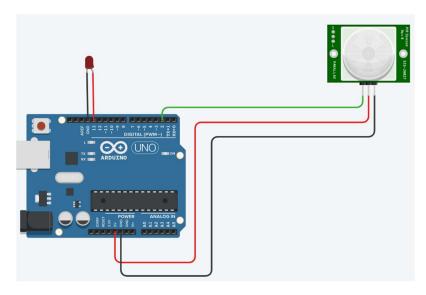
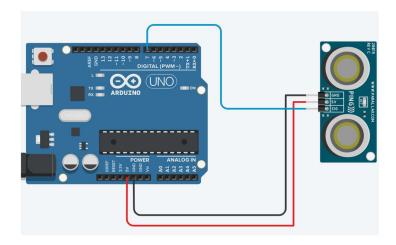


```
void setup() {
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT); // Set pin 13 as an OUTPUT
}

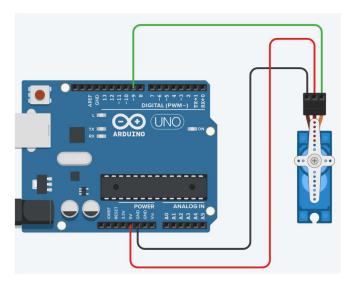
void loop() {
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // Turn the LED ON
  delay(1000); // Wait for 1 second
  digitalWrite(13, LOW); // Turn the LED OFF
  delay(1000); // Wait for 1 second
}
```



```
// Define pins
int pirPin = 2; // PIR sensor is connected to digital pin 2
int ledPin = 13; // LED is connected to digital pin 13
void setup() {
 pinMode(pirPin, INPUT); // Set PIR sensor pin as input
 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT); // Set LED pin as output
 Serial.begin(9600); // Initialize serial monitor for debugging
}
void loop() {
 int motionDetected = digitalRead(pirPin); // Read PIR sensor status
 if (motionDetected == HIGH) { // If motion is detected
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // Turn on LED
  Serial.println("Motion Detected!"); // Print to Serial Monitor
 } else {
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // Turn off LED
 }
 delay(100); // Small delay for stability
}
```

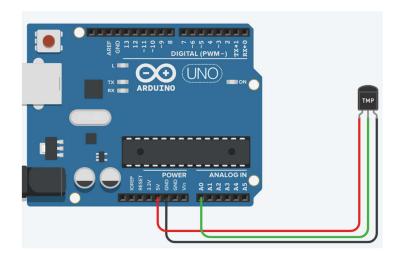


```
void setup()
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
 pinMode(7,OUTPUT);
 long duration;
 long distance;
 digitalWrite(7,LOW);
 delayMicroseconds(2);
 digitalWrite(7,HIGH);
 delayMicroseconds(10);
 digitalWrite(7,LOW);
 //set sensorPin as input to read
 pinMode(7,INPUT);
 duration = pulseIn(7,HIGH);//reading echo
 distance = duration*0.034/2;
 Serial.print("Distance: ");
 Serial.print(distance);
 Serial.println(" cm");
 delay(1000);
}
```

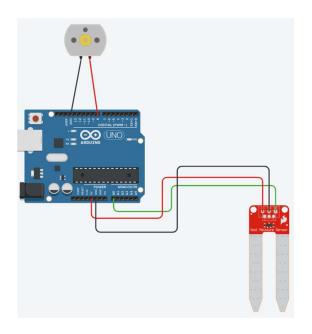


```
#include <Servo.h> // Include the Servo library
Servo myServo; // Create a Servo object
void setup() {
  myServo.attach(9); // Attach the servo to pin 9
}
void loop() {
  // Turn 180° clockwise
  myServo.write(180); // Move to 180 degrees
  delay(3000); // Wait for 1 second

// Turn 180° counterclockwise
  myServo.write(0); // Move back to 0 degrees
  delay(3000); // Wait for 1 second
}
```



```
float temp;
                // Variable to store the analog sensor value
int tempPin = A0; // TMP36 sensor connected to analog pin A0
float voltage;
                // Variable to store the voltage
float temperatureC; // Temperature in Celsius
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600); // Initialize Serial Communication
}
void loop() {
 // Read the analog voltage from the sensor (0-1023)
 temp = analogRead(tempPin);
 // Convert the analog reading to voltage (assuming a 5V reference)
 voltage = temp * (5.0 / 1024.0);
 // Calculate temperature in Celsius
 temperatureC = (voltage - 0.5) * 100.0;
 // Display the results
 Serial.print("The temperature is: ");
 Serial.print(temperatureC);
 Serial.println(" *C");
 delay(1000); // Wait 1 second before updating
}
```



```
// Define pins
const int moisturePin = A0; // Soil moisture sensor analog pin
const int Motor = 8; // SPDT relay control pin
int moisture Value = 0; // Variable to store soil moisture value
void setup() {
 pinMode(Motor, OUTPUT); // Set relay pin as output
 digitalWrite(Motor, LOW); // Turn off relay initially (motor off)
 Serial.begin(9600);
                          // Start serial communication
}
void loop() {
 moistureValue = analogRead(moisturePin); // Read soil moisture sensor value
 Serial.print("Moisture Value: ");
 Serial.println(moistureValue);
 // Adjust the threshold value based on soil moisture calibration
 if (moistureValue < 500) {
  // Soil is dry: Turn on the motor
  digitalWrite(Motor, HIGH); // Activate relay (motor ON)
  Serial.println("Motor ON - Soil is Dry");
 } else {
```

```
// Soil is wet: Turn off the motor
digitalWrite(Motor, LOW); // Deactivate relay (motor OFF)
Serial.println("Motor OFF - Soil is Wet");
}
delay(1000); // Wait for 1 second
}
```