

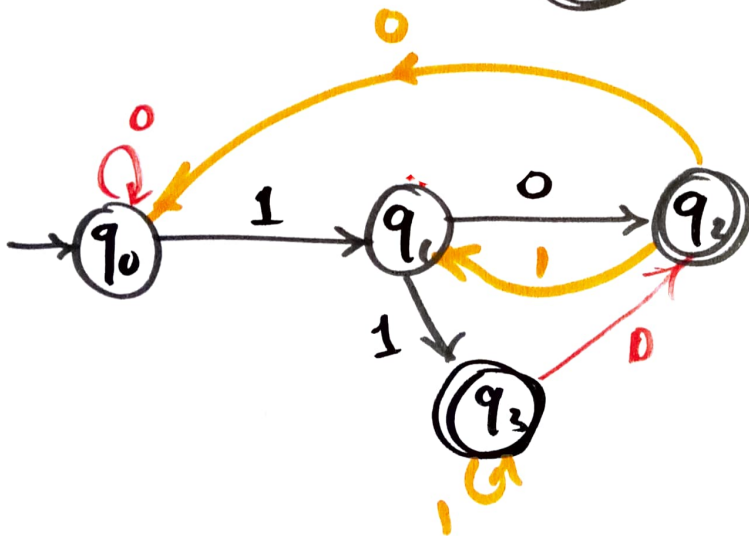
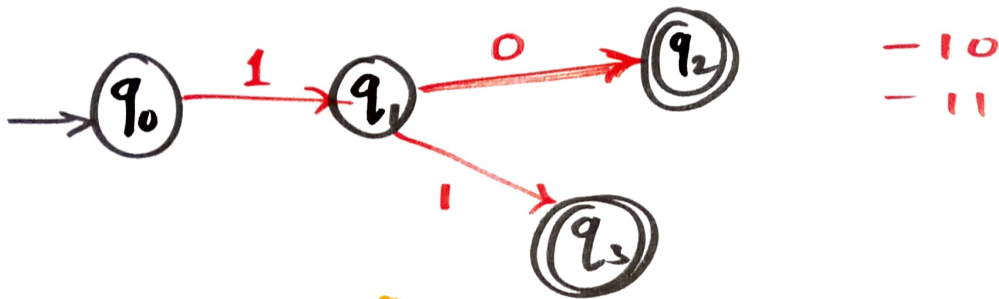
22) Construct the minimal FA that accepts 0's & 1's where

- a) The 2nd symbol from right end is 1
- b) The 3rd symbol from right end is 0

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$$L = \{10, 11, 1010, 1111, 0110, 110, 1110, 010, \dots\}$$

⑨ $w = \dots\dots\dots 1x$



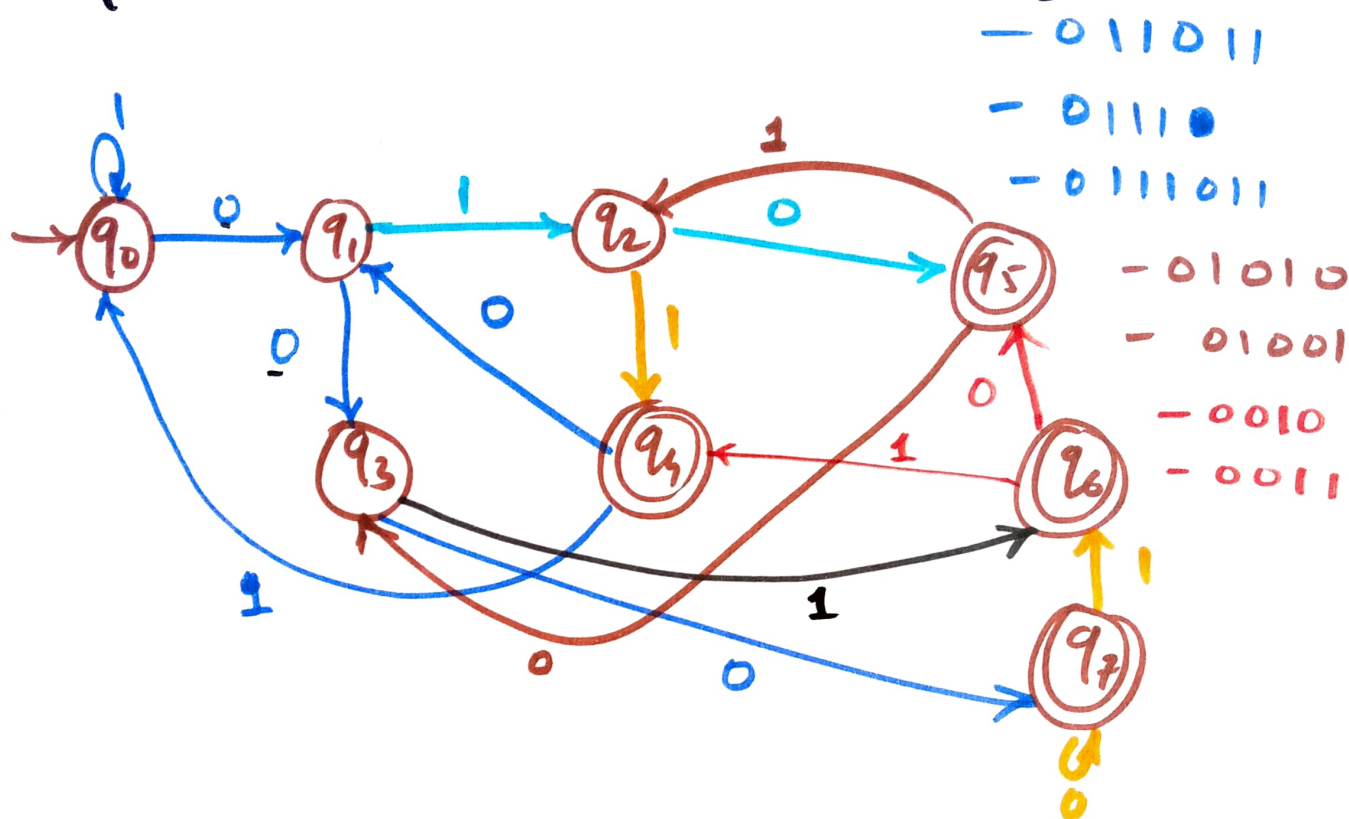
-10 -10010
 -11
 -010 -1010
 -0110 -10110
 -110
 -1110

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
(q_2)	q_0	q_1
(q_3)	q_2	q_3

$$\begin{aligned}\text{No. of States} &= 2^n \\ &= 2^2 = \underline{\underline{4}}\end{aligned}$$

⑥ $w = \dots \dots \overset{0,1}{0} \overset{0,1}{x} \overset{0,1}{x}$

$L = \{ \underline{000}, \underline{010}, \underline{001}, \underline{011}, \dots \}$



δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_1	q_0
q_1	q_3	q_2
q_2	q_5	q_4
q_3	q_7	q_6
q_4	q_1	q_0
q_5	q_3	q_2
q_6	q_5	q_4
q_7	q_7	q_6

Note:-

The minimal FA that accepts all the strings of 0's & 1's where n th symbol from right end is fixed. Contains exactly 2^n states & $2^n - 1$ final states

$= 2^3 = \underline{8}$ states

$= 2^{n-1} = 2^{3-1} = 2^2 = \underline{4}$ final states

23) Construct the FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where the no. of 0's in a string is -

- (a) Exactly 2 (b) atmost 2 (c) atleast 2
 (d) even (e) odd (f) $2 \pmod 5$

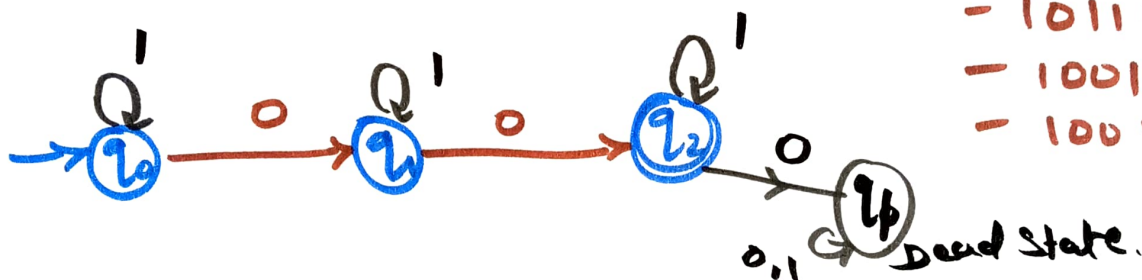
→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

(a) Exactly 2 0's = $|w|_0 = 2$

$L = \{$

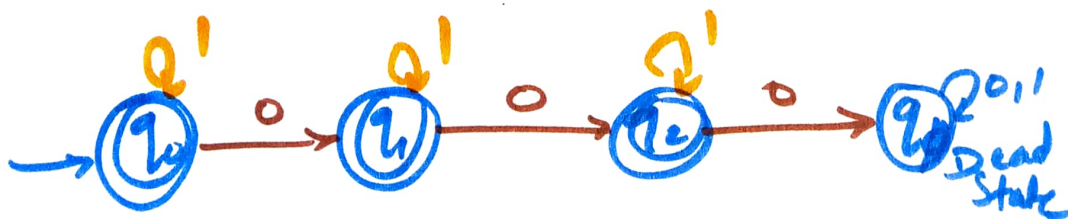
$w = x0x0x$

- 00
 - 100
 - 10110, 101
 - 1001
 - 10011

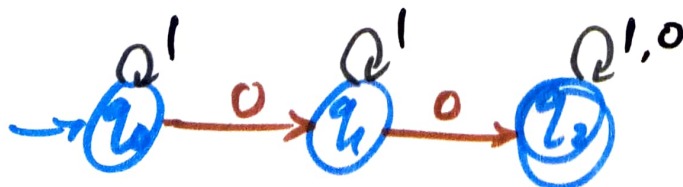


(b) atmost 2 ≤ 2 $|w|_0 = \{0, 1, 2\}$

- ϵ
 - 0
 - 00, 000
 - 10, 100
 - 1010
 - 10011

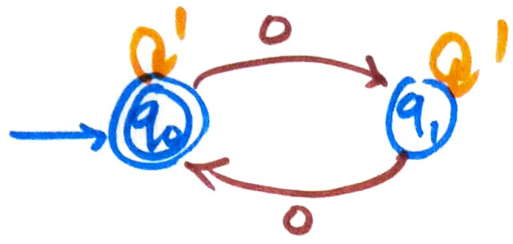


(c) atleast 2, $|w|_0 = 2, 3, \dots$



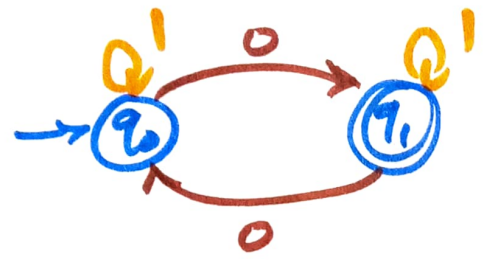
- 00, 000,
 - 100
 - 1010
 - 010100

d) even $|w|_0 = \text{even} = 0, 2, 4, 6, \dots$



$L = \{ \epsilon, 0, 00, 100, 010, \dots \}$

e) odd $|w|_0 = \text{odd} = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots$

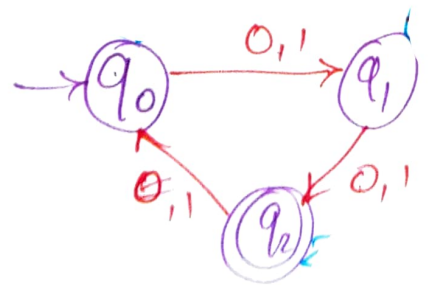


$L = \{ 0, 000, 10, 101, 10010, \dots \}$

Lang.	No. of States.
$ w _0 = n$	$n+2$
$ w _0 \leq n$	$n+2$
$ w _0 \geq n$	$n+1$
$ w _0 = r \pmod{n}$	n

f)

$2 \pmod{3}$ 2, 5, 8, 11, ...



L
 0 q_0
 1 q_1
 2 q_2
 4 2 1
 0 0 0 0
 2 0 1 0
 5 - 0 1 0 1
 8 - 1 0 0 0
 1 - 0 0 1
 1 0 1

24) Construct the minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0 & 1 where the length of the

(a) string is exactly two (b) at least 2

(c) at least 2 (d) even (e) odd.

→ (a) $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$|w| = 2$; $w = \overset{\text{X}}{\underset{0,1}{\text{}}} \overset{\text{X}}{\underset{0,1}{\text{}}}$

$L = \{$
 $- 00, 01,$
 $- 10, 11\}$



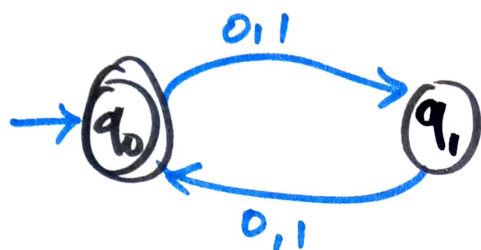
(b) $|w| \leq 2$; $|w| = \{0, 1, 2\}$



(c) $|w| \geq 2$, $|w| = 2, 3, 4, \dots$

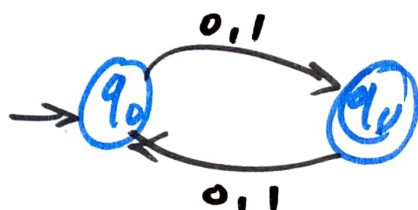


(d) $|w| = \text{even} = 0, 2, 4, 6 = \{0 \pmod{2}\}$



$\hookrightarrow q_0 \quad q_1$

(e) $|w| = 1, 3, 5 = 1 \pmod{2}$
 $\hookrightarrow 0, 1$



25) Design a DFA that accepts all the strings with atmost 3 a's $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

26) DFA with prefix ab with alphabets $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

27) DFA accepts even no. of a's $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

28) DFA that contains 001 as substring in all strings over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

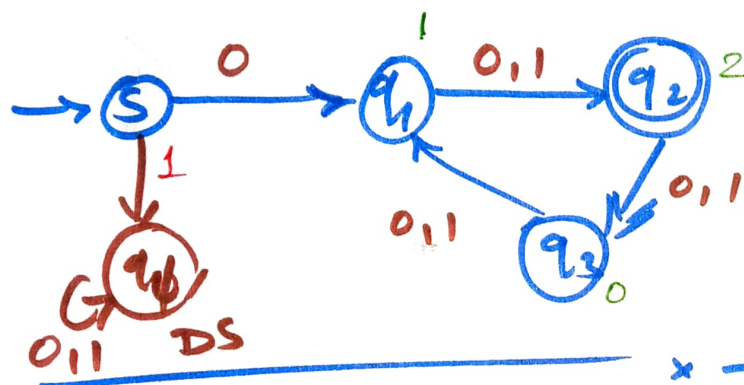
29) Construct the minimal FA that accepts all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string starts with '0' and length is $2 \pmod 3$

$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$; $w = 0x$ $2, 5, 8, \dots$

where $|w| = 2 \pmod 3$

$L = 0, 1, 2$
 q_0, q_1, q_2

8 4 2 1
 0 - 000
 1 - 001
 2 - 010
 011
 2 - 00010
 5 - 00101

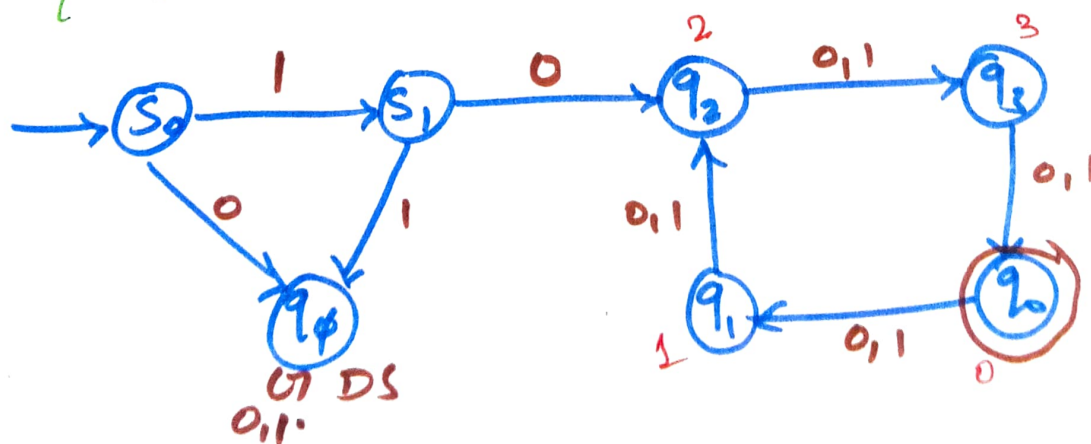


No. of States
 $= 2 + 3 = 5$

30) $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ where every string starts with 10 and the length of the string is $0 \pmod 4$

$\rightarrow \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$; $w = 10x$; $|w| = 0 \pmod 4$
 $L = \{1000, 100100, 10010000, \dots\}$ $0, 4, 8, 12, 16, \dots$

$L = 0, 1, 2, 3$
 q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3

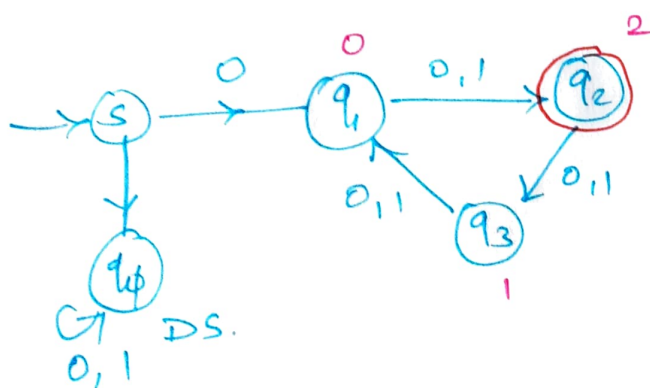


- 1000
 - 1011
 - 1001
 - 1010
 - 10000000
 - 10101001

1) $w = 0^x$ & $|w| = 2 \pmod{3}$ q_0 q_1 q_2 q_3 $2, 5, 8, 11, \dots$
 $L = \{0, 1, 2\}$
 q_0 q_1 q_2

$$L = \left\{ \frac{00}{2}, \frac{01}{2}, \frac{00100}{5}, \frac{01111}{5}, \frac{00110}{5}, \dots \right\}$$

0	-	0	0	0	0	0
1	-	0	0	0	0	1
2	-	0	0	0	1	0
3	-	0	0	0	1	1
4	-	0	0	1	0	0
5	-	0	0	1	0	1
8	-	0	1	0	0	0
11	-	0	1	0	1	1



	R	
- 0	=>	1 - q_1
- 00	-	2 } q_2
- 01	-	2 }
- 000	-	0
- 011	-	0
- 010	-	0
- 001	-	0
- 0000	-	1
- 0011	-	1
- 0101	-	1
- 0010	-	1

2) $w = 10^x$; $|w| = 0 \pmod{4}$

	R	
=> 10	-	2
- 100		
- 101		
- 1000		
- 1010		
- 1001		
- 1011		

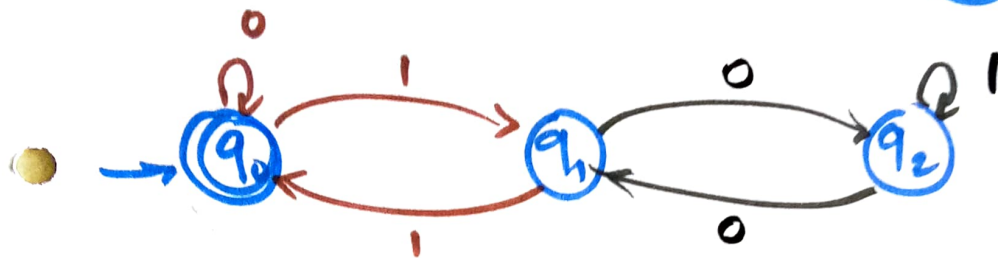
10000		
10100		
10011		
10101		

31) Construct the minimal FA that accept all the binary strings whose equivalent is integer

(a) Divisible by 3

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$0 \pmod{3}$ $\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q_2 \end{matrix}$



δ	0	1
→ q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_0
q_2	q_1	q_2

$q_0 \neq q_1 \neq q_2$
 ← Minimal DFA

	8	4	2	1
0 -	0	0	0	0
1 -	0	0	0	1
2 -	0	0	1	0
3 -	0	0	1	1
4 -	0	1	0	0
6 -	0	1	1	0
8 -	1	0	0	1
	0	1	0	1

(b) $1 \pmod{4}$ BS to int.

$$= \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$= 2 + 1 = 3 \text{ MFA}$$

$\begin{matrix} q_0 & q_1 & q_2 & q_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix}$

DFA

δ	0	1
→ q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_0	q_1
q_3	q_2	q_3

$q_0 = q_2$

δ	0	1
→ q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_0	q_3
q_3	q_0	q_3

Minimal FA
 ↓

No. of States in Minimal FA = 3

c) $BS \rightarrow int = 2 \pmod{5}$

L 0 1 2 3 4
 q_0 q_1 (q_2) q_3 q_4

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
(q_2)	q_4	q_0
q_3	q_1	q_2
q_4	q_3	q_4

No. of States in minimal
 FA = 5

d) $BS \rightarrow int = 4 \pmod{6}$

L 0 1 2 3 4 5
 q_0 q_1 q_2 q_3 (q_4) q_5

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_4	q_5
q_3	q_0	q_1
(q_4)	q_2	q_3
q_5	q_4	q_5

$q_0 = q_3$

$q_2 = q_5$

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_0
q_2	q_4	q_2
(q_4)	q_2	q_0

Replace q_3 by q_0 & q_5 by q_2

32) $BS \rightarrow \text{int} = \underline{3} \pmod{8}$

$L_{q_0 q_1 q_2 \textcircled{q_3} q_4 q_5 q_6 q_7}$

DFA

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_4	q_5
$\textcircled{q_3}$	q_6	q_4
q_4	q_0	q_1
q_5	q_2	q_3
q_6	q_4	q_5
q_7	q_6	q_7

$$= \frac{8}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$= 1 + 3 = 4$$

4 status.

$$q_2 = q_6$$

$$q_0 = q_4$$

$$q_1 = q_5$$

$$q_2 = q_6$$

Minimal DFA

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_0	q_1
$\textcircled{q_3}$	q_2	q_7
q_7	q_2	q_7

$$q_0 = q_2$$

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_0	q_3
$\textcircled{q_2}$	q_0	q_7
q_7	q_0	q_7

$$q_0 = q_2$$

33) 0 (mod 10)

L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 (q₀) q₁ q₂ q₃ q₄ q₅ q₆ q₇ q₈ q₉

$$= \frac{10}{2} = \underline{\underline{5+1}} = 6 \text{ states.}$$

DFA

δ	0	1
→ (q ₀)	q ₀	q ₁
q ₁	q ₂	q ₃
q ₂	q ₄	q ₅
q ₃	q ₆	q ₇
q ₄	q ₈	q ₉
q ₅	q ₀	q ₁
q ₆	q ₂	q ₃
q ₇	q ₄	q ₅
q ₈	q ₆	q ₇
q ₉	q ₈	q ₉

q₁ = q₆
 q₂ = q₇
 q₃ = q₈
 q₄ = q₉

Minimal
DFA

δ	0	1
→ (q ₀)	q ₀	q ₁
q ₁	q ₂	q ₃
q ₂	q ₄	q ₅
q ₃	q ₁	q ₂
q ₄	q ₃	q ₄
q ₅	q ₀	q ₁

34) $BS \rightarrow int = 1 \pmod{12}$

$$= 12 = \frac{12}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

$$\text{Minimal DFA} = 3 + 1 + 1 = \underline{\underline{5}} \text{ States}$$

35) $10 \pmod{16}$

$$16 = \frac{16}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{Minimal DFA} = 1 + 4 = 5 \text{ States.}$$

(or)

$$16 = 2^4 = 4 + 1 = 5$$

Note:-

$$BS \rightarrow int = x \pmod{n}$$

n is odd

↓

$$\text{No. of States} = \underline{\underline{n}}$$

n is even

No. of States
= odd no. +
No. of
steps.

$$n = 2^m$$

$$\text{No. of States} = \underline{\underline{m+1}}$$

36) Construct the minimal FA that accept all the no. of base 3 (or) ternary which are divisible by 4.

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\} \Rightarrow$ Ternary (or) base 3 no.

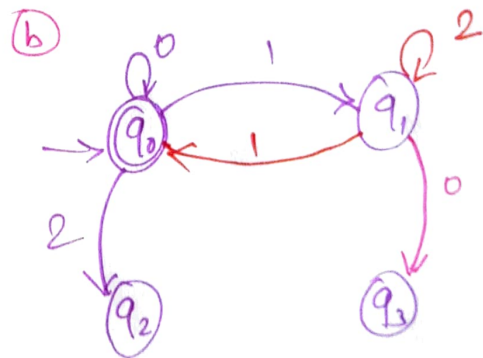
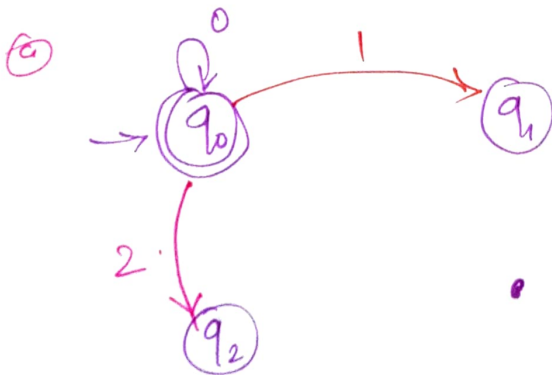
$0 \pmod{4}$

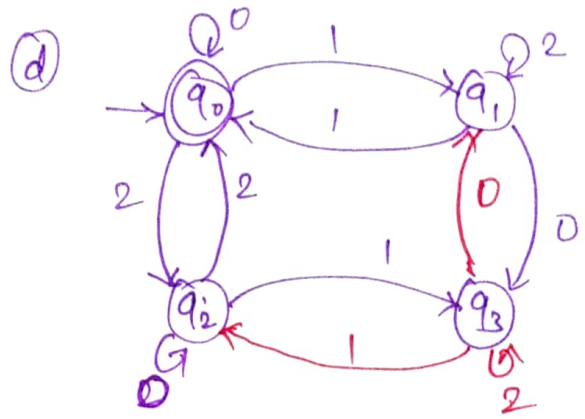
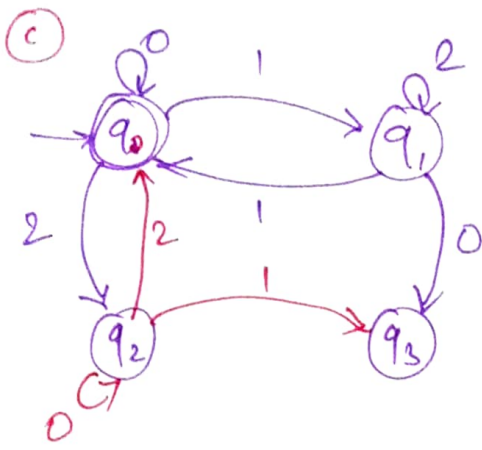
L 0 1 2 3
 q_0 q_1 q_2 q_3

Ternary No.

0 - 0	10 - 3	20 - 6	100 - 9	110 - 12
1 - 1	11 - 4	21 - 7	101 - 10	111 - 13
2 - 2	12 - 5	22 - 8	102 - 11	112 - 14

120 - 15	200 - 18	$= (121)_3 = (16)_{10}$ $= 1 \times 3^0 + 2 \times 3^1 + 1 \times 3^2$ $= 1 + 6 + 9$ $= \underline{\underline{16}}$
121 - 16	201 - 19	
122 - 17	202 - 20	





δ	0	1	2
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_0	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_3	q_0	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_3	q_0
q_3	q_1	q_2	q_3

$0 \pmod{4}$

← Minimal FA

37) Construct min. FA. accepts base 3 nos. which are divisible by 5

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$; $0 \pmod{5}$

	0	1	2	3	4
$\textcircled{q_0}$	q_1	q_2	q_3	q_4	

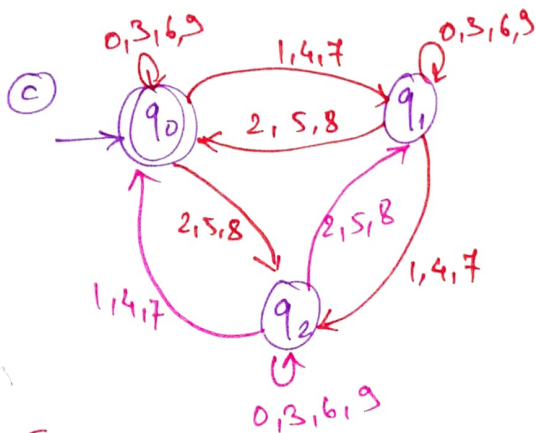
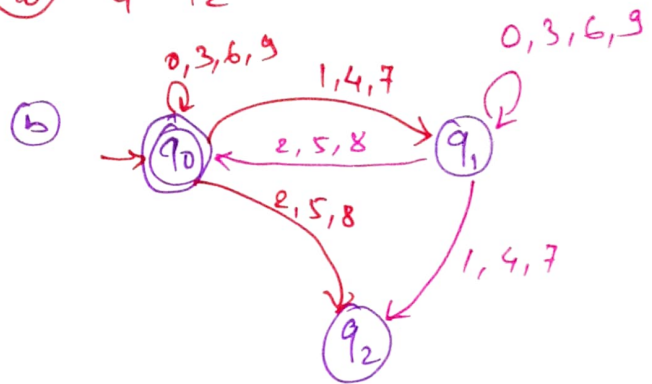
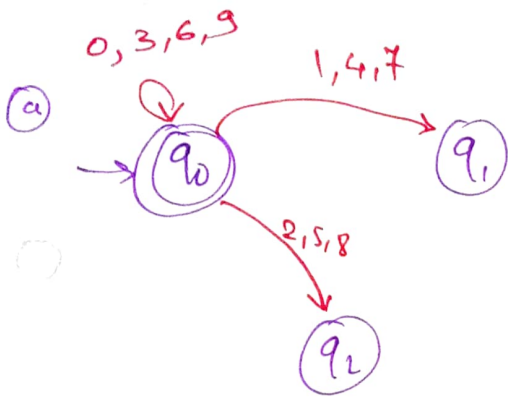
δ	0	1	2
$\rightarrow \textcircled{q_0}$	q_1	q_2	q_3
q_1	q_4	q_0	q_1
q_2	q_1	q_2	q_3
q_3	q_4	q_0	q_1
q_4	q_2	q_3	q_4

38) Construct minimal FA. that accept all the positive integer no. which are divisible by 3.

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$

$0 \pmod{3}$

$L \begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q_2 \end{matrix}$



δ :

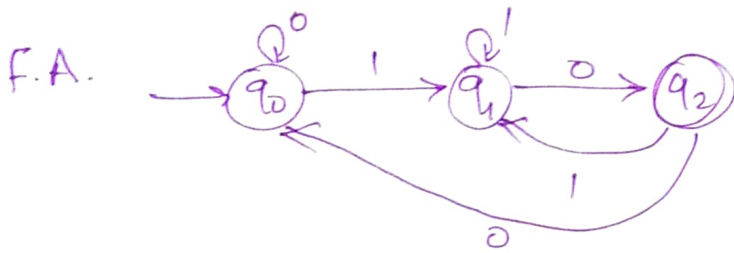
δ	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
q_0	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0
q_1	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_0	q_1	q_2

$M = \{ Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}, \Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}, q_0 = \{q_0\}$

$F = \{q_0\}, \delta \}$

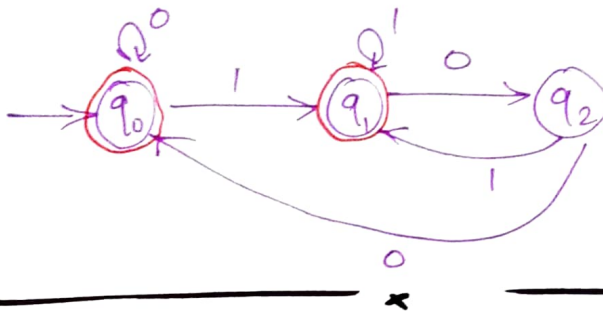
39) Construct minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string do not ends with 10

→ $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ $w \neq \times 10$

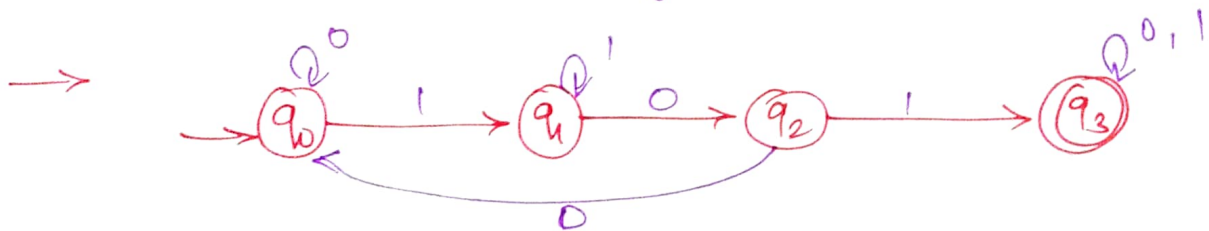


$L = \{10, 010, 110, 1010, 11010, 10010, \dots\}$

Now, complement the F.A.



40) Construct minimal FA that accept all the strings of 0's & 1's where every string can not contain substring 101



Now take complement of FA

