```
%%writefile Gauri_vectoradd.cu
#include <iostream>
#include <cuda_runtime.h>
using namespace std;
__global__ void addVectors(int* A, int* B, int* C, int n)
int i = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
if (i < n)
C[i] = A[i] + B[i];
int main()
int n = 1000000;
int* A, * B, * C;
int size = n * sizeof(int);
// Allocate memory on the host
cudaMallocHost(&A, size);
cudaMallocHost(&B, size);
cudaMallocHost(&C, size);
// Initialize the vectors
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
A[i] = i;
B[i] = i * 2;
}
// Allocate memory on the device
int* dev_A, * dev_B, * dev_C;
cudaMalloc(&dev_A, size);
cudaMalloc(&dev_B, size);
cudaMalloc(&dev_C, size);
// Copy data from host to device
cudaMemcpy(dev_A, A, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(dev_B, B, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
// Launch the kernel
int blockSize = 256;
int numBlocks = (n + blockSize - 1) / blockSize;
addVectors<<<numBlocks, blockSize>>>(dev_A, dev_B, dev_C, n);
// Copy data from device to host
cudaMemcpy(C, dev_C, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
// Print the results
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
cout << C[i] << " ";
cout << endl;</pre>
// Free memory
cudaFree(dev_A);
cudaFree(dev_B);
cudaFree(dev_C);
cudaFreeHost(A);
cudaFreeHost(B);
cudaFreeHost(C);
return 0;
}
→ Writing Gauri_vectoradd.cu
!nvcc Gauri_vectoradd.cu -o Gauri_vectoradd
!./Gauri_vectoradd
     0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27
```

Start coding or generate with AI.