

② a) $P(w/sam)$ ~~2/5~~

$$P(I/sam) = 3/5$$

$$P(<I>/sam) = 2/5$$

$$\text{Max}(3/5, 2/5) = 3/5 (I)$$

∴ Next probable word is 'I'

I <S> Sam I

b) <S> Sam I do....

$$P(w/do)$$

$$P(I/do) = 1/2$$

$$P(like/do) = 1/2$$

∴ Both the words are equally probable.

c) Sam I am Sam....

$$P(w/sam)$$

$$P(I/sam) = 3/5$$

$$P(<I>/sam) = 2/5$$

$$\text{Max}(3/5, 2/5) = 3/5 (I)$$

Hence, <S> Sam I am Sam I....

d) <S> do I like....

$$P(w/like)$$

$$P(sam/like) = 1/3$$

$$P(<I>/like) = 2/3$$

Hence, probable word is "<I>"

③ a) <S> Sam I do like <I>

$$P(a) = P(sam | <S>) * P(I | sam) * P(do | I) * P(like | do) * P(<I> | like)$$

$$= \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.024}}$$

b) $\langle s \rangle$ Sam I am $\langle s \rangle$

$$P(b) = P(\langle s \rangle | \text{Sam}) * P(I | \text{Sam}) * P(\text{am} | I) * P(\langle s \rangle | \text{am})$$

$$= \frac{3}{5} * \frac{3}{5} * \frac{2}{5} * \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.072}}$$

c) $\langle s \rangle$ I do like Sam I am $\langle s \rangle$

$$P(c) = P(I | \langle s \rangle) * P(\text{do} | I) * P(\text{like} | \text{do}) * P(\text{Sam} | \text{like}) * P(I | \text{Sam})$$

$$* P(\text{am} | I) * P(\langle s \rangle | \text{am})$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} * \frac{1}{5} * \frac{1}{2} * 0 * \frac{3}{5} * \frac{2}{5} * \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 0$$

\therefore The sentence $\langle s \rangle$ Sam I am $\langle s \rangle$ is most probable.

9.3] Bi-gram LM with laplace smoothing

Words	Count
I	5
am	2
Sam	5
do	2
like	3

Total unique words = ~~8~~ 6 (excluding $\langle s \rangle$)

$$P(\text{do} | I) = \frac{C(I | \text{do}) + 1}{C(I) + 6} = \frac{1 + 1}{5 + 6} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$P(\text{do} | \text{Sam}) = \frac{C(\text{Sam} | \text{do}) + 1}{C(\text{Sam}) + 6} = \frac{0 + 1}{5 + 6} = \frac{1}{11}$$

$$P(\text{Sam} | \langle s \rangle) = \frac{C(\langle s \rangle | \text{Sam}) + 1}{C(\langle s \rangle) + 6} = \frac{3 + 1}{5 + 6} = \frac{4}{11}$$

$$P(I|Sam) = \frac{c(Sam|I)+1}{c(Sam)+6} = \frac{3+1}{5+6} = \frac{4}{11}$$

$$P(I|do) = \frac{c(do|I)+1}{c(do)+6} = \frac{1+1}{2+6} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(like|I) = \frac{c(I|like)+1}{c(I)+6} = \frac{2+1}{5+6} = \frac{3}{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ a) } P = P(do|<s>) \cdot P(Sam|do) \cdot P(I|Sam) \cdot P(like|I)$$

$$= \frac{1+1}{5+6} \cdot \frac{0+1}{2+6} \cdot \frac{3+1}{5+6} \cdot \frac{2+1}{5+6}$$

$$= 2.25 \times 10^{-3}$$









$$\text{b) } P = P(Sam|<s>) \cdot P(do|Sam) \cdot P(I|do) \cdot P(like|I)$$

$$= \frac{3+1}{5+6} \cdot \frac{0+1}{5+6} \cdot \frac{1+1}{2+6} \cdot \frac{2+1}{5+6}$$

$$= 2.25 \times 10^{-3}$$

\therefore The two sequences are equally probable

Q.4] ~~Case 1: $c(r) = c(i) = c(o) = 1$~~

	Null	H	U	N	D	A	I
Null		1	2	3	4	5	6
H	1		1	2	3	4	5
O	2	1		1	2	3	4
N	3	2	2		2	3	4
D	4	3	3	2		2	3
A	5	4	4	3	2		
I							

HUNDAI
HONDA

replace (U, O)
Delete (I)

~~Minimum Edit Distance is 2~~

Case 1: $C(R) = C(I) = C(D) = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{Minimum Edit distance} &= 1 \times C(R) + 1 \times C(D) \\ &= 1 \times 1 + 1 \times 1 \\ &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Case 2: $C(I) = C(D) = 1$ & $C(R) = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{Minimum Edit Distance} &= 1 \times C(R) + 1 \times C(D) \\ &= 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 1 \\ &= 3\end{aligned}$$

Q5] a) Bigram, $P(t_i, t_{i-1}) = \frac{c(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{c(t_{i-1})}$

Trigram, $P(t_i, t_{i-1}, t_{i-2}) = \frac{c(t_{i-2}, t_{i-1}, t_i)}{c(t_{i-2}, t_{i-1})}$

(i) $P(JJ | DT) = \frac{4}{12} = 0.333$

(ii) ~~$P(VN | DT, JJ)$~~
 $P(VB | TO) = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

(iii) $P(VN | DT, JJ) = \frac{4}{4} = 1$

$$b) P(w_i | t_i) = \frac{c(t_i | w_i)}{c(t_i)}$$

$$① P(\text{go} | \text{VB}) = \frac{2}{6} = 0.333$$

$$② P(\text{fish} | \text{NN}) = \frac{7}{15} = 0.466$$

$$8.6] P(\text{the light book} | \text{Det JJ NN})$$

$$= P(\text{the} | \text{DT}) \cdot P(\text{light} | \text{JJ}) \cdot P(\text{book} | \text{NN}) \cdot P(\text{OT} | \text{start})$$

$$P(\text{JJ} | \text{DT}) \cdot P(\text{NN} | \text{JJ})$$

$$= 0.3 \times 0.002 \times 0.003 \times 0.45 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{4.86 \times 10^{-8}}}$$