

```
#Loading Librabries
import pandas as pd
from scipy.stats import f_oneway

# Load the dataset
file_path = "Grade_Sheet[1].xlsx" # Change this path if needed
xls = pd.ExcelFile(file_path)
grade_df = xls.parse('Sheet1')
grade_df.head()
```

	Mathematics	English	Education	Biology
0	2.59	3.64	4.00	2.78
1	3.13	3.19	3.59	3.51
2	2.97	3.15	2.80	2.65
3	2.50	3.78	2.39	3.16
4	2.53	3.03	3.47	2.94

Hypothesis for GPA Comparison

- **Null Hypothesis (H_0):** The average GPAs of all four majors (Mathematics, English, Education, Biology) are equal.
- **Alternative Hypothesis (H_1):** At least one major has a significantly different average GPA.

```
# Extract GPA data for each major
math_gpa = grade_df['Mathematics']
eng_gpa = grade_df['English']
edu_gpa = grade_df['Education']
bio_gpa = grade_df['Biology']

# Perform one-way ANOVA
anova_result = f_oneway(math_gpa, eng_gpa, edu_gpa, bio_gpa)

# Display the result
print("ANOVA Test Result:")
print(f"F-statistic: {anova_result.statistic:.4f}")
print(f"p-value: {anova_result.pvalue:.4f}")

ANOVA Test Result:
F-statistic: 3.1992
p-value: 0.0335

# Interpretation
alpha = 0.05
if anova_result.pvalue < alpha:
    print("\nConclusion: Reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is a significant difference in average GPAs among the four majors.")
else:
    print("\nConclusion: Fail to reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is no significant difference in average GPAs among the four majors.")
```

Conclusion: Reject the null hypothesis.

There is a significant difference in average GPAs among the four majors.

```
df=pd.read_csv('IBM_HR.csv')
```

```
print("Shape of dataset:", df.shape)
```

Shape of dataset: (1470, 35)

```
# List all attribute names
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print("Attributes in the dataset:\n", df.columns.tolist())
```

```
# Check for missing values
```

```
print("\nMissing values in each column:\n",df.isnull().sum())
```

Attributes in the dataset:

```
['Age', 'Attrition', 'BusinessTravel', 'DailyRate', 'Department',  
'DistanceFromHome', 'Education', 'EducationField', 'EmployeeCount',  
'EmployeeNumber', 'EnvironmentSatisfaction', 'Gender', 'HourlyRate',  
'JobInvolvement', 'JobLevel', 'JobRole', 'JobSatisfaction',  
'MaritalStatus', 'MonthlyIncome', 'MonthlyRate', 'NumCompaniesWorked',  
'Over18', 'OverTime', 'PercentSalaryHike', 'PerformanceRating',  
'RelationshipSatisfaction', 'StandardHours', 'StockOptionLevel',  
'TotalWorkingYears', 'TrainingTimesLastYear', 'WorkLifeBalance',  
'YearsAtCompany', 'YearsInCurrentRole', 'YearsSinceLastPromotion',  
'YearsWithCurrManager']
```

Missing values in each column:

Age	0
Attrition	0
BusinessTravel	0
DailyRate	0
Department	0
DistanceFromHome	0
Education	0
EducationField	0
EmployeeCount	0
EmployeeNumber	0
EnvironmentSatisfaction	0
Gender	0
HourlyRate	0
JobInvolvement	0
JobLevel	0
JobRole	0
JobSatisfaction	0
MaritalStatus	0
MonthlyIncome	0
MonthlyRate	0
NumCompaniesWorked	0

```

Over18                                0
OverTime                              0
PercentSalaryHike                     0
PerformanceRating                     0
RelationshipSatisfaction               0
StandardHours                         0
StockOptionLevel                      0
TotalWorkingYears                     0
TrainingTimesLastYear                 0
WorkLifeBalance                       0
YearsAtCompany                        0
YearsInCurrentRole                    0
YearsSinceLastPromotion               0
YearsWithCurrManager                  0
dtype: int64

# Value counts of 'Attrition'
print("Attrition counts:\n",df['Attrition'].value_counts())

# Value counts of 'JobSatisfaction'
print("\nJob Satisfaction counts:\n",df['JobSatisfaction'].value_counts())

Attrition counts:
Attrition
No      1233
Yes      237
Name: count, dtype: int64

Job Satisfaction counts:
JobSatisfaction
4      459
3      442
1      289
2      280
Name: count, dtype: int64

# Cross-tabulation
contingency_table_1 = pd.crosstab(df['Attrition'],
df['JobSatisfaction'])
print("Contingency Table (Attrition vs JobSatisfaction):\n",
contingency_table_1)

Contingency Table (Attrition vs JobSatisfaction):
JobSatisfaction    1    2    3    4
Attrition
No                223  234  369  407
Yes                66   46   73   52

from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency

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# Chi-square test
chi2, p, dof, expected = chi2_contingency(contingency_table_1)

print(f"Chi-square Statistic: {chi2:.4f}")
print(f"p-value: {p:.4f}")
print(f"Degrees of Freedom: {dof}")
print("Expected Frequencies Table:\n", expected)

# Interpret the result
alpha = 0.05
if p < alpha:
    print("\nConclusion: Reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is a significant relationship between Attrition and JobSatisfaction.")
else:
    print("\nConclusion: Fail to reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is no significant relationship between Attrition and JobSatisfaction.")

Chi-square Statistic: 17.5051
p-value: 0.0006
Degrees of Freedom: 3
Expected Frequencies Table:
[[242.40612245 234.85714286 370.73877551 384.99795918]
 [ 46.59387755  45.14285714  71.26122449  74.00204082]]

Conclusion: Reject the null hypothesis.
There is a significant relationship between Attrition and JobSatisfaction.

# Cross-tabulation for Attrition and Education
contingency_table_2 = pd.crosstab(df['Attrition'],df['Education'])
print("Contingency Table (Attrition vs Education):\n",
contingency_table_2)

# Chi-square test
chi2_edu, p_edu, dof_edu, expected_edu =
chi2_contingency(contingency_table_2)

print(f"\nChi-square Statistic: {chi2_edu:.4f}")
print(f"p-value: {p_edu:.4f}")
print(f"Degrees of Freedom: {dof_edu}")
print("Expected Frequencies Table:\n", expected_edu)

# Interpret the result
if p_edu < alpha:
    print("\nConclusion: Reject the null hypothesis.")
    print("There is a significant relationship between Attrition and Education.")
else:

```

```
print("\nConclusion: Fail to reject the null hypothesis.")
print("There is no significant relationship between Attrition and Education.")
```

Contingency Table (Attrition vs Education):

Education	1	2	3	4	5
Attrition					
No	139	238	473	340	43
Yes	31	44	99	58	5

Chi-square Statistic: 3.0740

p-value: 0.5455

Degrees of Freedom: 4

Expected Frequencies Table:

```
[[142.59183673 236.53469388 479.77959184 333.83265306 40.26122449]
 [ 27.40816327  45.46530612  92.22040816  64.16734694   7.73877551]]
```

Conclusion: Fail to reject the null hypothesis.

There is no significant relationship between Attrition and Education.