

Cafe Management System

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Introduction

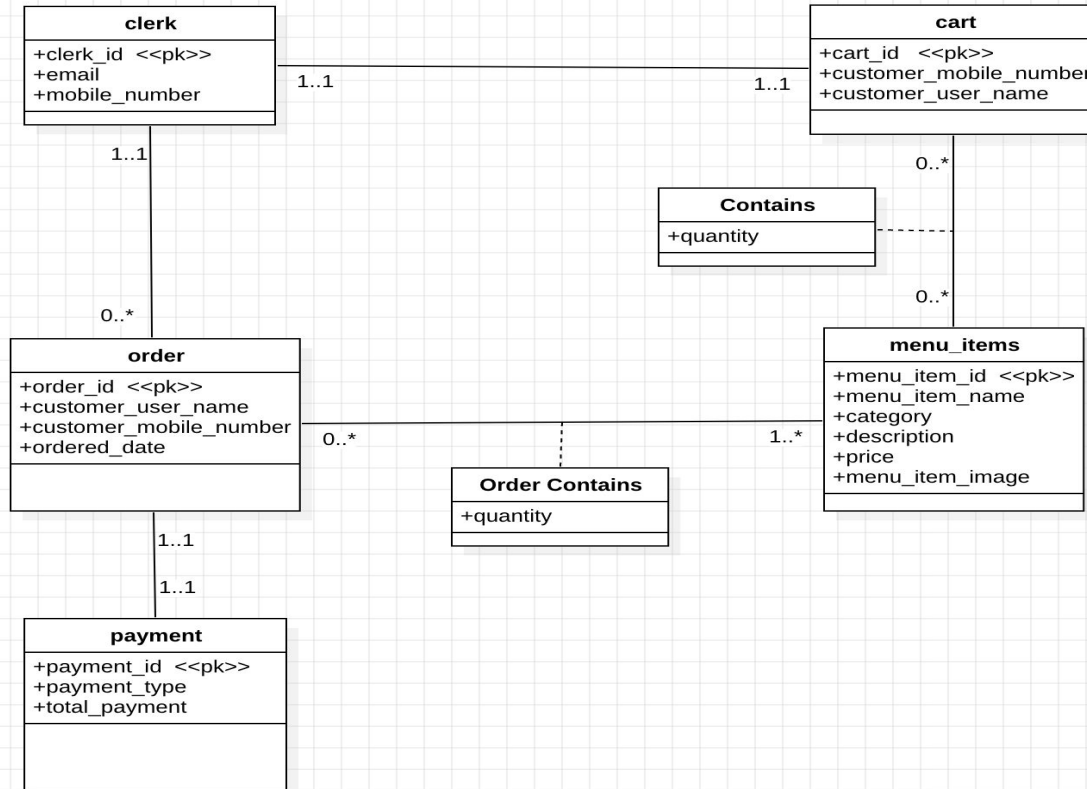
Cafe Management System

The cafe management system acts as a digital backbone of the cafe. Our cafe management system aims for efficient order management and menu management thereby positively impacting the business of the cafe.

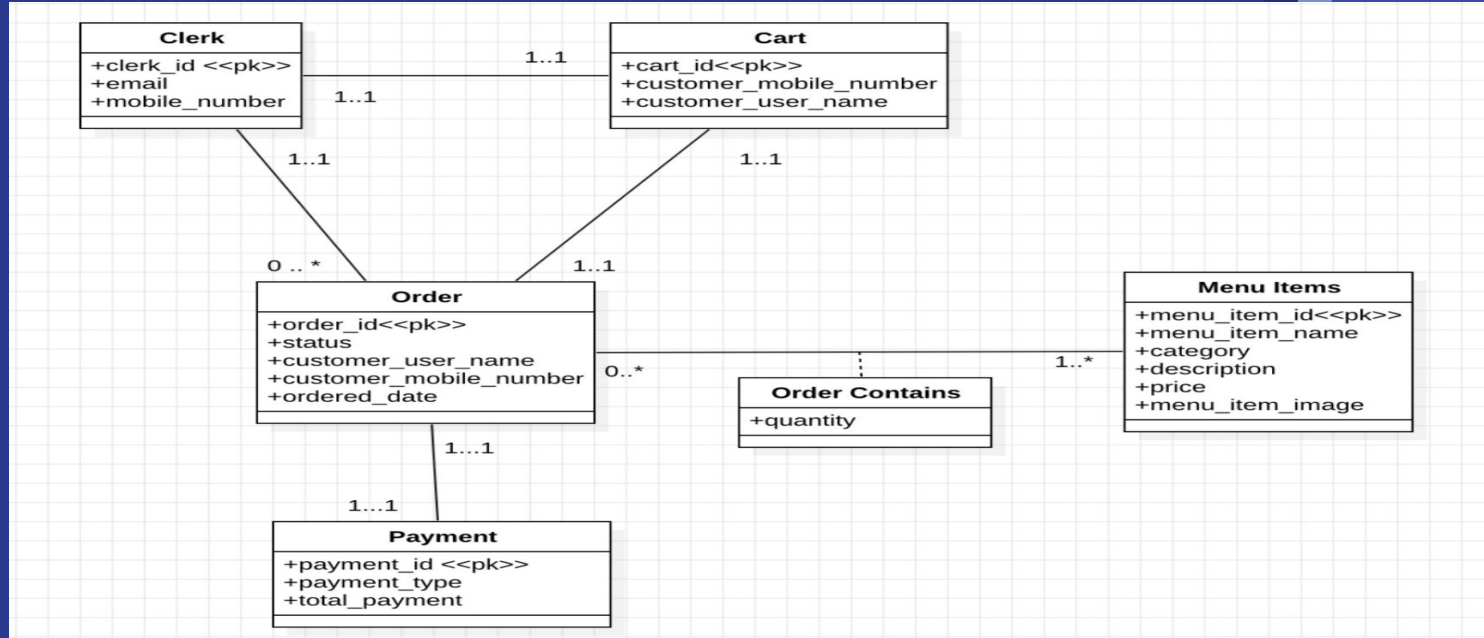
Database Schema

The proposed database will consist of seven tables. The clerk, order, payment, menu_items, order Contains, cart, contains tables store various fields with related data. This schema provides a structured framework for managing cafe operations, facilitating efficient data storage, retrieval, and analysis.

UML Diagram - 1



UML Diagram - 2



In UML Diagram-2, we added attribute status in Order table, but this design increased memory. So we decided to increase complexity to save memory and chosen the UML Diagram -1

Relational Model

clerk
+clerk_id <<pk>> +email +mobile_number +user_id <<fk>> +cart_id <<fk>>

cart
+cart_id <<pk>> +customer_mobile_number +customer_user_name +clerk_id <<fk>>

contains
+quantity +contains_id <<pk>> +cart_id <<fk>> +menu_item_id <<fk>>

menu_items
+menu_item_id <<pk>> +menu_item_name +category +description +price +menu_item_image

orderContains
+quantity +orderContains_id <<pk>> +menu_item_id <<fk>> +order_id <<fk>>

Order
+Order_id <<pk>> +ordered_date +clerk_id <<fk>> +payment_id <<fk>> +customer_mobile_number +customer_user_name

payment
+payment_id <<pk>> +total_payment +payment_type +order_id

Functional dependencies

- ❑ $\text{clerk_id} \rightarrow \text{email, mobile_number, cart_id}$
- ❑ $\text{order_id} \rightarrow \text{ordered_date, clerk_id, payment_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name}$
- ❑ $\text{cart_id} \rightarrow \text{clerk_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name}$
- ❑ $\text{menu_item_id} \rightarrow \text{menu_item_name, category, description, price, menu_item_image}$
- ❑ $\text{payment_id} \rightarrow \text{total_payment, payment_type, order_id}$
- ❑ $\text{menuitem_id, order_id} \rightarrow \text{order_quantity}$
- ❑ $\text{menuitem_id, cart_id} \rightarrow \text{cart_quantity}$

BCNF Decomposition

Clerk_id, email, mobile_number, cart_id,
customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name,
order_quantity, cart_quantity, menu_item_id,
menu_item_name, category, description, Price,
menu_item_image, order_id, ordered_date,
payment_id, total_payment, payment_type

clerk_id \rightarrow email, mobile_number

Clerk_id, email,
mobile_number_id

Clerk_id, cart_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name, order_quantity, cart_quantity,
menu_item_id, menu_item_name, category,
description,. Price, menu_item_image, order_id,
ordered_date, payment_id, total_payment,
payment_type

menuitem_id, order_id,
order_quantity

menuitem_id, order_id → order_quantity

Clerk_id, cart_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name, cart_quantity, menu_item_id,
menu_item_name, category, description,. Price,
menu_item_image, order_id, ordered_date, payment_id,
total_payment, payment_type

menuitem_id, cart_id \rightarrow cart_quantity

menuitem_id, cart_id,
cart_quantity

Clerk_id, cart_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name, menu_item_id,
menu_item_name, category, description,. Price,
menu_item_image, order_id, ordered_date,
payment_id, total_payment, payment_type

cart_id \rightarrow clerk_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name

Cart_id, clerk_id,
customer_mobile_num
ber,
customer_user_name

cart_id, menu_item_id, menu_item_name,
category, description,. Price, menu_item_image,
order_id, ordered_date, payment_id,
total_payment, payment_type

order_id → ordered_date, clerk_id,
payment_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name

Order_id, ordered_date, clerk_id,
payment_id, customer_mobile_number,
customer_user_name

cart_id, menu_item_id,
menu_item_name, category,
description,. Price,
menu_item_image, order_id,
total_payment, payment_type

menu_item_id → menu_item_name, category,
description, price, menu_item_image

Menu_item_id,
menu_item_name,
category, description,
price, menu_item_image

cart_id, menu_item_id, order_id,
total_payment, payment_type

order_id → total_payment,
payment_type, cart_id **(by
transitive property)**

Order_id, total_payment,
payment_type, cart_id

menu_item_id, order_id

Global key: menu_item_id, order_id

Schema 3: 3NF Synthesis algorithm

Step 1a: Singleton RHS Attributes

clerk_id \rightarrow email

clerk_id \rightarrow mobile_number

clerk_id \rightarrow cart_id

order_id \rightarrow ordered_date

order_id \rightarrow clerk_id

order_id \rightarrow payment_id

order_id \rightarrow customer_mobile_number

order_id \rightarrow customer_user_name

cart_id \rightarrow clerk_id

cart_id \rightarrow customer_mobile_number

cart_id \rightarrow customer_user_name

menu_item_id \rightarrow menu_item_name

menu_item_id \rightarrow category

menu_item_id \rightarrow description

menu_item_id \rightarrow price

menu_item_id \rightarrow menu_item_image

payment_id \rightarrow total_payment

payment_id \rightarrow payment_type

payment_id \rightarrow order_id

menuitem_id, order_id \rightarrow order_quantity

menuitem_id, cart_id \rightarrow cart_quantity

Schema 3: 3NF Synthesis algorithm

Step 1(b) :- No extraneous attributes in LHS

Step 1(c):- No Redundant FD's

Step 2:- Merge FD 's with common LHS.

- ❑ $\text{clerk_id} \rightarrow \text{email, mobile_number, cart_id}$
- ❑ $\text{order_id} \rightarrow \text{ordered_date, clerk_id, payment_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name}$
- ❑ $\text{cart_id} \rightarrow \text{clerk_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name}$
- ❑ $\text{menuitem_id} \rightarrow \text{menu_item_name, category, description, price, menu_item_image}$
- ❑ $\text{payment_id} \rightarrow \text{total_payment, payment_type, order_id}$
- ❑ $\text{menuitem_id, order_id} \rightarrow \text{order_quantity}$
- ❑ $\text{menuitem_id, cart_id} \rightarrow \text{cart_quantity}$

Schema 3: 3NF Synthesis algorithm

Step 3:- For each FD form Resultant Tables

- ❑ clerk(clerk_id, email, mobile_number, cart_id)
- ❑ order(order_id, ordered_date, clerk_id, payment_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name)
- ❑ cart(cart_id, clerk_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name)
- ❑ menuitem(menu_item_id, menu_item_name, category, description, price, menu_item_image)
- ❑ payment(payment_id, total_payment, payment_type, order_id)
- ❑ orderContains(menuitem_id, order_id, order_quantity)
- ❑ contains(menuitem_id, cart_id, cart_quantity)

Schema 3: 3NF Synthesis algorithm

Step 4:- Remove Subset Tables - No Subset Tables

Step 5:- Check for Losslessness

➤ order_id, menuitem_id are global keys

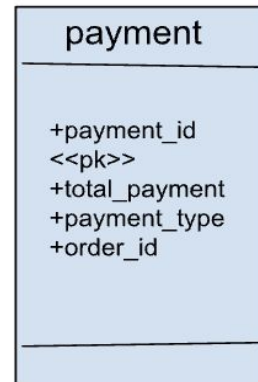
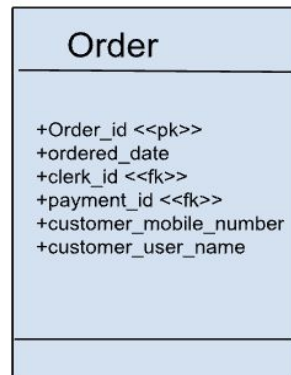
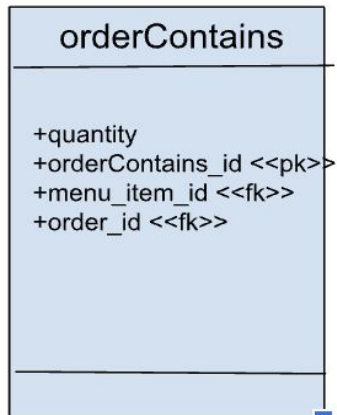
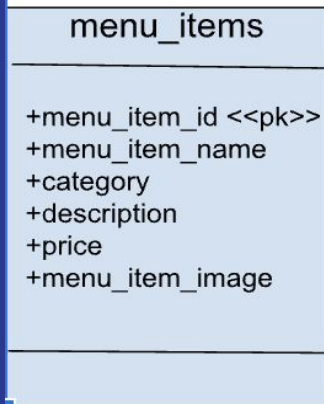
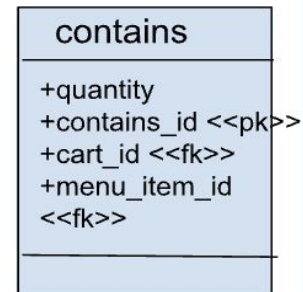
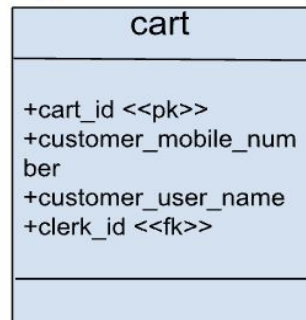
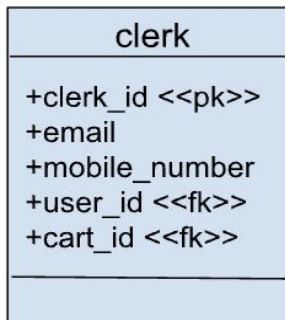
order_id, menuitem_id → cart_id, clerk_id, email, mobile_number, ordered_date, clerk_id, payment_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name, menu_item_name, category, description, price, menu_item_image, total_payment, payment_type, order_quantity, cart_quantity

Schema 3: 3NF Synthesis algorithm

Final tables for 3NF

- ❑ clerk(clerk_id, email, mobile_number, cart_id)
- ❑ order(order_id, ordered_date, clerk_id, payment_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name)
- ❑ cart(cart_id, clerk_id, customer_mobile_number, customer_user_name)
- ❑ menuitem(menu_item_id, menu_item_name, category, description, price, menu_item_image)
- ❑ payment(payment_id, total_payment, payment_type, order_id)
- ❑ orderContains(menuitem_id, order_id, order_quantity)
- ❑ contains(menuitem_id, cart_id, cart_quantity)

Final Schema and Constraints



Comparison of Schemas

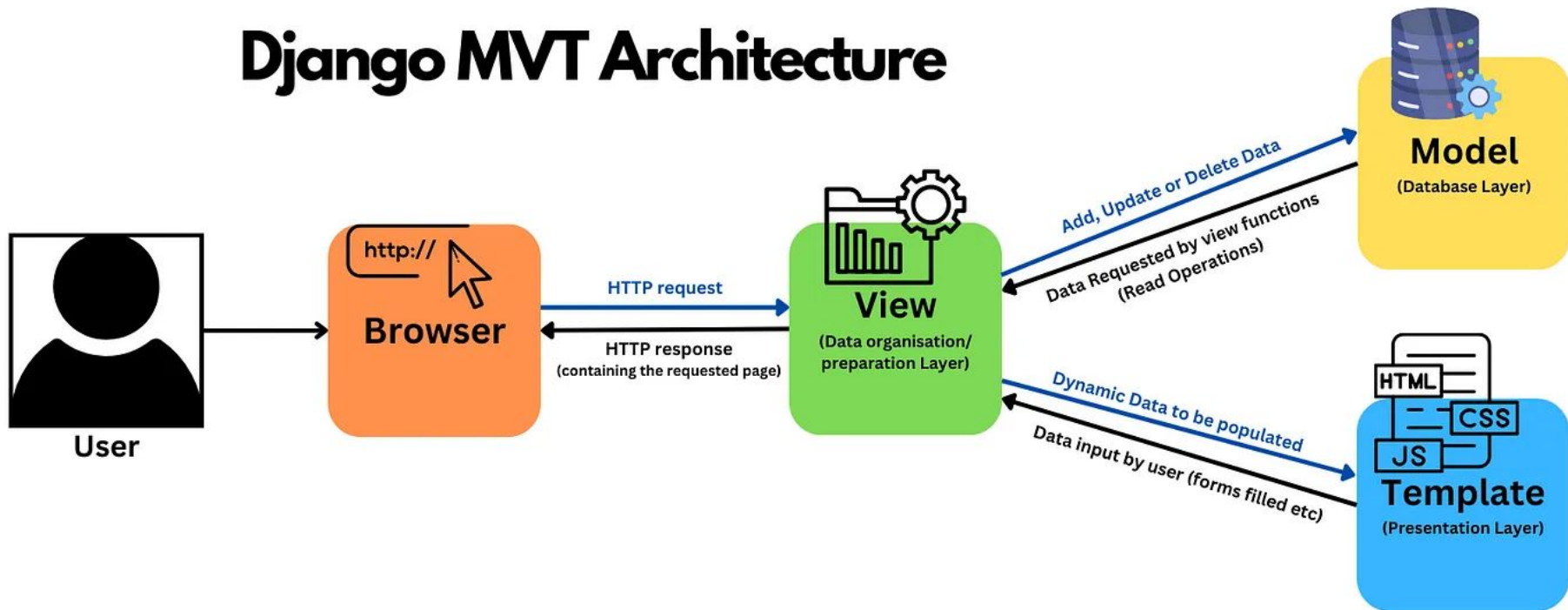
	UML	BCNF	3NF
Reduction in Redundancy	Good	Average	Good
Maintaining data integrity	Good	Good	Good
Preservation of information-Losslessness	Yes	Yes	Yes
Functional dependency preservation	Yes	No	Yes
Aggregate Performance	Good	Average	Good
Number of Tables	7	8	8

Software Used

- ❑ HTML
- ❑ CSS
- ❑ Django(Python)
- ❑ Javascript
- ❑ PostgreSQL

Software Architecture and Components

Django MVT Architecture



How to run the code?

in settings.py change these values to run the project

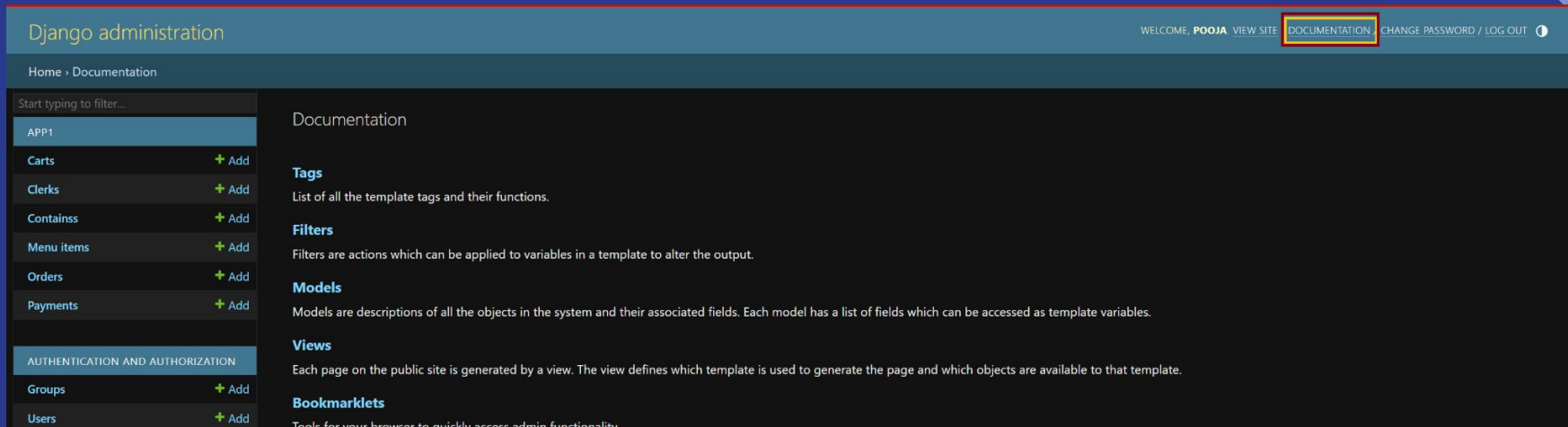
```
DATABASES = {  
    'default': {  
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',  
        'NAME': 'Cafe',  
        'USER': 'postgres',  
        'PASSWORD': 'Sql@10071999',  
        'HOST': 'localhost', # Or your database host  
        'PORT': '5432',      # Or your database port  
    }  
}
```

```
python manage.py makemigrations
```

```
python manage.py migrate
```

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Pydocs can be viewed in the admin page of application



The screenshot displays the Django administration interface. At the top, the header bar includes the text "Django administration" on the left and a navigation menu on the right with links for "WELCOME, POOJA", "VIEW SITE", "DOCUMENTATION" (highlighted with a red box), "CHANGE PASSWORD", and "LOG OUT". Below the header, a breadcrumb trail shows "Home > Documentation". The left sidebar contains a search bar and a list of application labels: "APP1", "Carts", "Clerks", "Containss", "Menu items", "Orders", and "Payments", each with a "+ Add" link. Under the "AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION" section, there are links for "Groups" and "Users", also with "+ Add" links. The main content area is titled "Documentation" and lists several categories: "Tags" (List of all the template tags and their functions), "Filters" (Filters are actions which can be applied to variables in a template to alter the output), "Models" (Models are descriptions of all the objects in the system and their associated fields. Each model has a list of fields which can be accessed as template variables), "Views" (Each page on the public site is generated by a view. The view defines which template is used to generate the page and which objects are available to that template), and "Bookmarklets" (Tools for your browser to quickly access admin functionality).

Django administration

WELCOME, POOJA VIEW SITE DOCUMENTATION CHANGE PASSWORD / LOG OUT

Home > Documentation

Start typing to filter...

APP1

Carts + Add

Clerks + Add

Containss + Add

Menu items + Add

Orders + Add

Payments + Add

AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION

Groups + Add

Users + Add

Documentation

Tags
List of all the template tags and their functions.

Filters
Filters are actions which can be applied to variables in a template to alter the output.

Models
Models are descriptions of all the objects in the system and their associated fields. Each model has a list of fields which can be accessed as template variables.

Views
Each page on the public site is generated by a view. The view defines which template is used to generate the page and which objects are available to that template.

Bookmarklets
Tools for your browser to quickly access admin functionality.



Thank You