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In [29]: #Practical-6 : Classification of Images from Not-MNIST dataset using SVM Class
         ifier
         #Shubham S Kale
         import os
         import struct
         import numpy as np
         import csv
         import random
         import math
         import operator
         def read(dataset = "training", path = "."):
             if dataset is "training":
                 fname_img = os.path.join(path, 'train-images')
                 fname lbl = os.path.join(path, 'train-labels')
             elif dataset is "testing":
                 fname_img = os.path.join(path, 'test-images')
                 fname_lbl = os.path.join(path, 'test-labels')
             else:
                 raise ValueError, "dataset must be 'testing' or 'training'"
             # Load everything in some numpy arrays
             with open(fname lbl, 'rb') as flbl:
                 magic, num = struct.unpack(">II", flbl.read(8))
                 lbl = np.fromfile(flbl, dtype=np.int8)
             with open(fname_img, 'rb') as fimg:
                 magic, num, rows, cols = struct.unpack(">IIII", fimg.read(16))
                 img = np.fromfile(fimg, dtype=np.uint8).reshape(len(lbl), rows, cols)
             get img = lambda idx: (lbl[idx], img[idx])
             # Create an iterator which returns each image in turn
             for i in xrange(len(lbl)):
                 yield get img(i)
         def show(image):
             from matplotlib import pyplot
             import matplotlib as mpl
             fig = pyplot.figure()
             ax = fig.add subplot(1,1,1)
             imgplot = ax.imshow(image, cmap=mpl.cm.Greys)
             imgplot.set interpolation('nearest')
             ax.xaxis.set ticks position('top')
             ax.yaxis.set_ticks_position('left')
             pyplot.show()
```

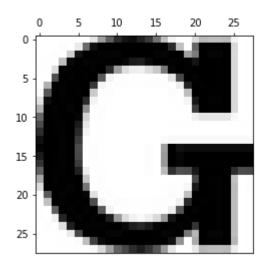
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In [30]: training data = list(read(dataset='training', path='.'))
         testing data = list(read(dataset='testing', path='.'))
         print len(training data)
         print len(testing_data)
         60000
         10000
In [31]: tr dt = np.zeros(shape=(60000,784))
         tr lbl = np.zeros(shape=(60000,1))
         ts dt = np.zeros(shape=(10000,784))
         ts lbl = np.zeros(shape=(10000,1))
In [32]: for i in xrange(len(training_data)):
             label, pixels = training data[i]
             tr_dt[i,:] = pixels.reshape((1,784))
             tr_lbl[i,:] = label
         for i in xrange(len(testing data)):
             label, pixels = testing data[i]
             ts_dt[i,:] = pixels.reshape((1,784))
             ts lbl[i,:] = label
In [44]: import random
         num of samples for training = 5000
         num_of_samples_for_testing = 250
         indices_train = random.sample(range(0, 59999), num_of_samples_for_training)
         traindata = tr dt[indices train,:]
         trainlabel = tr_lbl[indices_train,:]
         indices_test = random.sample(range(0, 9999), num_of_samples_for_testing)
         testdata = ts dt[indices test,:]
         testlabel = ts lbl[indices test,:]
In [45]:
         print 'trainset = ', traindata.shape
         print 'testset = ', testdata.shape
         print 'trainlabel = ', trainlabel.shape
         print 'testlabel = ', testlabel.shape
                    = (5000L, 784L)
         trainset
                    = (250L, 784L)
         testset
         trainlabel = (5000L, 1L)
         testlabel = (250L, 1L)
```

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In [46]: trainingSet = np.concatenate((traindata, trainlabel), axis=1)
    testSet = np.concatenate((testdata, testlabel), axis=1)
    print trainingSet.shape
    print testSet.shape

(5000L, 785L)
    (250L, 785L)
```

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In [47]: label, pixels = training_data[500]
    print(label)
    print(pixels.shape)
    show(pixels)
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6 (28L, 28L)



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In [48]: from sklearn import svm
sup_vec= svm.SVC()
print('SVM score: %f' % sup_vec.fit(traindata, trainlabel.ravel()).score(testd ata, testlabel.ravel()))
```

SVM score: 0.116000

In [ ]: