2	q_3	q_4

38) Construct minimal FA. that accept all the positive integer no. which are divisible by 3.

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$$

$$0 \pmod{3}$$

$$\begin{matrix} L_0 & 1 & 2 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q_2 \end{matrix}$$



δ :

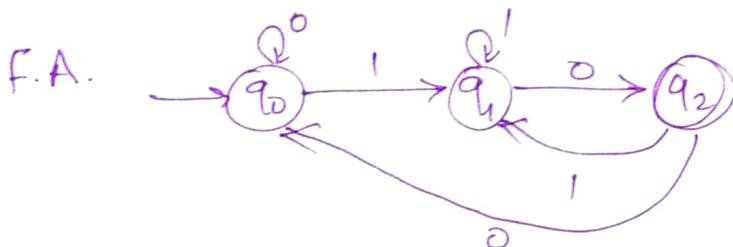
δ	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
q_0	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0
q_1	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2

$$\text{M} = \left\{ Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}, \Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}, q_0 = \{q_0\} \right\}$$

$$F = \{q_0\}, \delta \}$$

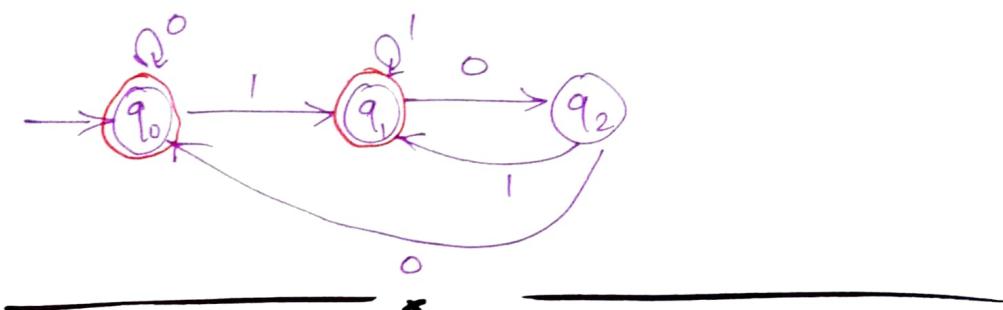
39) Construct minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string do not ends with 10

$$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\} \quad w \neq \underline{\times} 10$$

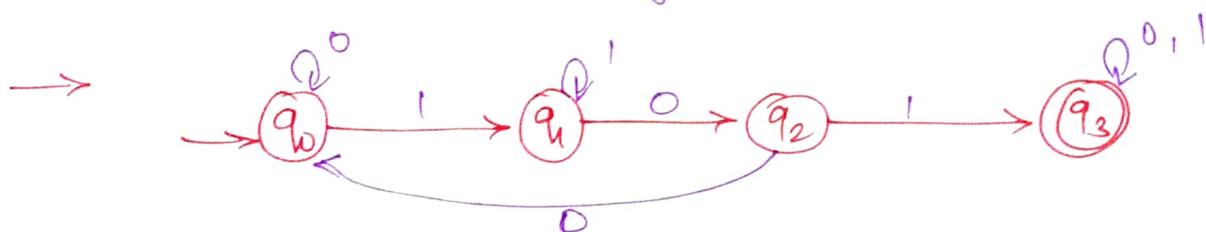


$$L = \{10, 010, 110, 1010, 11010, 10010, \dots\}$$

Now, complement the F.A.



40) Construct minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string can not contain substring 101



Now take complement of FA

