### Q1: Subtract two matrices

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[2][2], b[2][2], c[2][2];
    printf("Enter elements of first 2x2 matrix:\n");
     for(int i=0; i<2; i++)
          for(int j=0; j<2; j++)
               scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     printf("Enter elements of second 2x2 matrix:\n");
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
          for(int j=0; j<2; j++)
               scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
     printf("Subtraction of two matrices:\n");
     for(int i=0; i<2; i++){
          for(int j=0; j<2; j++){
               c[i][j] = a[i][j] - b[i][j];
               printf("%d ", c[i][j]);
          printf("\n");
     }
    return 0;
}
```

#### Output:

Enter elements of first 2x2 matrix: 10 5 3 8

Enter elements of second 2x2 matrix: 2 1 0 4

Subtraction of two matrices: 8 4

3 4

# **Q2:** Compute the GCD of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter two numbers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    while(a != b) {
        if(a > b)
            a -= b;
        else
            b -= a;
    }
    printf("GCD = %d", a);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Enter two numbers: 48 18

GCD = 6

### Q3: Delete an element from an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int arr[10], n, pos;
    printf("Enter number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
     printf("Enter elements: ");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    printf("Enter position to delete: ");
     scanf("%d", &pos);
    for(int i=pos-1;i<n-1;i++)
          arr[i]=arr[i+1];
    n--;
    printf("Array after deletion: ");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Output:
Enter number of elements: 5
```

Enter elements: 10 20 30 40 50

Enter position to delete: 3

Array after deletion: 10 20 40 50

# Q4: Calculate the perimeter of a square

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    float side;
    printf("Enter side of square: ");
    scanf("%f", &side);
    printf("Perimeter = %.2f", 4*side);
    return 0;
}
```

# Output:

Enter side of square: 12.5

Perimeter = 50.00

## Q5: Compute the LCM of two numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a,b,max;
    printf("Enter two numbers: ");
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
    max = (a > b) ? a : b;
    while(1) {
        if(max%a==0 && max%b==0) {
            printf("LCM = %d", max);
            break;
        }
        ++max;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

### Output:

Enter two numbers: 15 20

LCM = 60

# Q6: Insert an element at a specific position in an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
     int arr[20], n, pos, val;
    printf("Enter number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter elements: ");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    printf("Enter position and value to insert: ");
     scanf("%d%d",&pos,&val);
     for(int i=n;i\geq=pos;i--)
          arr[i]=arr[i-1];
     arr[pos-1]=val;
     n++;
     printf("Array after insertion: ");
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) printf("%d", arr[i]);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Output:

Enter number of elements: 4

Enter elements: 10 20 40 50

Enter position and value to insert: 3 30

Array after insertion: 10 20 30 40 50
```

# Q7: Reverse a given string

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main() {
    char str[50];
    printf("Enter string: ");
    gets(str);
    strrev(str);
    printf("Reversed string: %s", str);
    return 0;
}
```

# Output:

Enter string: Hello World

Reversed string: dlroW olleH

# Q8: Check whether a number is perfect

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, sum=0;
    printf("Enter number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
        if(n%i==0)
            sum+=i;
    if(sum==n) printf("Perfect number");
    else printf("Not perfect");
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

### Output:

Enter number: 6

Perfect number

## **Q9:** Find the largest of three numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a,b,c;
    printf("Enter three numbers: ");
    scanf("%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c);
    if(a>=b && a>=c)
        printf("%d is largest", a);
    else if(b>=a && b>=c)
        printf("%d is largest", b);
    else
        printf("%d is largest", c);
    return 0;
}
```

#### Output:

Enter three numbers: 15 22 10

22 is largest

# Q10: Find the largest of five numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[5], max;
    printf("Enter 5 numbers: ");
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    max=a[0];
    for(int i=1;i<5;i++)
        if(a[i]>max) max=a[i];
    printf("Largest = %d", max);
    return 0;
}
```

#### Output:

Enter 5 numbers: -5 12 30 8 19

Largest = 30

### Q11: Search for an element in an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[10], n, key, found=0;
    printf("Enter number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter elements: ");
    for(int i=0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    printf("Enter element to search: ");
    scanf("%d",&key);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
          if(a[i]==key){
              printf("Found at position %d", i+1);
               found=1;
               break;
          }
    if(!found) printf("Not found");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Output:

Enter number of elements: 5

Enter elements: 2 8 5 12 7

Enter element to search: 5

Found at position 3
```

# **Q12: Convert meters to centimeters**

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    float m;
    printf("Enter meters: ");
    scanf("%f",&m);
    printf("Centimeters = %.2f", m*100);
    return 0;
}
```

## Output:

Enter meters: 3.45

Centimeters = 345.00

# Q13: Print the first N natural numbers in reverse

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter N: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(int i=n;i>=1;i--)
        printf("%d", i);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Output:
Enter N: 7
7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

# Q14: Find the smallest element in a 1D array

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[10], n, min;
    printf("Enter number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter elements: ");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    min=a[0];
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
        if(a[i]<min) min=a[i];
    printf("Smallest = %d", min);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Output:

Enter number of elements: 6

Enter elements: 15 8 22 -4 1 10

Smallest = -4
```

# Q15: Check whether a number is strong

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fact(int n){
    int f=1;
    for(int i=1; i \le n; i++) f^*=i;
    return f;
}
int main(){
    int n, temp, sum=0;
    printf("Enter number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
     temp=n;
    while(n>0){
         sum+=fact(n%10);
         n=10;
    if(sum==temp) printf("Strong number");
    else printf("Not strong");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Enter number: 145

Strong number