



भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान हैदराबाद
Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

Course:- Network Security(CS6903)

Report: Assignment 3

Project Members-

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Certificate Authority, Trudy - Sonu Kumar

Bob - Prabhat Kumar Kushwaha

Alice - Subham Patel

Task 1:

In task 1 we used Trudy lxd container as CA

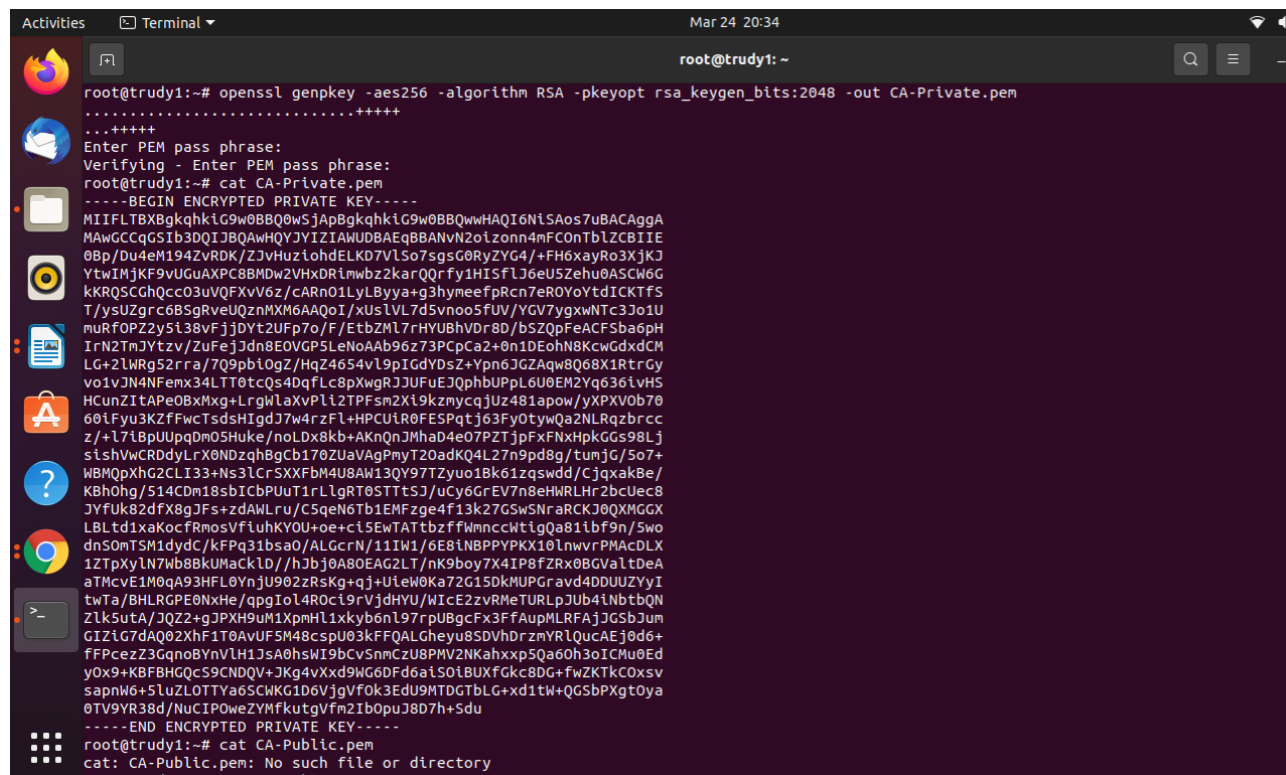
Bob and Alice container used to store Bob and Alice key , crt and csr.

CA Certificate generation:

Step1: RSA key generation using openssl command:

```
# openssl genpkey -aes256 -algorithm RSA -pkeyopt rsa_keygen_bits:2048 -out
```

CA-Privat.pem



```
root@trudy1:~# openssl genpkey -aes256 -algorithm RSA -pkeyopt rsa_keygen_bits:2048 -out CA-Private.pem
.....+++++
...+++++
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
root@trudy1:~# cat CA-Private.pem
-----BEGIN ENCRYPTED PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIFLTBXBgkqhkiG9w0BBQowSjApBgkqhkiG9w0BBQwwHAQI6NlSAos7UBACAggA
MAwGCCqGSI3DQIJBQAwHQYJYIZIAWUDBAEqBBANVN2oizonn4mFCOnTbLZCBITE
0Bp/Du4eM194ZVRDK/ZJvHuziohdELKD7VLSo7sgsG0RyZYG4/+FH6xayRo3XJKJ
YtwIMjKF9vUGuAXPC8BMDw2VHxDRImwbz2karQQRfy1HISfLJ6eU5Zehu0ASCW6G
kKRQSGChQcc03uVQFXvV6z/cARn01LyLByya+g3hymeefpRcn7eR0YoYtdICTfS
T/ysU2grc6B5gRveUQznMXM6AAQoI/xUsLV7d5vnoo5fUV/YGV7ygxwNTc3Jo1U
nuRfOPZ2y5i38vFjjDYt2Ufp7o/F/EtbZML7rHYUBhVDr8D/b5ZQpFeACF5ba6pH
IrN2TmJytzv/ZuFejjdn8EOVGP5LeNoAAb96z73PCpCa2+0n1DEohN8KcWgdxdCM
LG+2lWRg52rfa/7Q9pb1ogZ/HqZ4654v19p1GdYDsZ+Ypn6JGZAqwBQ68X1RtrCy
vo1vJN4NFemx34LTt0tcQs4DqfLc8pXwgrJ3JUFuEJQphbUppL6U0EM2Yq636lvHS
HCunZitAPE0BxMxg+LrgWlaXvPl2TPFsm2Xl9kzmycqJuz481apow/yXPXV0b70
60Ifyu3KZFfwCtsdSHigdJ7w4rzFL+HPCU1R0FESPqtj63Fy0TywQa2NLRqzbrcc
z/+l71bPUppQdm05Huke/noLDx8kb+AKnQnJMhaD4e07PZTjpFxFNxHpkGGs98Lj
sishVwCRDDyLrX0NDzqhBgCb170ZUaVAgPmyT20adKQ4L27n9pd8g/tumjG/So7+
WBM0pXhG2CLi33+Ns3lcrSXXfbM4U8AW13QY97TZyuo1Bk61zqsddd/CjxakBe/
KBh0hg/514CDm18sbICbPUuT1rLlgrT0STt5J/ucy6GrEV7n8eHwRLHr2bUec8
JYfuk82dfX8gJfs+zdAWLru/C5qeN6Tb1EMFzge4f13k27G5wNraRCK30QXMGCG
LBLtd1xaKocfRmosVfLuhKYOU+oe+ctSEwTATtbzffWmncctWlgQa81tbf9n/Swo
dnS0mTSM1dydc/kFPq31bsa0/ALGcrN/11IW1/6E8lNBPPYPKX10lnwvrPMACDLX
1ZTpXyLn7Wb8BkUMaCkld/hjbj0A80EAG2LT/nK9boy7X4IPBfZRx0BGValtdEA
aTmcvE1M0qA93HFL0YnjU902zRsKg+qj+Uiew0Ka72G15DkMUPGravd4DDUZYyI
twTa/BHLRGPE0NxHe/qpgIoL4R0cl9rVjdHYU/WICE2zvRMetURLpJub4lnbtbQn
Zlk5utA/JQZ2+gJPXH9uM1XpmH11xkyb6n197rpUBgcF3F3FauPLRFAjJGSbjum
GIZ1G7daQ02XhF1T0AvUF5M48cspU03kFFQALGheyu8SDVhDrzYrLQucAEj0d6+
FFPceZ3GqnoBYnVLH1Jsa0hswi9bCvSnmCzU8PMV2NKahxpp5Qa60h3oICMu0Ed
y0x9+KBFBHQcS9CNDQV+Jk4vXxd9W6DfD6a1s01BUXFGkc8DG+fWZTKCoxsv
sapnW6+sluZLOTTya6SCWKGI06VjgVfok3EdU9MTDGTbLG+xd1tw+QGSbPxgToya
0TV9YR38d/NuCIPOweZYMfktgVfm2Ib0puJ8D7h+Sdu
-----END ENCRYPTED PRIVATE KEY-----
root@trudy1:~# cat CA-Public.pem
cat: CA-Public.pem: No such file or directory
root@trudy1:~# cat CA-Public.pem
```

Step 2:

Public key Extraction using openssl command:

```
# openssl pkey -in CA-Private.pem -out CA-Public.pem -pubout
```

```
root@trudy1:~# openssl pkey -in CA-Private.pem -out CA-Public.pem -pubout
Enter pass phrase for CA-Private.pem:
root@trudy1:~# cat CA-Public.pem
-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----
MIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAA0Zj3N56lPb4I8/j5G1F3
4EYdL/RMusjHBR2vCazqCz1ceb09MF2zw73k4Q5ZDeS16qKIittiOb5pdNHQXNYuU
Gds6RqJcwfre/FdnLlo/aJ0WgdJ3lhjQHHJcf/R84RPOV/81yTZGooh0JDVRVvxs
aZXLeK0y82GAQYmmCBPS8S87WqwkMibarZiTFCRwNahjdKVmb7NJFzJxPCsq4uh
lVA0J/MIfjQRCIPEJPQdpczyPtPueBffwmhz7R3ai6tCz2doMZ0miRsfsVMXY0fc
nAfQcMkfKicfrUQouRUXAH8J+capahk23eFZ3768kmJsEaPuNJuIAocqPHYIwaly
6wIDAQAB
-----END PUBLIC KEY-----
```

Step 3:

Generate self signed certificate using openssl command

```
# openssl req -key CA-Private.pem -new -x509 -days 365 -out Root.crt
```

```
root@trudy1:~# openssl req -key CA-Private.pem -new -x509 -days 365 -out Root.crt
Enter pass phrase for CA-Private.pem:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:IN
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Bihar
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Muz
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:IITH
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:CSE
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:SSP
```

- Verify Alice signed certificate

Using openssl command

openssl req -noout -verify -in alice.csr

```
root@trudy1:~# openssl req -noout -text -verify -in alice.csr
verify OK
Certificate Request:
  Data:
    Version: 1 (0x0)
    Subject: C = IN, ST = UP, L = LUCKNOW, O = Alice.org,
    CN = www.alice.org, emailAddress = alice@gmail.com
    Subject Public Key Info:
      Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
```

- Verify Bob signed certificate

Using openssl command

openssl req noout text -verify in bob.csr

```
root@trudy1:~# openssl req -noout -text -verify -in bob.csr
verify OK
Certificate Request:
  Data:
    Version: 1 (0x0)
    Subject: C = IN, ST = Madhya Pradesh, L = Jabalpur, O = IITH, OU =
    CSE Dept., CN = www.bobby.com, emailAddress = ns20mtech11004@iith.ac.in
    Subject Public Key Info:
      Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
      RSA Public-Key: (2048 bit)
```

- CA generate Signed certificate for Alice

Using openssl command

openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in alice.csr -signkey CA-Private.pem -out alice.crt

```
root@trudy1:~# openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in alice.csr -signkey CA-Private.pem -out alice.crt
Signature ok
subject=C = IN, ST = UP, L = LUCKNOW, O = Alice.org, OU = Alice, CN = www.alice.org, emailAddress = alice@gmail.com
Getting Private key
Enter pass phrase for CA-Private.pem:
root@trudy1:~# ls
```

- CA generate signed certificate for Bob

Using openssl command

openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in bob.csr -signkey CA-Private.pem -out bob.crt

```

root@trudy1:~# openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in bob.csr -signkey CA-Private
.pem -out bob.crt
Signature ok
subject=C = IN, ST = Madhya Pradesh, L = Jabalpur, O = IITH, OU = CSE Dept
., CN = www.bobby.com, emailAddress = ns20mtech11004@iith.ac.in
Getting Private key
Enter pass phrase for CA-Private.pem:
root@trudy1:~# ls

```

Alice certificate generation

- Key generation using openssl command

openssl genpkey -out fd.key -algorithm RSA -aes -128 -cbc

```

root@alice1:~# openssl genpkey -out fd.key \
> -algorithm RSA \
> -pkeyopt rsa_keygen_bits:2048 \
> -aes-128-cbc
.....+++++
.....
.....+++++
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
root@alice1:~# █

```

- Public key Extraction using openssl command

openssl pkey -in fd.key -pubout -out fd-public.key

```

root@alice1:~# openssl pkey -in fd.key -pubout -out fd-public.key
Enter pass phrase for fd.key:
root@alice1:~# ls
fd-public.key  fd.key  snap
root@alice1:~# █

```

- generate csr certificate

Bob certificate generation

- Key generation using openssl command

openssl genpkey -out fd.key -algorithm RSA -pkeyopt rsa_keygen_bits:2048 -aes-128-cbc

```
root@bob1:~# openssl genpkey -out fd.key -algorithm RSA -pkeyopt rsa_keygen_bits:2048 -aes-128-cbc
.....+++++
.+++++
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
root@bob1:~# █
```

- Public key Extraction using openssl command

openssl pkey -in fd.key -pubout -out fd-public.key

```
root@bob1:~# openssl pkey -in fd.key -pubout -out fd-public.key
Enter pass phrase for fd.key:
root@bob1:~# ls
fd-public.key fd.key  snap
root@bob1:~# █
```

Task 2:

We have developed the code in python.

Alice Side(Client side)

```
Activities Terminal Apr 7 17:00
root@alice1: ~
root@bob1: ~
return self._sslobj.write(data)
TypeError: a bytes-like object is required, not 'str'
root@alice1:~# nano secure_chat_app.py
root@alice1:~# python3 secure_chat_app.py -c bob1
File "secure_chat_app.py", line 95
    conn.close()
    ^
TabError: inconsistent use of tabs and spaces in indentation
root@alice1:~# nano secure_chat_app.py
root@alice1:~# nano secure_chat_app.py
root@alice1:~# python3 secure_chat_app.py -c bob1
The chat client
Connecting to the server:ip=172.31.0.3
TCP Connection established.
Alice: chat_hello
Bob: chat_reply
Alice: chat_STARTTLS
Bob: chat_STARTTLS_ACK
TLSv1.3 Connection established.
hi bob
hi, what's up alice ?
nothing much homie
wanna come to my palace ?
sure, browie
come in the evening. Spend the night here.
ok, dude
root@alice1:~#
```

Bob Side(Server Side)

```
Activities Terminal Apr 7 17:00
root@bob1: ~
root@alice1: ~
^X^CTraceback (most recent call last):
  File "secure_chat_app.py", line 72, in <module>
    conn, addr = s.accept()
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 292, in accept
    fd, addr = self._accept()
KeyboardInterrupt
root@bob1:~# nano secure_chat_app.py
root@bob1:~# python3 secure_chat_app.py -s
Binding to IP address: 172.31.0.3
The chat server
TCP Connection established with client:ip=172.31.0.2
Alice: chat_hello
Bob: chat_reply
Alice: chat_STARTTLS
Bob: chat_STARTTLS_ACK
TLSv1.3 Connection established with client:ip=172.31.0.2
hi bob
hi, what's up alice ?
nothing much homie
wanna come to my palace ?
sure, browie
come in the evening. Spend the night here.
ok, dude
chat_close
root@bob1:~#
```

Task 3

The approach we used is as follows :

- to DNS poisoning. Use Alice and Bob's msg will start going to Trudy.
- Bob will start secure chat as server.
- Trudy use its interceptor program will become client for Bob

And also become server for Alice.

- When Alice starts secure chat as client it will get connected to Trudy.
- Whatever buffer Trudy receives from Alice copies to Bob's buffer and vice versa.
- Except the chat_STARTTLS msg from Alice which he will not pass to Bob and just reply to Alice chat_STARTTLS_NOT_SUPPORTED.

TASK 4

If you have implemented Task 3 then it is similar.

To DNS poisoning. Use Alice and Bob's msg will start going to Trudy.

- Bob will start secure chat as server.
- Trudy through its interceptor program will become client for Bob

And also become server for Alice.

- When Alice starts secure chat as client it will get connected to Trudy.
- Whatever buffer Trudy receives from Alice, he can send the same or modify it before passing it to Bob and vice versa.

• When Alice starts the TLS connection with Bob, it actually reaches Trudy. So Trudy will establish one TLS connection with Alice as server. Trudy will establish another TLS connection with Bob as client.

• Trudy becomes server (use fakebob.crt) for Alice and becomes client (fakealice.crt) for Bob. So 2 TLS connection method in a single file.