Algorithm 1 Inverse Kinematics with Redundancy Handling and Joint Limits

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Require: \mathbf{x}_{target}: Target position and quaternion orientation
                  \mathbf{q}_{seed}: Initial joint configuration (seed)
                 \mathbf{q}_{min}: Vector of lower joint limits
                 \mathbf{q}_{max}: Vector of upper joint limits
                 \epsilon: Tolerance for convergence
                 \lambda: Damping factor
                 \alpha: Secondary objective gain
                 maxIterations: maximum number of iterations
  1: Initialize \mathbf{q} \leftarrow \mathbf{q}_{seed}
  2: \lambda \leftarrow 1 \times 10^{-6}
 3: \alpha \leftarrow 0.01
  4: for i = 1 to maxIterations do
          Compute forward kinematics \mathbf{T} \leftarrow \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{q})
          Compute Jacobian \mathbf{J} \leftarrow \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{q})
  6:
 7:
          Compute error \mathbf{e} \leftarrow \mathbf{x}_{target} - \mathbf{x}(\mathbf{T})
         if \|\mathbf{e}\| < \epsilon then
 8:
 9:
             return q
          end if
10:
          Compute damped pseudo-inverse \mathbf{J}_{\text{pinv}} \leftarrow \mathbf{J}^T (\mathbf{J}\mathbf{J}^T + \lambda \mathbf{I})^{-1}
11:
          Compute null-space projection matrix \mathbf{N} \leftarrow \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{J}_{\mathrm{pinv}} \mathbf{J}
12:
          Compute secondary objective:
13:
          \mathbf{q}_{mid} \leftarrow \frac{\mathbf{q}_{max} + \mathbf{q}_{min}}{2}
14:
15:
          \mathbf{q}_{diff} \leftarrow \mathbf{q} - \mathbf{q}_{mid}
          \mathbf{q}_{sec} \leftarrow -\alpha \mathbf{q}_{diff}
16:
          Compute joint update \Delta \mathbf{q} \leftarrow \mathbf{J}_{pinv} \mathbf{e} + \mathbf{N} \mathbf{q}_{sec}
17:
          Update joint angles \mathbf{q} \leftarrow \mathbf{q} + \Delta \mathbf{q}
18:
19:
          Enforce joint limits:
20:
          for j = 1 to size(q) do
21:
             if q[j] < q_{min}[j] then
22:
                 \mathbf{q}[j] \leftarrow \mathbf{q}_{min}[j]
              end if
23:
             if q[j] > q_{max}[j] then
24:
25:
                 \mathbf{q}[j] \leftarrow \mathbf{q}_{max}[j]
              end if
26:
27:
          end for
28: end for
29: Print "Max number of iterations reached. Solution found is proximal."
30: return q
```