

CONTACT INFORMATION	chen4144@purdue.edu http://www.shuaiyuchen.com/	
EMPLOYMENT	Krannert School of Management, Purdue University Assistant Professor of Management (Finance)	West Lafayette, IN August 2021 –
EDUCATION	Simon Business School, University of Rochester Ph.D. in Business Administration (concentration in Finance)	Rochester, NY 2015–2021
	Johns Hopkins University M.S., Applied Mathematics and Statistics	Baltimore, MD 2013–2015
	Central University of Finance and Economics B.S., Mathematical Economics	Beijing 2009–2013
RESEARCH INTERESTS	Empirical asset pricing, delegated portfolio management, institutional investors, short selling and securities lending	
WORKING PAPERS	<p>Tomorrow Is Another Day: Stocks Overweighted by Active Mutual Funds Predict the Next-Day Market (with Yixin Chen and Randolph B. Cohen) 2022</p> <p>We show that active mutual fund managers effectively incorporate information about future short-term market movements into security prices. Specifically, when high active-mutual-fund ownership stocks outperform, the market tends to do well the next day, and vice-versa. These effects are modest day by day but are quite large in the aggregate - trading the S&P 500 futures daily based on the strategy delivers an average annual return over 15% with a Sharpe ratio over 0.9. The same findings are also present in other major equity markets all around the world. Various additional tests further suggest that the novel short-term market return predictability results from active mutual fund managers' collective information advantage about future market movements, as opposed to informed fund flows or temporary price pressure.</p> <p>Idiosyncratic Volatility and Fund Performance: When Does It Pay to Use Active Managers? 2021</p> <p>This paper shows that the benchmark-adjusted return of active equity funds is time-varying and highly predictable with the average level of stock idiosyncratic volatilities in the cross-section, the so-called Aggregate Idiosyncratic Volatility (<i>AIV</i>). Using the sample of active US equity mutual funds from 1984 to 2020, we document that <i>AIV</i> positively predicts benchmark-adjusted fund returns, and its predictive power is stronger for funds deviating more from their benchmarks. In addition, we find that this phenomenon is prevalent around the world using a comprehensive sample of international equity mutual funds. Our preferred explanation for these findings is that <i>AIV</i> decreases the risk-bearing capacity of active funds so they require higher rewards for bearing larger tracking errors. Additional tests largely support our story. First, the effect of unexpected <i>AIV</i> on contemporaneous benchmark adjusted returns is negative. Second, on average, funds scale back active positions and reduce liquidity provision activity when <i>AIV</i> rises. Third, funds that trade against past stock price movements earn greater returns following high <i>AIV</i> levels. Overall, our paper answers a critical question: when will active funds generate outperformance for their clients?</p> <p>Do Institutional Investors Affect News Coverage? The Role of Media Ownership (with Zhao Jin and Yucheng Yang) 2022</p> <p>We study the effects of institutional investors' ownership in media firms on news coverage. We find that a media outlet issues more positive news coverage of a firm when they have common institutional investors. Our results are stronger for firms overweighted by the common investors and primarily driven by actively-managed funds. We establish causality by relying on 1) fixed effects that control for all time-varying</p>	

firm fundamentals and potential matching between firms and media outlets, and 2) the quasi-natural experiment of financial institution mergers. We also find that media ownership is associated with greater fund flows but not better performance.

WORKING IN PROGRESS	Shares Lending with Asymmetric Information and Market Power (with Ron Kaniel and Christian Opp)
SEMINARS	2021: University of Rochester, Purdue University, Tulane University, CKGSB, CUHK (some were presented by co-authors)
CONFERENCES	2022: Young Scholar Finance Consortium 2021: Five-Star Finance Conference (Shanghai), Wabash River Finance Conference, Southwestern Finance Association Conference 2022 (scheduled)
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	Referee: Management Science Discussion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ “Informed Trading Intensity” by Vincent Bogousslavsky, Vyacheslav Fos, and Dmitriy Muravyev at 2021 Conference on Financial Economics and Accounting
TEACHING EXPERIENCE	Krannert School of Management, Purdue University <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Investment Management Teaching evaluation: 4.4/5.0 (2021) Simon Business School, University of Rochester <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Laboratory for Quantitative Finance with Python Teaching evaluation: 4.1/5.0 (2018), 4.6/5.0 (2019)
SKILLS	Python, MATLAB, SAS, SQL, R, Stata, Linux
REFERENCES	<p>Ron Kaniel (Co-chair) Jay S. and Jeanne P. Benet Professor of Finance, University of Rochester E-mail: ron.kaniel@simon.rochester.edu</p> <p>Alan Moreira (Co-chair) Associate Professor of Finance, University of Rochester E-mail: alan.moreira@simon.rochester.edu</p> <p>Robert Novy-Marx Lori and Alan S. Zekelman Professor of Business Administration, University of Rochester E-mail: robert.novy-marx@simon.rochester.edu</p> <p>Christian Opp Associate Professor of Finance, University of Rochester E-mail: opp@simon.rochester.edu</p>