

Demo ticket

Session

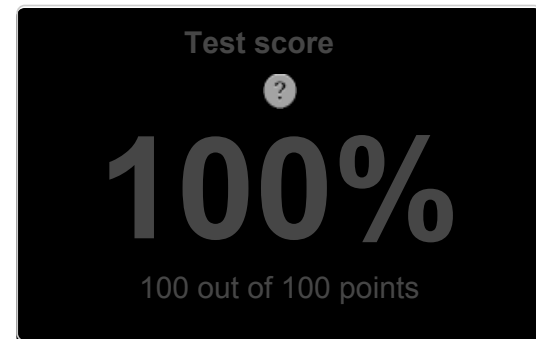
ID: demoQMJZN7-UGK
Time limit: 120 min.

Status: closed

Created on: 2014-03-17 00:00 UTC
Started on: 2014-03-17 00:00 UTC
Finished on: 2014-03-17 00:25 UTC

Tasks in test

Task score



EASY

1. MaxProductOfThree

Maximize $A[P] * A[Q] * A[R]$ for any triplet (P, Q, R) .

score: 100 of 100

Task description

A non-empty zero-indexed array A consisting of N integers is given. The *product* of triplet (P, Q, R) equates to $A[P] * A[Q] * A[R]$ ($0 \leq P < Q < R < N$).

For example, array A such that:

```
A[0] = -3
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 2
A[3] = -2
A[4] = 5
A[5] = 6
```

contains the following example triplets:

- $(0, 1, 2)$, product is $-3 * 1 * 2 = -6$
- $(1, 2, 4)$, product is $1 * 2 * 5 = 10$
- $(2, 4, 5)$, product is $2 * 5 * 6 = 60$

Your goal is to find the maximal product of any triplet. Write a function:

```
int solution(vector<int> &A);
```

that, given a non-empty zero-indexed array A , returns the value of the maximal product of any triplet.

For example, given array A such that:

```
A[0] = -3
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 2
A[3] = -2
A[4] = 5
A[5] = 6
```

the function should return 60, as the product of triplet $(2, 4, 5)$ is maximal.

Assume that:

- N is an integer within the range $[3..100,000]$;

Solution

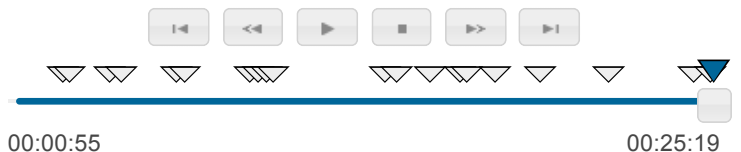
Programming language used: C++

Total time used: 25 minutes ?

Effective time used: 25 minutes ?

Notes: correct functionality and scalability

Task timeline



Code: 00:25:19 UTC, cpp, final, score: 100.00

```
01. // you can also use includes, for example:
02. #include <algorithm>
03. int solution(vector<int> &A) {
04.     int len = A.size();
05.
06.     sort(A.begin(), A.end());
07.
08.     return max(A.front() * A[1] * A.back(), A[len-3] *
09.             A[len-2] * A.back());
09. }
```

Analysis

Detected time complexity:

$O(N * \log(N))$

- each element of array A is an integer within the range $[-1,000..1,000]$.

Complexity:

- expected worst-case time complexity is $O(N \cdot \log(N))$;
- expected worst-case space complexity is $O(1)$, beyond input storage (not counting the storage required for input arguments).

Elements of input arrays can be modified.

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test	time	result
example example test	0.020 s.	OK
one_triple three elements	0.020 s.	OK
simple1 simple tests	0.020 s.	OK
simple2 simple tests	0.020 s.	OK
small_random random small, length = 100	0.020 s.	OK
medium_range -1000, -999, ... 1000, length = ~1,000	0.020 s.	OK
medium_random random medium, length = ~10,000	0.020 s.	OK
large_random random large, length = ~100,000	0.040 s.	OK
large_range $2000 * (-10..10) + [-1000, 500, -1]$	0.030 s.	OK
extreme_large $(-2, .., -2, 1, .., 1)$ and $(\text{MAX_INT})..(\text{MAX_INT})$, length = ~100,000	0.040 s.	OK

Training center