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Experiment 9 : Steady State Error Minimization

```
%Name : Shruti Mandaokar  
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%Batch : Entc EB2
```

```
clc;  
clear all;  
close all;
```

TYPE 0

```
N1=[0 0 1];  
D1=conv([1 2],[1 3]);  
G1=tf(N1,D1)  
G2=feedback(G1,1,-1)  
figure(1)  
subplot(2,1,1)  
impz(G2)  
subplot(2,1,2)  
N2=[0 0 1];  
  
step(G1)
```

G1 =

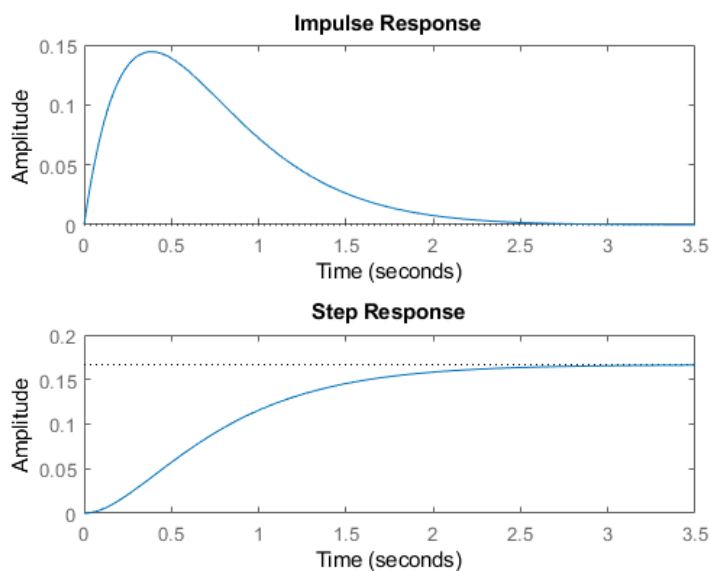
$$\frac{1}{s^2 + 5s + 6}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

G2 =

$$\frac{1}{s^2 + 5s + 7}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.



TYPE 1

```

D2=conv([1 2],[1 3]);
D2=conv([1 0],D2);
G3=tf(N2,D2)
G4=feedback(G3,1,-1)
figure(2)
subplot(2,1,1)
impz(G4)
subplot(2,1,2)
step(G4)

```

G3 =

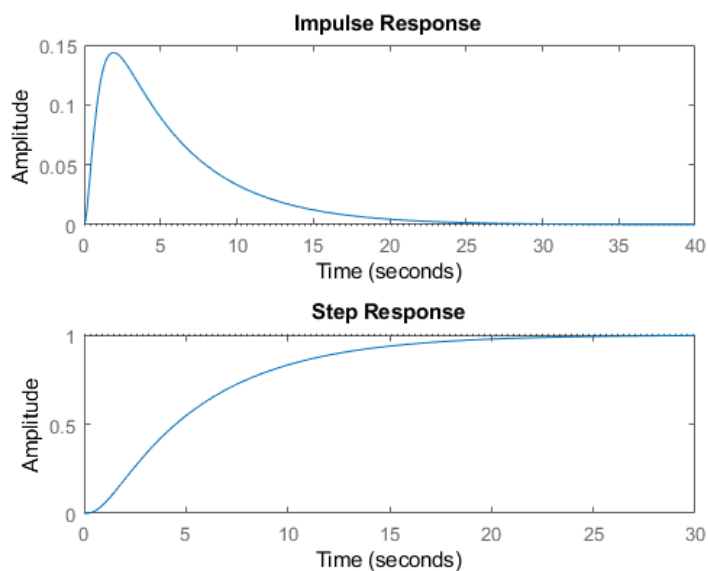
$$\frac{1}{s^3 + 5s^2 + 6s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

G4 =

$$\frac{1}{s^3 + 5s^2 + 6s + 1}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.



TYPE 2

```

N3=conv([1 1],[1 4]);
D3=conv([1 2],[1 3]);
D3=conv([1 0 0],D3);
G5=tf(N3,D3)
G6=feedback(G5,1,-1)
figure(3)
subplot(2,1,1)
impz(G6)
subplot(2,1,2)
step(G6)

```

G5 =

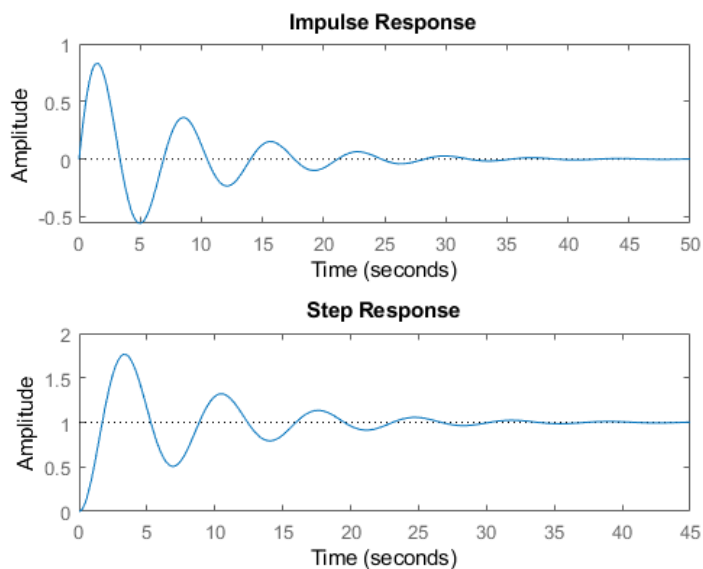
$$\frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^4 + 5s^3 + 6s^2}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

G6 =

$$\frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^4 + 5s^3 + 7s^2 + 5s + 4}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.



Unit Ramp without K

```
s = tf('s');

Num = conv([1 3],[1 5]);
Den1 = conv([1 7],[1 8]);
Den2 = conv([1 0], Den1);
G9 = tf(Num,Den2);
System = feedback(G9,1,-1)
t = 0:0.1:50;
u = t;
[y,t,x] = lsim(System,u,t);
figure()
a = imread('exp0901.PNG');
imshow(a);

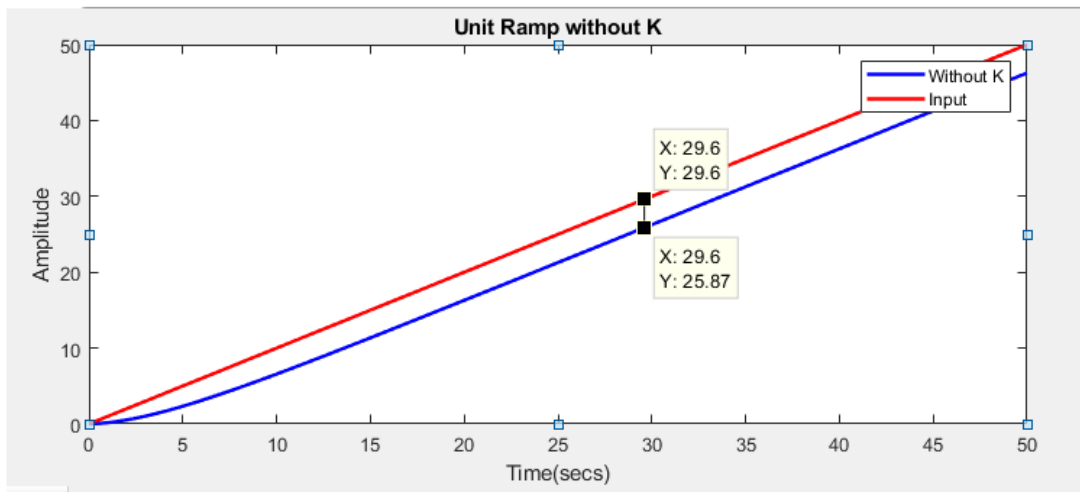
% The input and output plot was obtained by using below functions.

%plot(t,y,'b',t,u,'r','LineWidth',1.8)
%xlabel('Time(secs)')
%ylabel('Amplitude')
%title('Unit Ramp without K')
%legend('Without K','Input');
```

System =

$$\frac{s^2 + 8s + 15}{s^3 + 16s^2 + 64s + 15}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.



Unit Ramp With K

```
K = 37.33;
Num1 = conv([1 3],[1 5]);
Num2 = conv([0 0 K],Num1);
Den3 = conv([1 7],[1 8]);
Den4 = conv([1 0], Den3);
G10 = tf(Nu2,Den4)
System1 = feedback(G10,1,-1)
t = 0:0.1:50;
u = t;
[y1,t,x] = lsim(System1,u,t);
figure()
b = imread('pg09.PNG');
imshow(b);

% Below functions were used to obtain the result.
% The output and input plot initially overlapped each other. So we changed
% the axis in order to distinguish both the waveforms.

%plot(t,y1,'b',t,u,'r','LineWidth',1.8)
%axis([32.2,34.5,32.2,34.5])
%xlabel('Time(secs)')
%ylabel('Amplitude')
%title('Unit Ramp With K');
%legend('With K','Input');
```

G10 =

$$\frac{37.33 s^2 + 298.6 s + 559.9}{s^3 + 15 s^2 + 56 s}$$

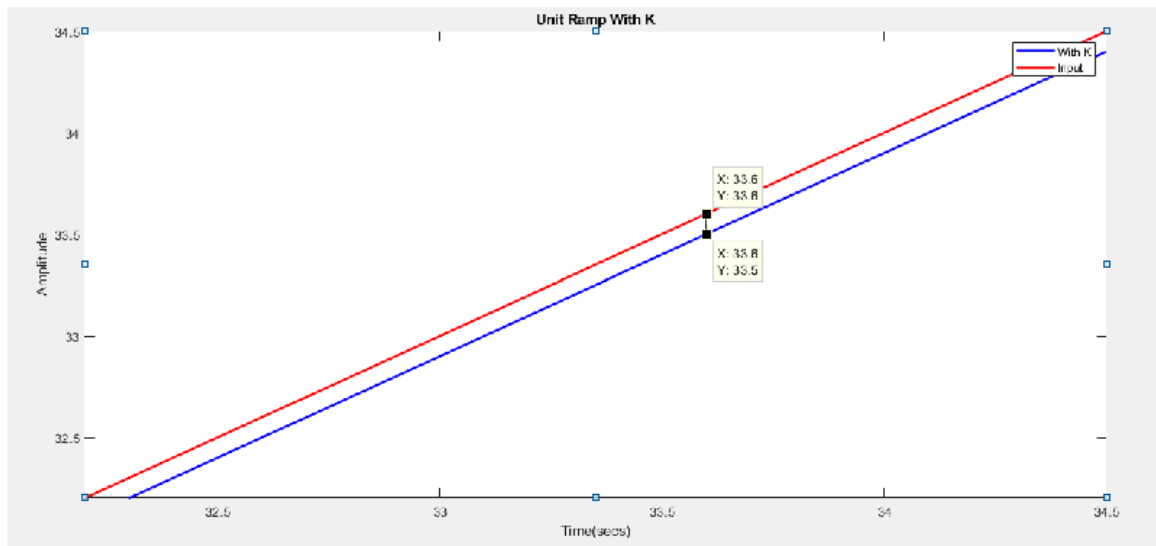
Continuous-time transfer function.

System1 =

$$\frac{37.33 s^2 + 298.6 s + 559.9}{s^3 + 52.33 s^2 + 354.6 s + 559.9}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

Warning: Image is too big to fit on screen; displaying at 67%



Conclusion :

In this experiment, I simulated the step response and impulse response of Type-0, Type-1, Type-2 systems with unity feedback. I also observed that the Gain K is inversely proportional to the Steady State Error. When the system is with large Gain ($K = 37.33$), the steady state error is less ($E_{ss} = 0.1$). When the system is without Gain ($K=1$), the steady state error is large.

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