Implementation of SM4 Block cipher on CUDA GPU and its analysis

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1. Introduction

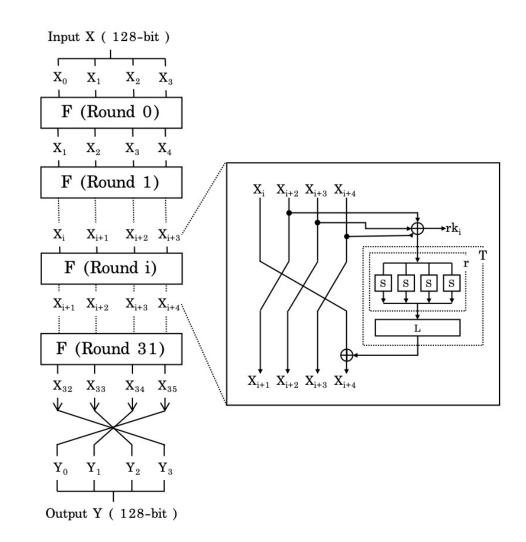
- SM4 Block cipher is a symmetric key algorithm developed by the C hina National Cryptographic Authority.
 - Its simple design can be applied to various smart devices.

- Graphics Processing Unit (GPU) have become an integral part of to day's major computing systems.
 - Various studies using GPU for parallel implementation of block ciphers are al so being conducted.

We implement SM4 Block cipher on GPU and its analysis.

2. Related Work: SM4 Block Cipher

- SM4 Block cipher Parameter
 - Block size: 128-bit
 - Key size: 256-bit
 - Rounds : 32 rounds
- Round Function
 - T function: consists of tau and L.
 - tau function: substituted through Sbox.
 - L function: a linear substitution function



2. Related Work: SM4 Block Cipher

• T function

$$T(A) = L(tau(A)).$$

• tau function

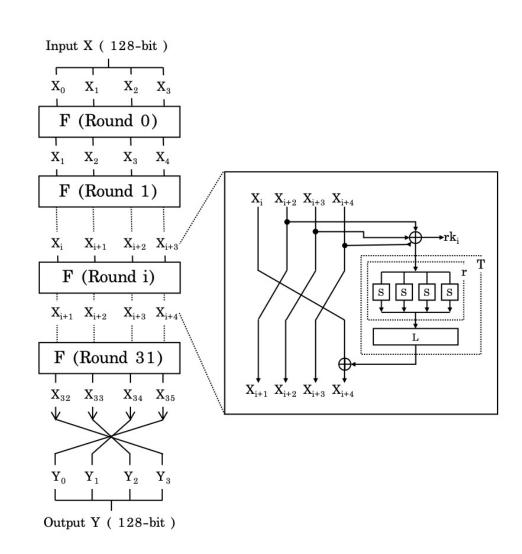
$$tau(A) = (Sbox(a_0), Sbox(a_1), Sbox(a_2), Sbox(a_3))$$

= (b_0, b_1, b_2, b_3)

• L function

$$C = L(B)$$

$$= B \oplus (B \ll 2) \oplus (B \ll 10) \oplus (B \ll 18) \oplus (B \ll 24)$$



2. Related Work: GPU

 GPU is parallel programmable processor that feature arithmetic and memory bandwidths that exceed CPU.

CUDA (Computing Unified Device Architecture) is a parallel computing platform developed by Nvidia. CUDA comes with a software en vironment that allows developers to use C as a high-level program ming language.

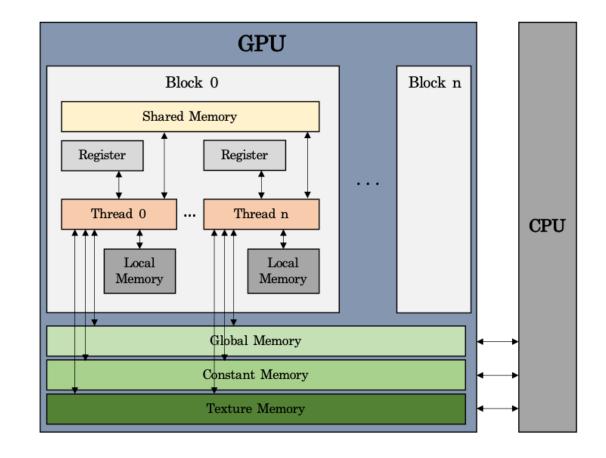
 The CUDA GPU architecture includes Thread, Block, Grid, Warp, and d Functional kernel running on the GPU

2. Related Work: GPU

- GPU provide different types of memory
 - Global memory
 - Constant memory
 - Texture memory
 - Local memory
 - Register
 - Shared memory

Off-chip

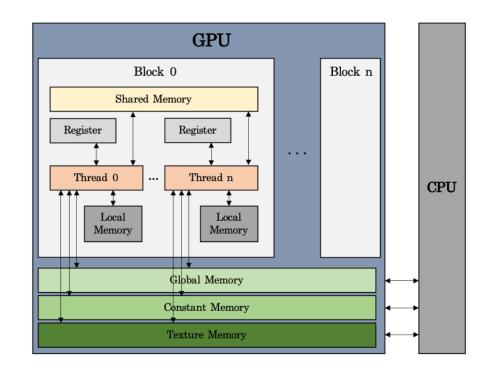
On-chip



2. Related Work: GPU

- Memory Access Speed
 - Register > Shared Memory > Global Memory

- Memory Capacity
 - Global Memory > Shared Memory > Register

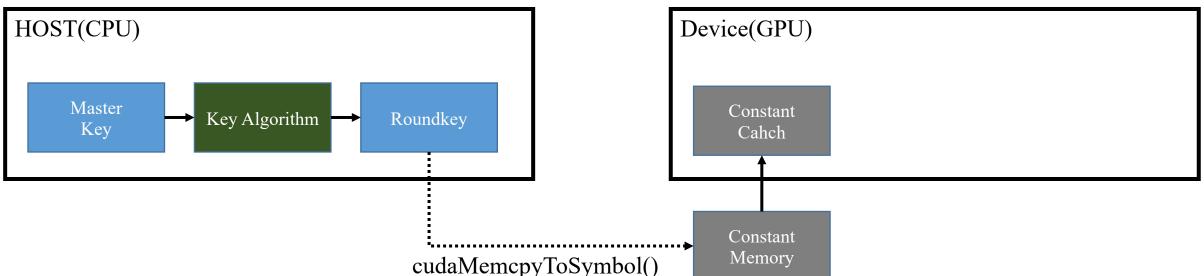


3. Implementation on GPU: SM4 T-table

- SM4 is implemented using 8-bit sbox table (S-table) and 32-bit T-table.
 - The size of the GPU registers is 32-bit, so using a T-table is expected to give better performance.
- The difference between the two implementations is that table size and implementation of T function.
 - S-table size is 256 Byte. 1byte * 256
 - T-table size is 4,096 Byte(4KB). 4byte * 256 * 4 tables
- The implementation of the T function is simplified because the L function is precomputed in the T-table implementation.

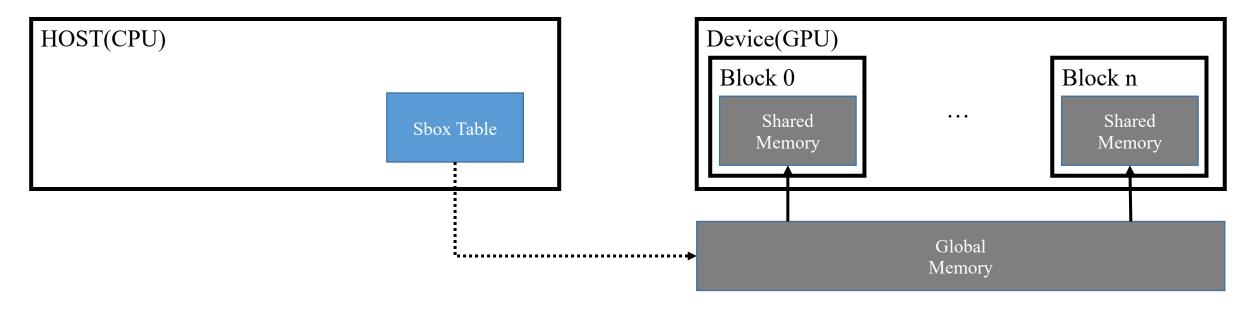
3. Implementation on GPU: Constant memory

- Constant memory is a read only memory.
 - Kernel can only read values from constant memory. It is initialized in the Host.
- If all threads use values stored at the same address, Constant memory access speed is fast much as shared memory.



3. Implementation on GPU: Shared Memory

- Shared Memory has High bandwidth and low latency.
- In tau Function, it is calculated through many memory accesses.



```
__shared__ uint8_t S[256];

for (i = threadIdx.x; i < 256; i+=blockDim.x)
{
    S[i] = S_t[i];
}
```

4. Conclusion: Performance comparison

TABLE I
PERFORMANCE OF SM4 BLOCK CIHPER USING 8-BIT SBOX STORED IN GLOBAL MEMORY(UNIT: KB/s(KILO BLOCK ENCRYPTION PER SECOND))

SM4_Global		Threads						
S-table		32	64	128	256	512	1024	
Girds	1024 * 8	2746781.25	3011764.75	3097398.5	3031379.5	2626483	1606936.25	
	1024 * 16	2833425.5	3068624.5	3119573.5	3057629.25	2659999.5	1605959.5	
	1024 * 32	2878830.5	3097867.25	3127195.25	3070580	2674022.25	1972573.125	
	1024 * 64	2900439	3111752.75	3077269.75	3077269.75	2812197	2063320.25	
	1024 * 128	2912607.5	3119811.25	3151375.5	3082538.5	2972410.25	2040644.125	

TABLE II
PERFORMANCE OF SM4 BLOCK CIHPER USING 8-BIT SBOX STORED IN SHARED MEMORY(UNIT: KB/s(KILO BLOCK ENCRYPTION PER SECOND))

SM4_Shared		Threads						
S-table		32	64	128	256	512	1024	
Girds	1024 * 8	2797814.25	3196004.75	3295784	3190031.25	2915095	1585476.75	
	1024 * 16	2910744.75	3253892.5	3324675.5	3255961.75	3064606.75	1605298.75	
	1024 * 32	2964678.75	3279423.5	3339856.5	3307627	3160860	1731146.125	
	1024 * 64	2990217.5	3292604.75	3346678.75	3334826	3204757.25	2056502.25	
	1024 * 128	3003153	3299633.5	3350374.25	3525905	3539520.75	2076374.875	

TABLE III

PERFORMANCE OF SM4 BLOCK CIHPER USING 32-BIT T-TABLE STORED IN GLOBAL MEMORY(UNIT: KB/S(KILO BLOCK ENCRYPTION PER SECOND))

SM4_Global		Threads						
T-table		32	64	128	256	512	1024	
Girds	1024 * 8	2267493.5	2323049	2348623.75	2288268.25	1910804.125	1396331.875	
	1024 * 16	2321995.5	2347008.75	2362168.25	2312817.75	1942152.75	1379949.25	
	1024 * 32	2117890.5	2358903.25	2060154.875	2326677.75	1934036.875	1721767.875	
	1024 * 64	2189203.75	2367356.25	2372979.5	2286001.25	2145358.75	1804748.25	
	1024 * 128	2275176.5	2278910.75	2327537.5	2342964.75	2333570.5	1805061.125	



Fig. 3. Comparison of performance measures for each implementation (Grid size : 1024*128).

4. Conclusion: Summary

We implement SM4 block cipher on GPU

• In this paper, the performance of the implementation using the S-table and using the t-table is presented for comparison. And also, the performance of the implementation using the global memory and using the shared memory is presented for comparison.

 We hope that this study will help other block cipher implementations on GPUs.

Thank you

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