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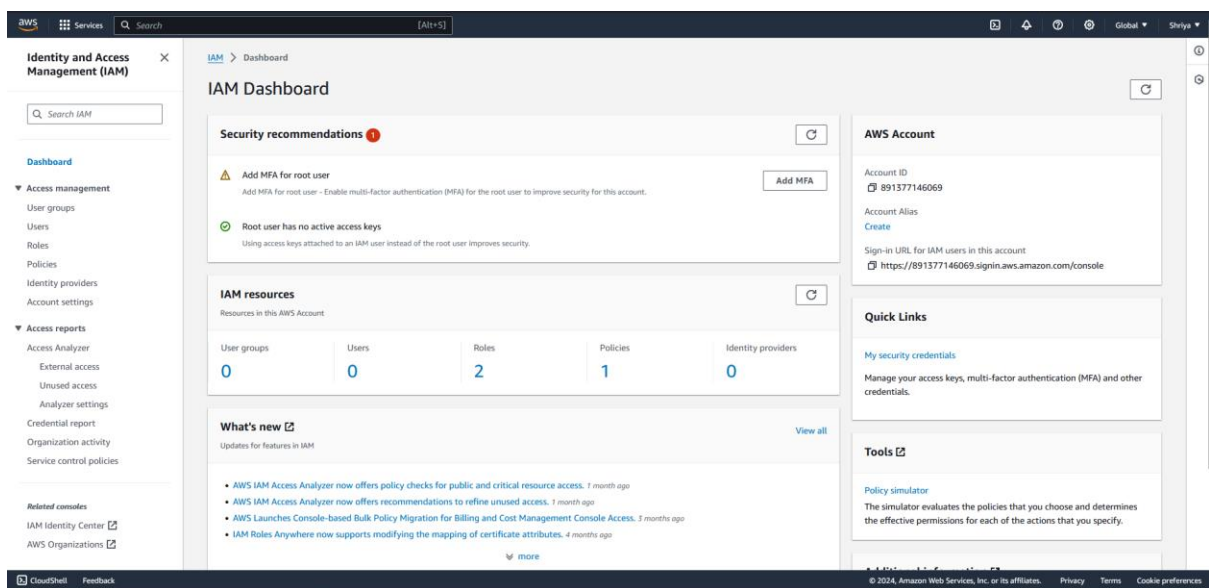
Batch 2

Practical 3 Identity Access Management (IAM)

Step1: Log in to your AWS account and log in.

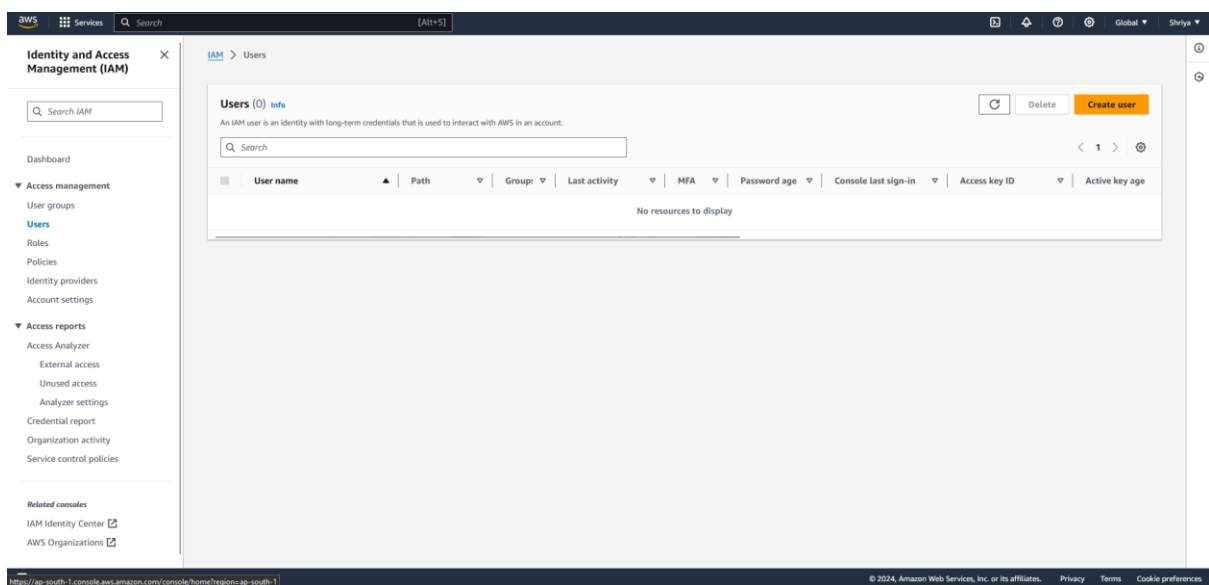
Step2: On the search bar search IAM.

Step3: Click on IAM.



Step4: Click on user on the left window pane.

Step5: Click on create user option.



Step6: Give a name to your user and do not select the provide user access to the

AWS Management Console,then click on next.

The screenshot shows the 'Specify user details' step in the AWS IAM console. The 'User name' field is populated with 'CCUSER'. Below the field, a note states: 'The user name can have up to 64 characters. Valid characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, and +, -, @, _ (hyphen)'. There is an unchecked checkbox for 'Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - optional' with a sub-note: 'If you're providing console access to a person, it's a best practice to manage their access in IAM Identity Center.' A blue information box at the bottom of the form states: 'If you are creating programmatic access through access keys or service-specific credentials for AWS CodeCommit or Amazon Keyspaces, you can generate them after you create this IAM user. Learn more'. The 'Next' button is highlighted in orange.

Step7: Select Add user to group option and click on next.

The screenshot shows the 'Set permissions' step in the AWS IAM console. Under 'Permissions options', the 'Add user to group' option is selected. Below this, a blue information box says: 'Get started with groups. Create a group and select policies to attach to the group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job function, AWS service access, or custom permissions. Learn more'. A 'Create group' button is visible next to this box. At the bottom, there is a section for 'Set permissions boundary - optional'. The 'Next' button is highlighted in orange.

Step8: Click on create user.

The screenshot shows the 'Review and create' step in the AWS IAM console. The left sidebar indicates the current step is 'Review and create'. The main content area is titled 'Review and create' and includes a sub-header 'Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password, if enabled.' Below this, there are three sections: 'User details', 'Permissions summary', and 'Tags - optional'. The 'User details' section shows 'User name' as 'CCUSER', 'Console password type' as 'None', and 'Require password reset' as 'No'. The 'Permissions summary' section shows 'No resources'. The 'Tags - optional' section shows 'No tags associated with the resource.' At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Cancel', 'Previous', and 'Create user'.

User details

User name	Console password type	Require password reset
CCUSER	None	No

Permissions summary

Name	Type	Used as
No resources		

Tags - optional

Tags are key-value pairs you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources. Choose any tags you want to associate with this user.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tags.

[Cancel](#) [Previous](#) [Create user](#)

Step9: On the user name click with a underline in blue colour.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' page in the AWS IAM console. A green banner at the top indicates 'User created successfully'. The left sidebar shows the 'Users' link under 'Access management'. The main content area is titled 'Users (1) Info' and includes a sub-header 'An IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials that is used to interact with AWS in an account.' Below this, there is a search bar and a table of users. The table has columns: 'User name', 'Path', 'Group', 'Last activity', 'MFA', 'Password age', 'Console last sign-in', 'Access key ID', and 'Active key age'. The table contains one user, 'CCUSER', with a path of '/', group of '0', and last activity of '-'. The 'User name' 'CCUSER' is underlined in blue.

Users (1) Info

An IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials that is used to interact with AWS in an account.

[Refresh](#) [Delete](#) [Create user](#)

User name	Path	Group	Last activity	MFA	Password age	Console last sign-in	Access key ID	Active key age
<u>CCUSER</u>	/	0	-	-	-	-	-	-

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

User created successfully
You can view and download the user's password and email instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console.

CCUSER [Info](#) [Delete](#)

Summary

ARN arn:aws:iam::891377146069:user/CCUSER	Console access Disabled	Access key 1 Create access key
Created August 09, 2024, 11:09 (UTC+05:30)	Last console sign-in -	

Permissions | Groups | Tags | Security credentials | Access Advisor

Permissions policies (0) [Refresh](#) [Remove](#) [Add permissions](#)

Permissions are defined by policies attached to the user directly or through groups.

Filter by Type: All types

Search:

Policy name	Type	Attached via
No resources to display		

Permissions boundary (not set)

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Step10: Click on Security Credentials and click on Enable Console Access.

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

User created successfully
You can view and download the user's password and email instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console.

CCUSER [Info](#) [Delete](#)

Summary

ARN arn:aws:iam::891377146069:user/CCUSER	Console access Disabled	Access key 1 Create access key
Created August 09, 2024, 11:09 (UTC+05:30)	Last console sign-in -	

Permissions | Groups | Tags | **Security credentials** | Access Advisor

Console sign-in [Enable console access](#)

Console sign-in link: [https://891377146069.signin.aws.amazon.com/console](#)

Console password: Not enabled

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) (0) [Remove](#) [Resync](#) [Assign MFA device](#)

Use MFA to increase the security of your AWS environment. Signing in with MFA requires an authentication code from an MFA device. Each user can have a maximum of 8 MFA devices assigned. [Learn more](#)

Type	Identifier	Certifications	Created on
No MFA devices. Assign an MFA device to improve the security of your AWS environment.			

[Assign MFA device](#)

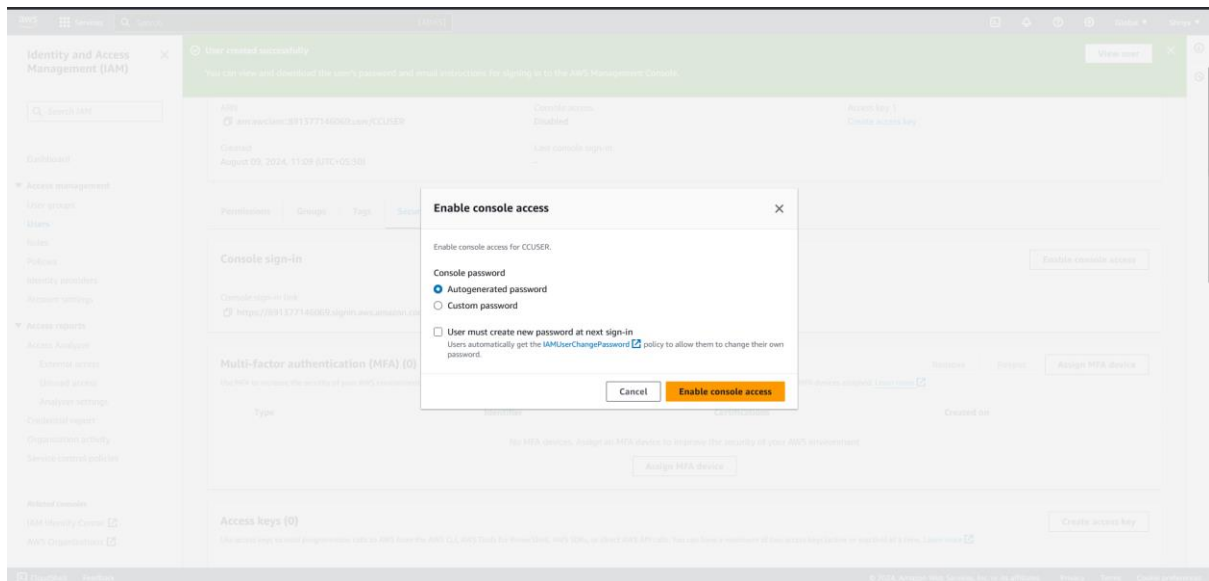
Access keys (0) [Create access key](#)

Use access keys to send programmatic calls to AWS from the AWS CLI, AWS Tools for PowerShell, AWS SDKs, or direct AWS API calls. You can have a maximum of two access keys (active or inactive) at a time. [Learn more](#)

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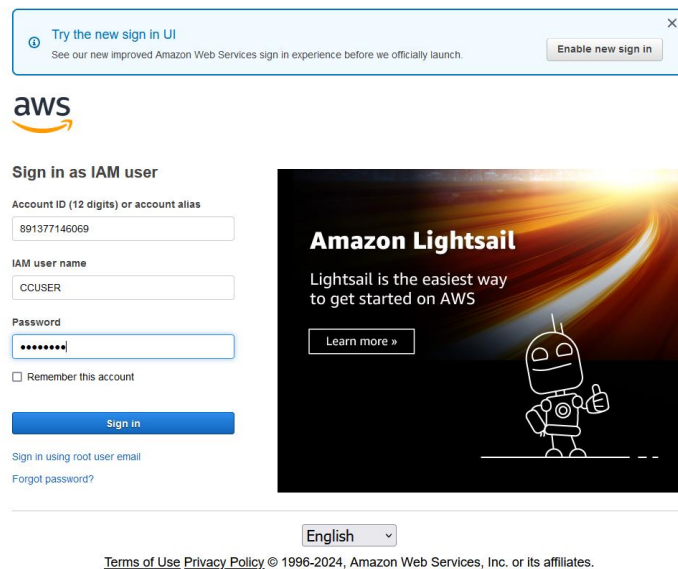
Step11: Click on autogenerated pass and click on Enable console.

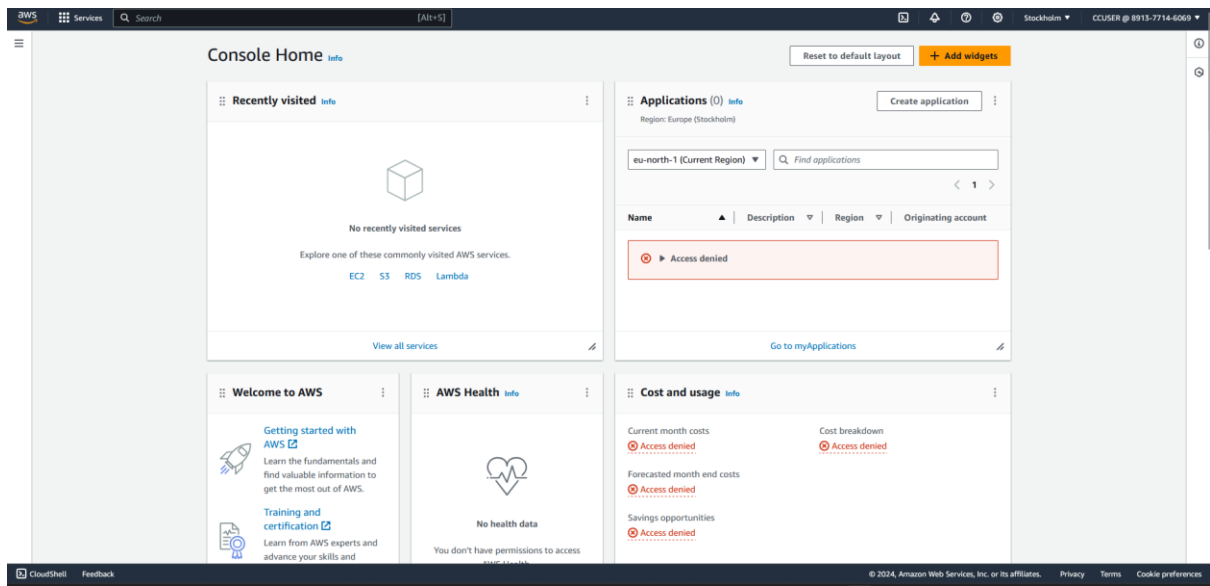


Step12: Download.csv file.

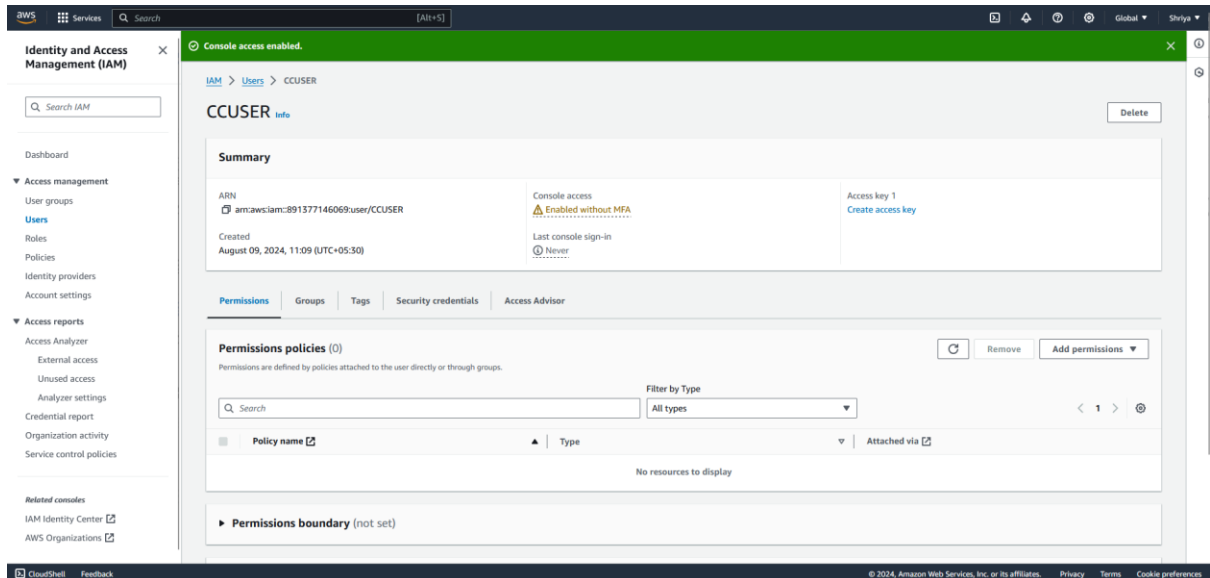
Step13: Go to incognitive mode and then search AWS and click on AWS

services and login with the user name and password created in Step11



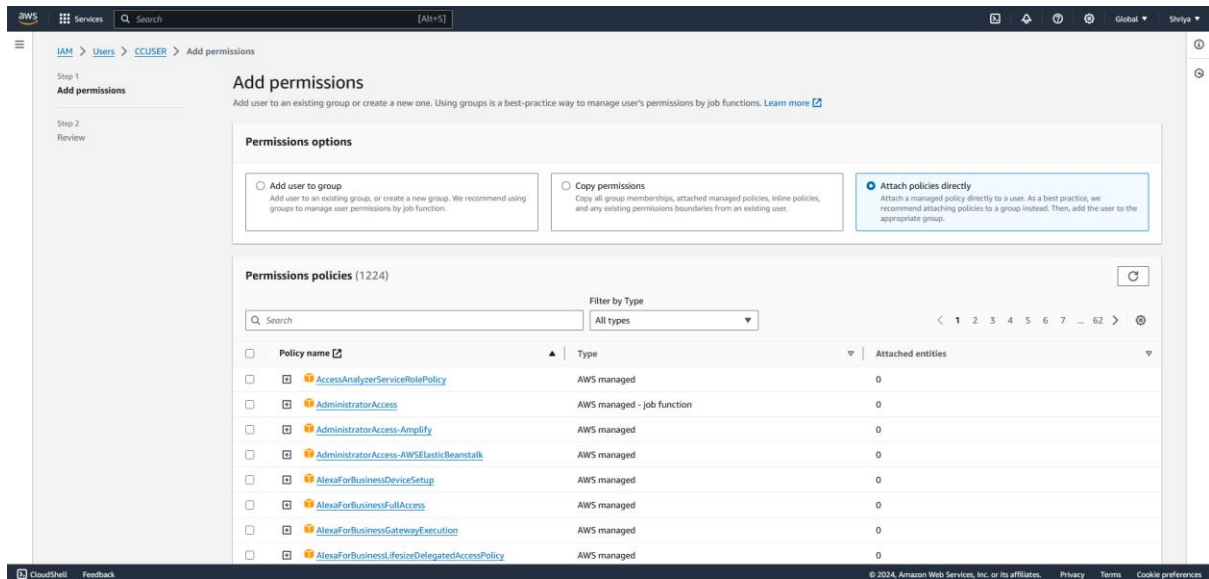


Step14: Click on Permission to give access to S3



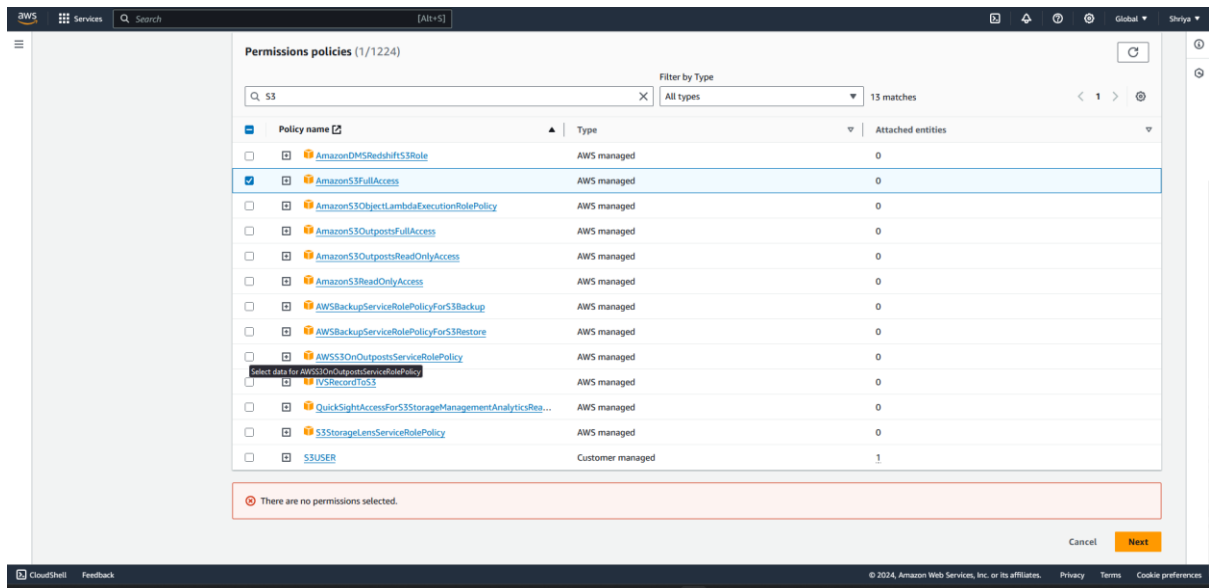
Step15: Click on Add Permissions and then select Add permissions.

Step16: Click on Attach Policies Directly.

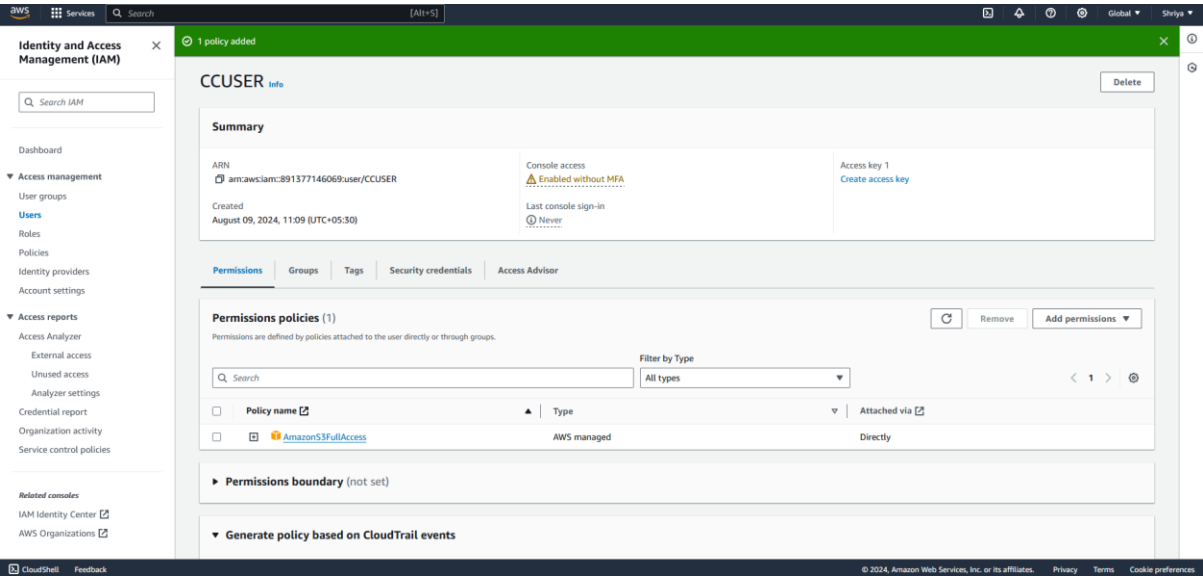
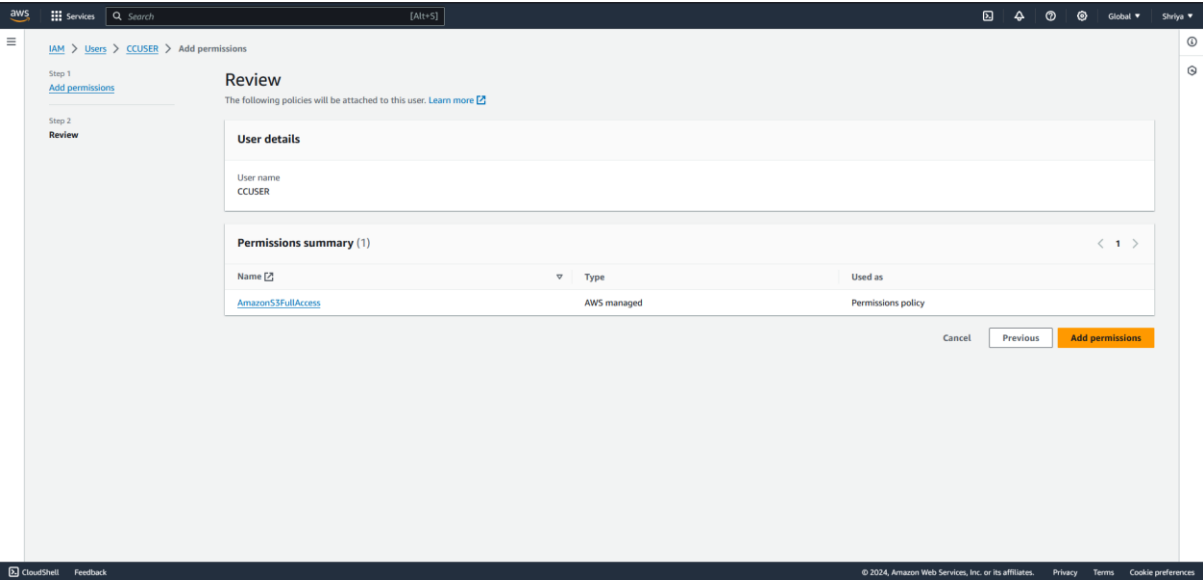


Step17: Search S3 and then select S3 give full access.

Step18: Click on next.



Step19: Click on Add Permissions.



Step20: Follow similar method to add EC2.

The screenshot displays the AWS IAM console interface. On the left, the navigation pane shows the 'Identity and Access Management (IAM)' section with options like Dashboard, User groups, Users, Roles, Policies, Identity providers, and Account settings. The main content area shows the details for a user named 'CCUSER'. The 'Summary' section includes the user's ARN, console access status (Enabled without MFA), and creation date. The 'Permissions' section shows two policies attached to the user: 'AmazonEC2FullAccess' and 'AmazonS3FullAccess', both managed by AWS and attached directly. The bottom of the console shows the footer with copyright information and links to Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

Step20: Now go on incognito mode and then login into aws using the ashish

user name and password you have created then you can see that ashish will have

full access to S3 and EC2.