1. Write a program to calculate the sum of two matrices each of order 3x3.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int b[3][3]={0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8};
  int c[3][3],i,j;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
 {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
       c[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
  } for(i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
     printf("%d ",c[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  } return 0;
}
2. Write a program to calculate the product of two matrices each of order 3x3.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3]={1,0,0,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int b[3][3]={0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8};
  int c[3][3],i,j,k,sum;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
      {
```

```
sum=0;
    for(k=0;k<3;k++)
      sum=sum+a[i][k]*b[k][j];
    c[i][j] = sum;
      }
  }for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
   printf("%d ",c[i][j]);
   printf("\n");
  }return 0;
}
3. Write a program in C to find the transpose of a given matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int c[3][3],i,j;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
 {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
      c[i][j]=a[j][i];
  } for(i=0;i<3;i++)
 { for(j=0;j<3;j++)
     printf("%d ",c[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
 }
     return 0;
}
```

4. Write a program in C to find the sum of right diagonals of a matrix.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int i,j,sum=0;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    if(i==j)
    sum = a[i][j]+sum;
  } printf("%d",sum);
   return 0;
}
5. Write a program in C to find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int i,j,sum=0;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    if(i+j==2)
    sum = a[i][j]+sum;
  } printf("%d",sum);
   return 0;
}
```

6. Write a program in C to find the sum of rows and columns of a Matrix.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int i,j,sum=0;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    sum = a[i][j]+sum;
  } printf("%d",sum);
   return 0;
}
7. Write a program in C to print or display the lower triangular of a given matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int i,j;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
     for(j=2-i;j<3;j++)
     printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
   }return 0;
}
8. Write a program in C to print or display an upper triangular matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int a[3][3]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  int i,j;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
     for(j=0;j<=2-i;j++)
     printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
   }return 0;
}
9. Write a program in C to accept a matrix and determine whether it is a sparse matrix.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3],i,j,count=0;
  printf("Enter the 3*3 matrix\n");
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
  } for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    if(a[i][j]==0)
    count++;
 Ж
  if(count>((i*j)/2))
    printf("Matrix is a sparse matrix");
  else
    printf("Matrix is not sparse matrix");
```

```
} return 0;
}
10. Write a program in C to find the row with maximum number of 1s
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a[3][3],i,j,count=0,max,index=0;
  printf("Enter the 3*3 matrix\n");
  for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
  } for(i=0;i<3;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<3;j++)
    if(a[i][j]==1)
    count++;
    }
    if(count>max)
    {
       max = count;
       index = i;
    }printf("Index of row with maximum no. of 1s is %d",index);
  return 0;
}
```