1. What is Mutable String in Java Explain with an example?

Ans – Mutable String means the value of string can be changed without changing the string object or without creating a new object of string.

It can be achieved in java with two classes

StringBuilder

>StringBuilder, on the other hand, is not thread-safe. It is faster because it lacks synchronization overhead. Use it in single-threaded environments or where thread safety isn't critical

• StringBuffer

>StringBuffer is synchronized and therefore thread-safe. Multiple threads can safely access and modify a StringBuffer instance.

Example

```
public class Demo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer("Ram");
    // StringBuffer sb="";//invalid
    System.out.println(sb);
    sb.append(" Yadav");
    System.out.println(sb);

    StringBuilder sb1 = new StringBuilder("Ram ");
    System.out.println(sb1);
    sb1.append("Yadav");
    System.out.println(sb1);
}
```

Input= "Think Twice"

```
2. WAP to reverse a String
Input ="PWSKILLS"
Output= "SLLIKSPW"
Ans
               public class Demo {
                 public static void main(String[] args) {
                    String str1 = "PWSKILLS";
                   String str2 = "";
                    for (int i=str1.length()-1; i>=0;i--) {
                      str2= str2+str1.charAt(i);
                    }
                    System.out.println("Bfore reversing "+ str1);
                    System.out.println("After reversing "+ str2);
                 }
               }
```

3. WAP to reverse a sentence while preserving the position

```
Output= "kniht eciwt"
Ans
        public class Demo {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             String str1 = "Think Twice";
             String str2 = "";
             String sarr[] = str1.split(" ");
            for (String A : sarr) {
               for (int i = A.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
```

```
str2 = str2 + A.charAt(i);

}
str2 = str2 + " ";
}
System.out.println("Bfore reversing " + str1);
System.out.println("After reversing " + str2);
}

4. WAP to sort a String Alphabetically
Ans

import java.util.Arrays;
public class Demo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str1 = "hello friendrs ";
        char str2[]=str1.toCharArray();
}
```

Arrays.sort(str2);

}

}

System.out.println(str2);