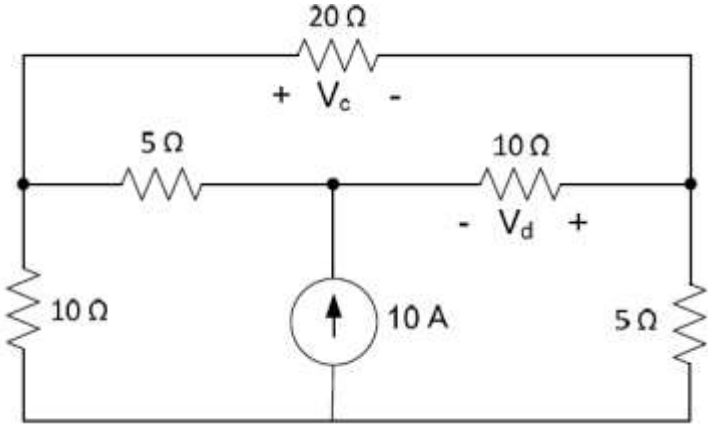
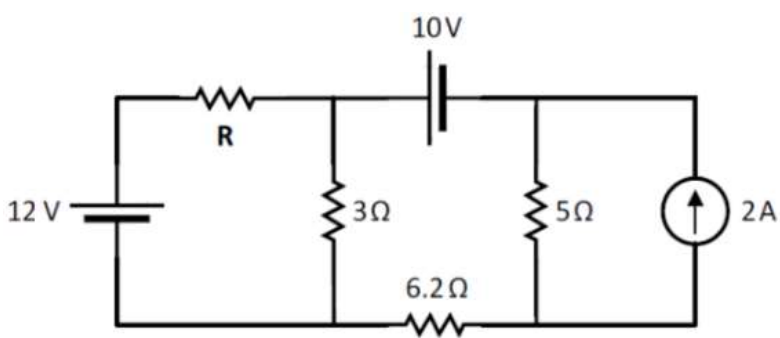
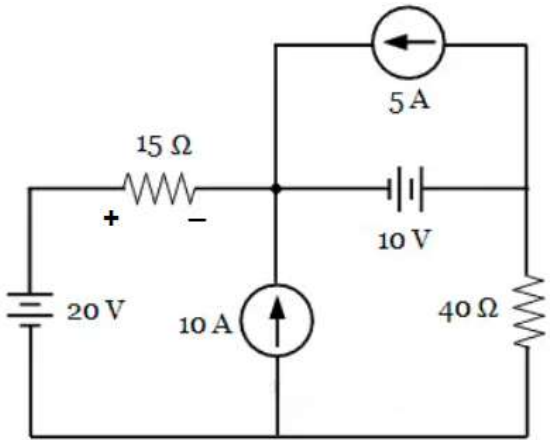
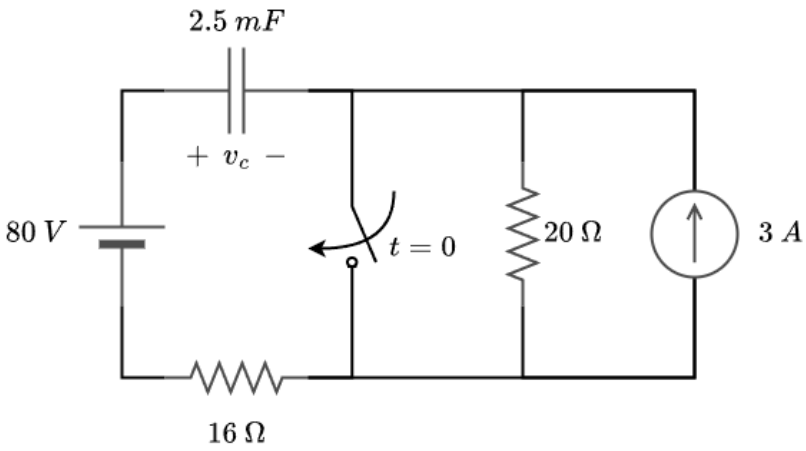
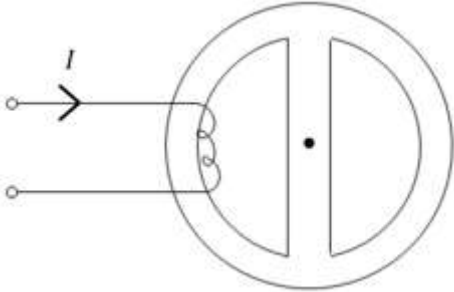
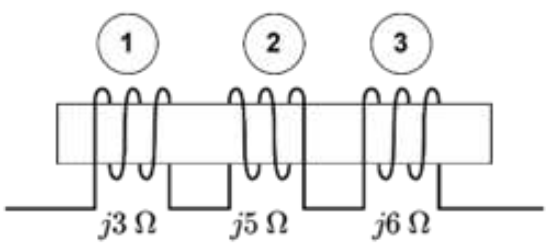
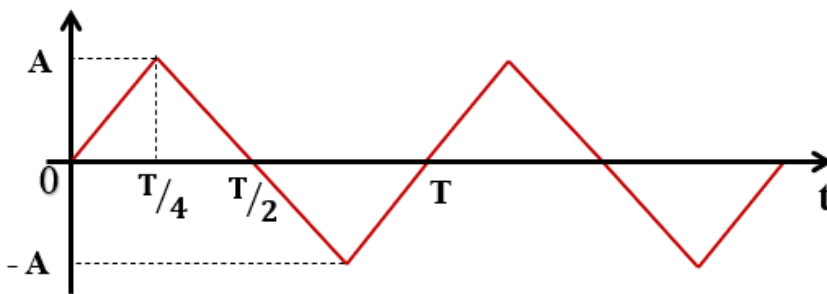
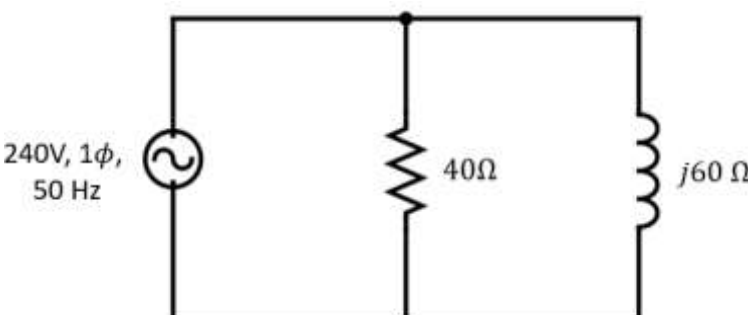
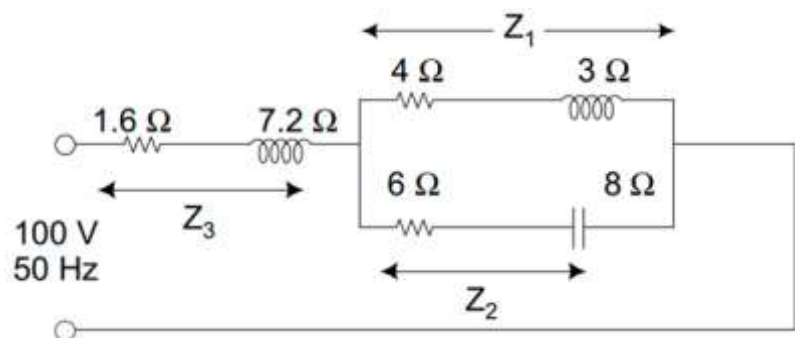


Q No	Description	Marks	CO	Level
1 A	<p>Determine the voltages V_c and V_d in the given network.</p> 	3	1	3
1 B	<p>Determine the value of R that results in maximum power transfer to the $6.2\ \Omega$ resistor in the given network. Also, obtain the maximum power dissipated under that condition.</p> 	3	1	4
1 C	<p>Find the voltage across $15\ \Omega$ resistor using superposition principle.</p> 	4	1	3

Q No	Description	Marks	CO	Level
2 A	<p>The switch was in open position for a long time. It is operated as shown. Compute the capacitor voltage for $t > 0$. Also find the time at which the capacitor voltage is 50 V.</p> 	3	1	3
2 B	<p>For the cast steel magnetic structure with a relative permeability of 700 shown, determine the current the 500 turns magnetizing coil on the left limb should carry so that a flux of 2 mWb is produced in the right limb. The mean diameter of the ring is 15 cm, and the area of the cross-section is 9 cm². Assume no magnetic leakage and fringing.</p> <p>(Absolute permeability of air = $4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ H/m)</p> 	4	2	3
2 C	<p>The following circuit is supplied from a 50 Hz source with current entering from RHS. Draw the dotted equivalent circuit and determine the equivalent inductance if the coefficient of coupling between coils 1 & 2 and coils 2 & 3 is 0.7 each and that between coils 1 & 3 is 0.4.</p> 	3	2	4

Q No	Description	Marks	CO	Level
3 A	<p>Find the RMS value of the given periodic waveform.</p> 	3	3	3
3 B	<p>For the given circuit, calculate the value of capacitor to be connected in parallel so that the power factor of the circuit reaches unity. Draw the associated phasors.</p> 	3	3	3
3 C	<p>For the circuit shown, determine</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Admittance of each parallel branch Total circuit impedance & admittance Supply current and power factor Active and reactive powers 	4	3	3

Q No	Description	Marks	CO	Level
4 A	<p>A factory has the following loads connected to the mains supply of 1-Φ, 415 V, 50 Hz.</p> <p>a) 40 kVA at 0.75 power factor lagging</p> <p>b) 5 kVA at unity power factor</p> <p>c) 10 kVA at 0.9 power factor leading</p> <p>Find the capacitance needed to correct the power factor to 0.9 lagging.</p>	4	3	3
4 B	<p>Three identical coils, each of resistance 5 Ω and inductance 50 mH, are connected in (a) star and, (b) delta to a 415 V, 50 Hz, 3-Φ, ABC supply system. Determine the active, reactive and apparent power in each case. Sketch the power triangle in each case indicating the complex power.</p>	6	4	4

Q No	Description	Marks	CO	Level
5 A	Three similar coils when connected in star across a 400 V, 50 Hz, 3-Φ supply takes a line current of 10 A at angle of 66.86° with respect to its line voltage. Determine the (i) circuit constants per phase, (ii) power factor, and (iii) complex power drawn from the source.	4	4	3
5 B	Using circuit representation, classify the different types of DC machines based on excitation. Considering their salient features, list the applications of each.	3	5	2
5 C	With a neat schematic discuss the working principle of a 3-phase digital energy meter.	3	5	2