

Date

2024 - Mid Spring

$$x^3 + y^2 x = 0$$

$$x(x^2 + y^2) = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$(a) V = (\mathbb{R}^3(\mathbb{R}), +, \cdot)$$

$$W = \{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^3 = -y^2 z \}$$

$$\vec{u}_1, \vec{u}_2 \in W$$

$$\vec{u}_1 = (x_1, y_1, z_1) : x_1^3 = -y_1^2 z_1$$

$$\vec{u}_2 = (x_2, y_2, z_2) : x_2^3 = -y_2^2 z_2$$

$$\alpha \vec{u}_1 + \beta \vec{u}_2 = (\alpha x_1 + \beta x_2, \alpha y_1 + \beta y_2, \alpha z_1 + \beta z_2)$$

$$(\alpha x_1 + \beta x_2)^3$$

$$x_1 = 0 = x_2$$

$$\alpha x_1 + \beta x_2 = 0$$

$$\therefore \alpha \vec{u}_1 + \beta \vec{u}_2 \in W$$

$\therefore W$ is a subspace.

$$-(\alpha y_1 + \beta y_2)^2 (\alpha x_1 + \beta x_2)$$

$$x^3 = -y^2 z$$

$$x^2 y z = 0$$

$$(0, 0, c)$$

$$(c_1, c_2)$$

(b)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + c_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 9 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_1 + c_2 + c_3 = 3$$

$$c_1 + 2c_2 + 3c_3 = 2$$

$$c_1 + 4c_2 + 9c_3 = -4$$

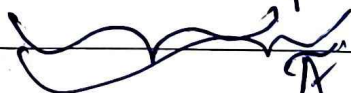
$$3c_1 + 7c_2 + 13c_3 = 1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & -4 \\ 3 & 7 & 13 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_1$$

$$R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - 3R_1$$



A



$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & 8 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 3R_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \boxed{1} & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & \boxed{1} & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & \boxed{2} & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

8-6

$$2c_3 = -4 \Rightarrow \boxed{c_3 = -2}$$

7+3

$$c_2 + 2c_3 = -1 \Rightarrow c_2 - 4 = -1 \Rightarrow \boxed{c_2 = 3}$$

$$4 + c_2 + c_3 = 3 \Rightarrow 4 + 3 - 2 = 3 \Rightarrow \boxed{4 = 2}$$

$$2) (a) \{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\} \rightarrow L.I$$

$$\alpha(v_1 + v_2) + \beta(v_2 + v_3) + \gamma(v_3 + v_4) + \delta(v_4 + v_1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\alpha + \delta)v_1 + (\alpha + \beta)v_2 + (\beta + \gamma)v_3 + (\gamma + \delta)v_4 = 0$$

$$\alpha + \delta = 0$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = t, \beta = -t, \gamma = t, \delta = -t$$

$$\beta + \gamma = 0$$

$$\gamma + \delta = 0$$

\therefore ~~Not~~ ~~not~~ Linearly dependent.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

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(b)

Basis \rightarrow

$$LS(B) = V$$

B is linearly independent

 \mathbb{R}^3

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Span}\{(1, 1, 0), (2, 0, 7), (3, 3, 3)\} = \mathbb{R}^3 \quad (x, y, z)$$

$$c_1(1, 1, 0) + c_2(2, 0, 7) + c_3(3, 3, 3)$$

$$(x, y, z) = x(1, 0, 0) + y(0, 1, 0) + z(0, 0, 1)$$

$$(1, 0, 0) = c_1(1, 1, 0) + c_2(2, 0, 7) + c_3(3, 3, 3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

rank = 3

$$c_1 + 2c_2 + 3c_3 = 1$$

$$c_1 + 3c_3 = 0$$

$$7c_2 + 3c_3 = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 5R_1$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & \lambda \\ 5 & 7 & 1 & \lambda^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & \lambda-1 \\ 0 & 2 & -4 & \lambda^2-5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 2R_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & \lambda-1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda^2-2\lambda-3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda+1)(\lambda-3) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 3, -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda^2 - 5 &= 2(\lambda-1) \\ \lambda^2 - 5 &= 2\lambda - 2 \\ \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

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$$R = R_1 + \cancel{R_2} + \cancel{R_3}$$

3) (a)

$$kx - 3y + z = 0$$

$$x + ky - 3z = 0$$

$$3x - y + 2z = 0$$

$$R_1 + R_2 \ll R_3$$

$$\Sigma R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} k & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & k & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - kR_2$$

$$2k^2 + 27 - 1 - 3k + 6 - 3k = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2k^2 - 6k + 32 = 0$$

$$\nRightarrow k^2 - 3k + 16 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 9 - 64 = -55$$

$$k(2k-3) + 3(2+9) + 1(-1-3k)$$

$$2k^2 - 3k + 33 - 1 - 3k$$

$$2k^2 - 6k + 32$$

$$k^2 - 3k + 16 = 0$$

$$\det = 2k^2 + 27 - 1 - 3k + 6 - 3k$$

$$\Rightarrow 2k^2 - 6k + 32$$

$$= 2(k^2 - 3k + 16)$$

$$k^2 - 3k - 2 = 0$$

$$(k-4)(k+1)$$

dimension = 0

$$\{(0,0,0)\}$$

(6) \Rightarrow

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y - z &= 3 \\ 3x - y + 2z &= 1 \\ 2x - 2y + 3z &= 2 \\ x - y + z &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -7 & 2 & -8 \end{array} \right]$$

$$z = 4, y = 1, x = -1$$

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4) (a) $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$

$$T(x, y, z) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z & y-z \\ y-z & x+2y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x+y+z=0$$

$$y-z=0$$

$$x+2y=0$$

$$\times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + z \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x+y+2=0$$

$$y-z=0$$

$$y=z$$

$$x=-2z$$

$$\text{nullity} = 1$$

$$\text{rank} = 2$$

$$\text{rank} + \text{nullity} = 3$$

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

(b) $M = \begin{pmatrix} 10/3 & 12/3 & 13/3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4/3 & -4/3 & 16/3 \end{pmatrix}$

5) (a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & -3 \\ -9 & -2 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

$$P_A(\lambda) = \det(\lambda I - A) = \det \begin{bmatrix} \lambda-7 & 0 & 3 \\ 9 & \lambda+2 & -3 \\ -18 & 0 & \lambda+8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (\lambda+2) [(\lambda-7)(\lambda+8) + 54]$$

$$= (\lambda+2) [\lambda^2 + \lambda - 2]$$

$$= (\lambda+2) (\lambda-1)(\lambda+2)$$

$$54 - 54 + 54$$



$$\lambda = 1, -2$$

$$A\vec{v} = \lambda\vec{v}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 & -3 \\ -9 & -2 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & -3 \\ -9 & -3 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 & -9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 6 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ -9 & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 18 & 0 & -9 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \rightarrow R_1/3, R_2 \rightarrow R_2/3$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 3R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -3 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + \frac{3}{2}R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \boxed{2} & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & \boxed{-1} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} -3 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2 &= 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$2v_1 - v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_1 = k, v_3 = 2k$$

$$-v_2 - \frac{v_3}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow v_2 = -k$$

$$\therefore E_{\lambda=1} = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} k \\ -k \\ 2k \end{pmatrix} : k \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \right\}$$

$$= \text{span} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \cup \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$



$$\lambda = -2$$

$$A\vec{v} = \lambda\vec{v}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 & -3 \\ -9 & -2 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 & -8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix} = -2 \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 & -3 \\ -9 & 0 & 3 \\ 18 & 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 9 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ -9 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 18 & 0 & -6 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 9 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + R_1$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 2R_1$$

$$\frac{39\alpha}{2}$$

$$9v_1 - 3v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_1 = \alpha, v_3 = 3\alpha$$

$$v_2 = \beta$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \\ 3\alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore E_{\lambda=-2} = \text{Span} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \cup \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

$$5)(b) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_A(x) = \det(xI - A)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} x-2 & -2 \\ 0 & x-2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 2 \quad \text{alg}(2) = 2$$

$$A\vec{v} = \lambda\vec{v}$$

$$\lambda I$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{dim} = 1$$

$$\text{geo}(2) = 1$$

$$\text{geo}(2) \neq \text{alg}(2)$$

\therefore not diagonalizable.

EX3

$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_2(\mathbb{R})$$

$$T(a, b, c) = (3a - b + c)x^2 + (a + 2b)x + (b + 5c)$$

$$\left\{ (1, 1, 1), (2, 3, 0), (1, 0, 3) \right\}$$

$$\left\{ 1+x, x+3x^2, 2-x \right\}$$

$$x^2 = c_1(1+x) + c_2(x+3x^2) + c_3(2-x)$$

comparing coefficients we have

$$3c_2 = 1 \Rightarrow c_2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$c_1 + c_2 - c_3 = 0 \Rightarrow c_3 - c_1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$c_1 + 2c_3 = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 + 2c_3 = 0$$

$$3c_3 = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow c_3 = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$c_1 = \frac{1}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = -\frac{1}{9}$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{1}{9}(1+x) + \frac{1}{3}(x+3x^2) + \frac{1}{9}(2-x)$$

$$x = c_4(1+x) + c_5(x+3x^2) + c_6(2-x)$$

comparing coefficients we have

$$c_5 = 0$$

$$1 = c_4 + c_5 - c_6 \Rightarrow c_4 - c_6 = 1$$

$$c_4 + 2c_6 = 0 \Rightarrow c_4 + 2c_6 = 0$$

$$3c_6 = -1 \Rightarrow c_6 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$c_4 = 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}(1+x) + 0(x+3x^2) + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)(2-x)$$



$$1 = (7(1+x) + 0(x+3x^2) + 9(2-x))$$

Comparing coefficients we have

$$7 + 0 - 9 = 0 \Rightarrow 7 - 9 = 0$$

$$1 = 7 + 2 \cdot 9 \Rightarrow 7 + 2(9 =)$$

$$3 \cdot 9 = 1 \Rightarrow 9 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$7 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{3}(1+x) + 0(x+3x^2) + \frac{1}{3}(2-x)$$

$$T(1,1,1) = 3x^2 + 3x + 6$$

$$= 3 \left[-\frac{2}{9}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_2 + \frac{1}{9}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$+ 3 \left[\frac{2}{3}\bar{v}_1 - \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$+ 6 \left[\frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$T(1,1,1) = \frac{10}{3}\bar{v}_1 + \bar{v}_2 + \frac{4}{3}\bar{v}_3$$

$$T(2,3,0) = 3x^2 + 8x + 3$$

$$= 3 \left[-\frac{2}{9}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_2 + \frac{1}{9}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$+ 8 \left[\frac{2}{3}\bar{v}_1 - \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3 \right] + 3 \left[\frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$T(2,3,0) = \frac{17}{3}\bar{v}_1 + \bar{v}_2 - \frac{4}{3}\bar{v}_3$$

$$T(1,0,3) = 6x^2 + x + 15$$

$$= 6 \left[-\frac{2}{9}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_2 + \frac{1}{9}\bar{v}_3 \right] + \frac{2}{3}\bar{v}_1 - \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3$$

$$+ 15 \left[\frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\bar{v}_3 \right]$$

$$= \frac{13}{3}\bar{v}_1 + 2\bar{v}_2 + \frac{16}{3}\bar{v}_3$$

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$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 10/3 & 17/3 & 13/3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4/3 & -4/3 & 16/3 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$(c) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_A(x) = \det(xI - A)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} x-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & x-4 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & x-1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (x-1)^2 (x-4)$$

$$= (x^2 - 2x + 1)(x-4)$$

$$= x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4x^2 + 8x - 4$$

$$= x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 4$$

$$A^3 - 6A^2 + 9A - 4I = 0$$

$$A^2 - 6A + 9I - 4A^{-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4A^{-1} = A^2 - 6A + 9I$$

$$\Rightarrow 6A^{-1} = \frac{6}{4} (A^2 - 6A + 9I)$$

$$\frac{6}{4} (1 - 6 + 9) = 6 \text{ (d.m.)}$$