## **CDAC MUMBAI Concepts of Operating System Assignment 1**

Problem 1: Read the instructions carefully and answer accordingly. If there is any need to insert some data then do that as well.

a) Navigate and List: a. Start by navigating to your home directory and list its contents. Then, move into a directory named "LinuxAssignment" if it exists; otherwise, create it.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/L × + v

cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:/home$ cd ..
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:/home$ ls
cdac
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:/home$ cd /home/cdac/LinuxAssignment
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ pwd
/home/cdac/LinuxAssignment
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

b) File Management: a. Inside the "LinuxAssignment" directory, create a new file named "file1.txt". Display its contents.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/L × + v

cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cat file1.txt
This is a new file
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

c) Directory Management: a. Create a new directory named "docs" inside the "LinuxAssignment" directory.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
docs file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd /home/cdac/LinuxAssignment/docs
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ pwd
/home/cdac/LinuxAssignment/docs
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ |
```

d) Copy and Move Files: a. Copy the "file1.txt" file into the "docs" directory and rename it to "file2.txt".

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/L × + v

cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cp file1.txt docs/file2.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd ~/docs
-bash: cd: /home/cdac/docs: No such file or directory
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd /home/cdac/LinuxAssignment/docs
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ ls
file2.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$
```

h) System Information: a. Display the current system date and time.

i) Networking: a. Display the IP address of the system. b. Ping a remote server to check connectivity (provide a remote server address to ping).

j) File Compression: a. Compress the "docs" directory into a zip file. b. Extract the contents of the zip file into a new directory.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/L × + v

cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ zip -r docs.zip docs
   adding: docs/ (stored 0%)
   adding: docs/file2.txt (stored 0%)

cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ mkdir extracted_docs && unzip docs.zip -d extracted_docs
Archive: docs.zip
   creating: extracted_docs/docs/
   extracting: extracted_docs/docs/file2.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ |
```

k) File Editing: a. Open the "file1.txt" file in a text editor and add some text to it. b. Replace a specific word in the "file1.txt" file with another word (provide the original word and the word to replace it with).

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF: ~/L ×
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ pwd
/home/cdac
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ cd /home/cdac/LinuxAssignment
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ pwd
/home/cdac/LinuxAssignment
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
docs docs.zip extracted_docs file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd /docs
-bash: cd: /docs: No such file or directory
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd ~/docs
-bash: cd: /home/cdac/docs: No such file or directory
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd ...
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ cd /home/cdac/LinuxAssignment/docs
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ ls
file2.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ cd .
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment/docs$ cd ...
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
docs docs.zip extracted_docs file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ nano file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ sed -i 's/Right/Ubuntu/g' file1.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$ cat file1.txt
Ubuntu
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

## Problem 2: Read the instructions carefully and answer accordingly. If there is any need to insert some data then do that as well.

a. Suppose you have a file named "data.txt" containing important information. Display the first 10 lines of this file to quickly glance at its contents using a command.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF: ~ ×
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ touch data.txt
dac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ ls
_inuxAssignment data.txt nano.379.save
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ nano data.txt
dac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ head -n 10 data.txt
Onepiece
Naruto
Bleach
Dragon ball
Dragon ball z
Dragon ball super
Attack on Titan
Demon Slayer: Kimetsu no Yaiba
Jujutsu Kaisen
Re: Zero - Starting Life in Another World
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$
```

b. Now, to check the end of the file for any recent additions, display the last 5 lines of "data.txt" using another command.

c. In a file named "numbers.txt," there are a series of numbers. Display the first 15 lines of this file to analyze the initial data set.

```
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF: ~ ×
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ touch numbers.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ pwd
/home/cdac
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ ls
LinuxAssignment data.txt nano.379.save numbers.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ nano numbers.txt
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$ head -n 15 numbers.txt
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
cdac@LAPTOP-RVFA61EF:~$
```

d. To focus on the last few numbers of the dataset, display the last 3 lines of "numbers.txt".

e. imagine you have a file named "input.txt" with text content. Use a command to translate all lowercase letters to uppercase in "input.txt" and save the modified text in a new file named

"output.txt."

f. In a file named "duplicate.txt," there are several lines of text, some of which are duplicates. Use a command to display only the unique lines from "duplicate.txt."

g. In a file named "fruit.txt," there is a list of fruits, but some fruits are repeated. Use a command to display each unique fruit along with the count of its occurrences in "fruit.txt."