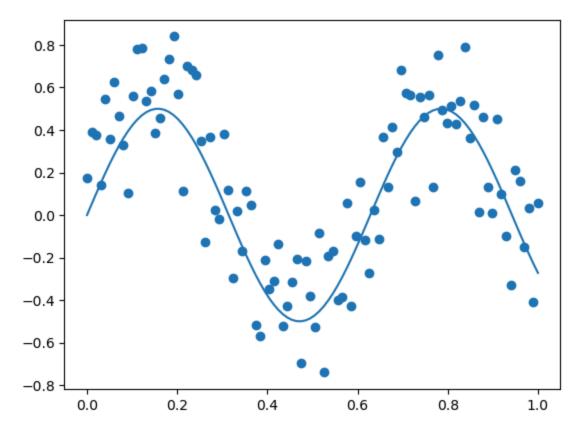
```
In [137... import numpy as np
         import torch
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from matplotlib import cm
          import torch.nn as nn
         device = 'cuda'
         def make fake data():
             x = np.linspace(0, 1, 100)
             y real = 0.5*np.sin(10*x)
             y_{measured} = y_{real} + 0.75*(np.random.rand(len(x)) - .5)
             x = torch.tensor(x[:, None, None], dtype = torch.float32, device = device
             y = torch.tensor(y measured[:, None, None], dtype = torch.float32, devid
             y real = torch.tensor(y real[:, None, None], dtype = torch.float32, devi
             print(x.shape, y.shape)
             return x, y, y real
         def t2n(x):
              return x.cpu().detach().numpy().squeeze()
         x, y, y real = make fake data()
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         ax.plot(t2n(x), t2n(y_real))
         ax.scatter(t2n(x), t2n(y))
```

Out[137... <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2999bdcf8f0>

torch.Size([100, 1, 1]) torch.Size([100, 1, 1])

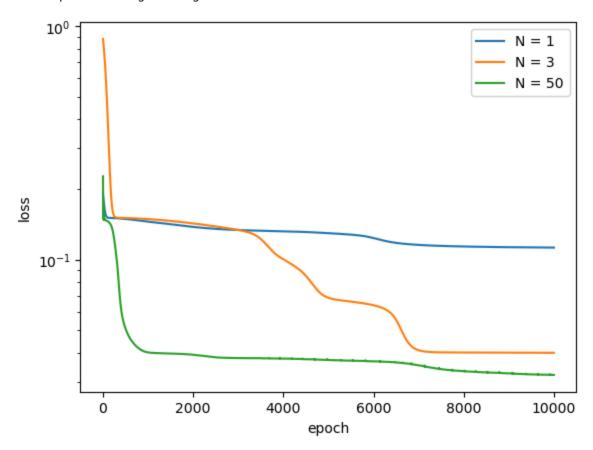


```
In [138...
         class NNmodel(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, N):
                  super().__init__()
                  self.layer1 = nn.Linear(1, N)
                  self.layer2 = nn.Linear(N, N)
                  self.layer3 = nn.Linear(N, 1)
                  self.act = nn.Tanh()
             def forward(self, x):
                  x = self.layer1(x)
                  x = self.act(x)
                  x = self.layer2(x)
                 x = self.act(x)
                  x = self.layer3(x)
                  x = self.act(x)
                  return x
         def train_model(N):
             model = NNmodel(N=N).to(device)
             loss fn = nn.MSELoss()
             optimizer = torch.optim.AdamW(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
             losses = []
             for i in range(10000):
                  optimizer.zero grad()
                  y_pred = model(x)
                  loss = loss_fn(y_pred, y)
                  loss.backward()
```

```
optimizer.step()
                  loss = loss.detach().cpu().numpy()
                  losses.append(loss)
                  if i %1000 ==0:
                      print(f'{i}: {loss}')
              x = torch.tensor(np.linspace(0, 1, 100)[:, None, None], dtype = torch.tensor(np.linspace(0, 1, 100)[:, None, None])
              y pred = model(x smooth)
              ax.plot(x smooth.detach().cpu().numpy().squeeze(), y pred.detach().cpu()
              return model, losses, x smooth, y pred
          results = {}
          for N in [1, 3, 50]:
              results[N] = train model(N=N)
              #model, losses, x smooth, y pred = train model(N=2)
        0: 0.19152037799358368
        1000: 0.1455380916595459
        2000: 0.13822013139724731
        3000: 0.13403557240962982
        4000: 0.1323901116847992
        5000: 0.12996536493301392
        6000: 0.12382566183805466
        7000: 0.1157471090555191
        8000: 0.1139381155371666
        9000: 0.11316299438476562
        0: 0.882583737373352
        1000: 0.1493898183107376
        2000: 0.1430579274892807
        3000: 0.13413578271865845
        4000: 0.10040084272623062
        5000: 0.06871529668569565
        6000: 0.06384225934743881
        7000: 0.04095461219549179
        8000: 0.04005679115653038
        9000: 0.039997510612010956
        0: 0.22760547697544098
        1000: 0.040091995149850845
        2000: 0.039178598672151566
        3000: 0.03792073577642441
        4000: 0.03771250322461128
        5000: 0.03721344470977783
        6000: 0.03671667352318764
        7000: 0.03528735414147377
        8000: 0.033300962299108505
        9000: 0.03259247913956642
In [139... fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         ax.set yscale('log')
          for key, val in results.items():
              ax.plot(val[1], label = f'N = {key}')
          ax.set xlabel('epoch')
```

```
ax.set_ylabel('loss')
ax.legend()
```

Out[139... <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x29992cfcbc0>

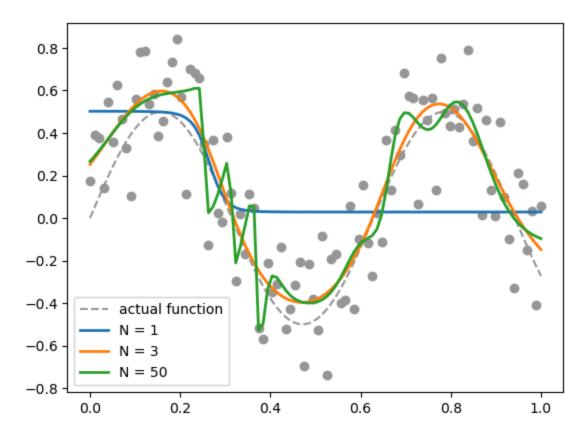


```
In [143... fig, ax = plt.subplots()

ax.plot(t2n(x), t2n(y_real), linestyle = '--', color = (.6, .6, .6), label = ax.scatter(t2n(x), t2n(y), color = (.6, .6, .6))
    for key, val in results.items():
        ax.plot(t2n(val[2]), t2n(val[3]), label = f'N = {key}', linewidth = 2)

ax.legend()

fig.savefig('fit.svg')
```



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