

# Assignment 9.10.5.11

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## 1 PROBLEM

ABC and ADC are two right triangles with common hypotenuse AC. Prove that  $\angle CAD = \angle CBD$ .

## 2 SOLUTION

We will use vectors to prove that  $\angle CAD = \angle CBD$ . Let's assume that A, B, C, and D are the vertices of the two right triangles.

We can represent the position vectors of points A, B, C, and D as  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}$ ,  $\mathbf{c}$ , and  $\mathbf{d}$ , respectively. Then we have:

$$\mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{AC} = \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{CD} = \mathbf{d} - \mathbf{c} \quad (2.0.3)$$

Since ABC and ADC are right triangles, we know that:

$$\mathbf{AB} \cdot \mathbf{AC} = 0 \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\mathbf{CD} \cdot \mathbf{AC} = 0 \quad (2.0.5)$$

substituting 2.0.1 and 2.0.3 in 2.0.5

$$\mathbf{CD} \cdot \mathbf{AC} = 0 \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$(\mathbf{d} - \mathbf{c}) \cdot \mathbf{AC} = 0 \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{AC} - \mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{AC} = 0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

Since AC is non-zero, we can divide both sides by  $\|\mathbf{AC}\|^2$  to get:

$$\left( \frac{\mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{AC}}{\|\mathbf{AC}\|^2} \right) - \left( \frac{\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{AC}}{\|\mathbf{AC}\|^2} \right) = 0 \quad (2.0.9)$$

But  $\frac{\mathbf{d} \cdot \mathbf{AC}}{\|\mathbf{AC}\|^2} = \cos \angle CAD$  and  $\frac{\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{AC}}{\|\mathbf{AC}\|^2} = \cos \angle CBD$ . Therefore, we have:

$$\cos \angle CAD - \cos \angle CBD = 0 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle CAD = \angle CBD \quad (2.0.11)$$

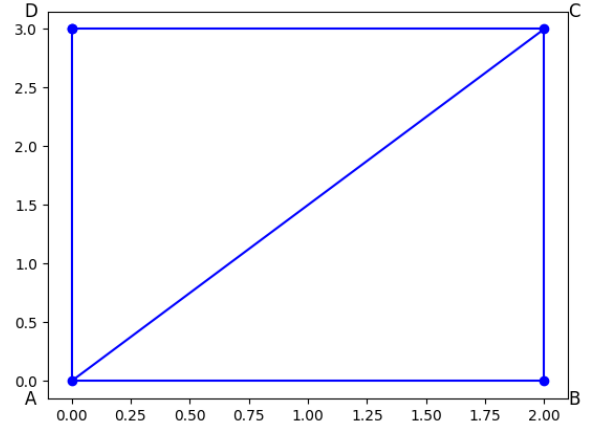


Fig. 0: Plot of ABCD