1. Title

Title:

U.S. Airline Performance & Delay Analysis – 2015

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Date:

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2. Executive Summary

This project analyzes over one million U.S. domestic flights from 2015 to uncover patterns in airline and airport performance, delay causes, cancellation trends, and route-level efficiency. Using SQL and Power BI, key insights were derived to inform airline operations, passenger planning, and regulatory focus.

3. Project Objectives

- Analyze flight delays and cancellations across airlines, airports, and routes
- Identify top-performing and underperforming entities (airlines, airports, routes)
- Understand the major causes of delays and their impact
- Build an interactive dashboard for dynamic data exploration
- Deliver actionable recommendations to improve airline performance

4. Methodology

Data Source:

U.S. Department of Transportation – 2015 domestic flights Tables: flights.csv, airlines.csv, airports.csv

Tools Used:

• SQLite + DB Browser (SQL queries, view creation)

- Power BI (data modeling, visualization)
- Microsoft Word (report), PowerPoint (presentation), Screen Recorder (video)

Process Overview:

- 1. Data Ingestion
- 2. Cleaning & Enrichment
- 3. Exploratory Analysis (SQL)
- 4. Dashboard Development (Power BI)
- 5. Insight Generation & Recommendations

5. Data Cleaning Summary

- Converted time/date columns to usable formats
- Joined airline & airport info to enrich flight records
- Created final view: v_flight_data_enriched
- Generated calculated columns for metrics like on-time %, delay categories, route names, etc.

6. Key Metrics Summary

Metric Value

Total Flights 1.05 million

Average Arrival Delay 7.61 minutes

On-Time Arrival % 78.13%

Delay Rate % 21.87%

Cancellation Rate % 3.86%

7. Key Findings & Insights

Airline Performance

- Hawaiian Airlines (86%) and Alaska Airlines (86.56%) had the best on-time rates
- Frontier (63%) and American Eagle (64%) had poor OTP and highest delays
- Delta and Southwest performed well with low delay & cancellation rates

O Delay Causes

- Airline & Late Aircraft delays are the biggest contributors
- Frontier and JetBlue had the **highest late aircraft-related delays**

Example 2 Destination Airports

- ATL, ORD, and DFW are the **busiest** airports
- LGA and BOS had low OTP (<71%) and high cancellation rates

Worst Performing Routes

- Cancellation rates >30%:
 - o Albany → Newark (40%)
 - o Cincinnati → Pittsburgh (33.33%)
- Average arrival delay >100 mins on:
 - o Richmond → Columbia (228 mins)
 - JFK → Jackson Hole (149 mins)

📘 8. Power BI Dashboard Highlights

Visuals Created:

- Line Charts: Monthly Trends (Flights, Delays, Cancellations)
- KPI Cards: OTP %, Avg Delay, Total Flights
- Bar Charts: Airline Delay Causes, Airport Performance, Route Cancellation
- Donut: Cancellation Reasons Breakdown

- Map: Flights by State
- Slicers: Airline, Month, Route

Features:

- Conditional formatting for KPIs
- Dynamic filtering via slicers
- Insight boxes and color-coded summaries
- Tooltip enhancements and dual-axis charts

9. Recommendations

- Focus on reducing Late Aircraft and Carrier-related delays
- Airlines with low OTP (Frontier, Spirit) need operational improvements
- Airports with high cancellations should investigate bottlenecks (e.g., LGA, BOS)
- Improve customer communication and rebooking support on highrisk routes

10. Limitations

- Dataset only covers 2015
- · Limited info on international flights or passenger-level impact
- Weather & security delays may lack granularity
- No direct info on turnaround time or ground crew efficiency

11. Conclusion

This project provided a deep dive into U.S. airline operations, revealing both strengths and weaknesses in flight punctuality and reliability. Using SQL and Power BI, we identified top-performing airlines and concerning bottlenecks at specific airports and routes. These insights support strategic decisions for improving the passenger experience and airline efficiency.