## Homework 2

In this homework you will complete a couple of simple exercises in order to show your understanding with Python. If these exercises are challenging or new to you, you may want to reconsider taking the class and/or brush up on your Python skills. For the following exercises you are not allowed to use any Python packages (i.e. Numpy, Pandas, etc.).

# Please print the output of each question in a new cell below your code

### **Lists**

1.1 Create an empty Python list called 'a' in the cell below.

```
In [3]: a = list()
 In [5]: print(a)
          []
          1.2 Store all values between 1-100 (inclusive) with increments of 3 (i.e. 1, 4, 7...) in 'a'.
In [17]: a = list(range(1, 101, 3))
In [18]: print(a)
          [1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, 31, 34, 37, 40, 43, 46, 49, 52, 55,
          58, 61, 64, 67, 70, 73, 76, 79, 82, 85, 88, 91, 94, 97, 100]
          1.3 Create another list called 'a2' with numbers from 2-46 (inclusive) with increments of 0.5 (i.e. 2,
          2.5, 3...).
In [31]: a2 = [2+i*0.5 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(int((46-2)/0.5)+1)]
In [32]: print(a2)
          [2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.
          0, 9.5, 10.0, 10.5, 11.0, 11.5, 12.0, 12.5, 13.0, 13.5, 14.0, 14.5, 15.0,
          15.5, 16.0, 16.5, 17.0, 17.5, 18.0, 18.5, 19.0, 19.5, 20.0, 20.5, 21.0, 2
          1.5, 22.0, 22.5, 23.0, 23.5, 24.0, 24.5, 25.0, 25.5, 26.0, 26.5, 27.0, 2
```

7.5, 28.0, 28.5, 29.0, 29.5, 30.0, 30.5, 31.0, 31.5, 32.0, 32.5, 33.0, 3 3.5, 34.0, 34.5, 35.0, 35.5, 36.0, 36.5, 37.0, 37.5, 38.0, 38.5, 39.0, 3 9.5, 40.0, 40.5, 41.0, 41.5, 42.0, 42.5, 43.0, 43.5, 44.0, 44.5, 45.0, 4

5.5, 46.0]

1.4 Double every even integer element from list 'a'. Store the results back in 'a'.

```
In [36]: a = [x+x*((x+1)%2) for x in a]
In [37]: print(a)
        [1, 8, 7, 20, 13, 32, 19, 44, 25, 56, 31, 68, 37, 80, 43, 92, 49, 104, 5
        5, 116, 61, 128, 67, 140, 73, 152, 79, 164, 85, 176, 91, 188, 97, 200]
        1.5 Add all numbers in 'a' except for the 2nd and 21st elements (the 2nd element here means the element at list index 1).
In [38]: s = sum(a)-a[1]-a[20]
In [39]: print(s)
```

1.6 Calculate the mean of 'a'.

2532

```
In [40]: mean = sum(a)/len(a)
In [41]: print(mean)
76.5
```

1.7 Delete all elements greater than the mean value from list 'a'

```
In [44]: a = [x for x in a if x <= mean]
In [45]: print(a)
[1, 8, 7, 20, 13, 32, 19, 44, 25, 56, 31, 68, 37, 43, 49, 55, 61, 67, 73]</pre>
```

# **Strings**

2.1 Create an empty list called 'b'.

```
In [46]: b = list()
In [47]: print(b)
[]
```

2.2 Store the words in the sentence below as elements into the list 'b'.

'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work with data.'

```
In [104]: string = 'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work v
           string = string.replace('.','')
           b = string.split(' ')
In [105]: print(b)
           ['I', 'am', 'so', 'excited', 'about', 'Data-X', 'It', 'is', 'important',
           'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'with', 'data']
           2.3 Return the count of the occurences of the lower-case letter 'e' in the list 'b'.
In [106]: count = 0
           for s in b:
               count = count + s.count('e')
In [107]: print(count)
           2.4 Replace every lower- or upper-case letter 'i' in the list b with a '1'.
In [108]: for i,s in enumerate(b):
               b[i] = s.replace('I','1')
               b[i] = b[i].replace('i', '1')
In [109]: print(b)
           ['1', 'am', 'so', 'exclted', 'about', 'Data-X', '1t', '1s', '1mportant',
           'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'w1th', 'data']
           2.5 Append the string "This is the end of the first HW." to the list 'b'.
In [110]: b.append('This is the end of the first HW.')
In [111]: print(b)
           ['1', 'am', 'so', 'exc1ted', 'about', 'Data-X', '1t', '1s', '1mportant',
           'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'w1th', 'data', 'This is the end of the
           first HW.']
           2.6 Print 'b' as ONE string backwards (starting with "WH tsrif...").
In [118]: string = ' '.join(b)
           string = string.replace('.','')
           string[::-1]
Out[118]: 'WH tsrif eht fo dne eht si sihT atad htlw krow ot elba eb ot tnatropml s
           1 t1 X-ataD tuoba det1cxe os ma 1'
```

### **Dictionaries**

3.1 Put the following in a dictionary called 'codes':

```
Keys: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005
Values: 'Alpha', 'Beta', 'Gamma', 'Delta', 'Tau'
```

then traverse the dictionary by its keys and change every value to be all lower case.

## **Sets**

4.1 Create a set called 'c' with the all the odd numbers less than 10.

```
In [132]: c = set(range(1,10,2))
In [133]: print(c)
{1, 3, 5, 7, 9}
4.2 Create another set called 'd' with elements 2, 5, 10, 30.
```

4.3 Find the union between sets 'c' and 'd' and store this in a new set called 'e'.

```
In [141]: e = c.union(d)
```

```
In [142]: print(e)
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 30}
4.4 Find the intersection between sets 'c' and 'd'.
```