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EXPERIMENT 3

Aim:

Given a grammar find the first and follow set of non-terminals.

Theory:

FIRST SET

FIRST(X) for a grammar symbol X is the set of terminals that begin the strings derivable from X.

Rules to compute FIRST set:

- 1. If x is a terminal, then FIRST(x) = { 'x' }
- 2. If $x > \mathcal{E}$, is a production rule, then add \mathcal{E} to FIRST(x).
- 3. If X->Y1 Y2 Y3....Yn is a production,
 - 1. FIRST(X) = FIRST(Y1)
 - 2. If FIRST(Y1) contains ε then FIRST(X) = { FIRST(Y1) ε } U { FIRST(Y2) }
 - 3. If FIRST (Yi) contains ε for all i = 1 to n, then add ε to FIRST(X).

Example:

Production Rules of Grammar

```
S -> ACB | Cbb | Ba
A -> da | BC
B -> g | €
C -> h | €
```

FIRST sets

```
FIRST(S) = FIRST(ACB) U FIRST(Cbb) U FIRST(Ba)

= { d, g, h, b, a, \in}

FIRST(A) = { d } U FIRST(BC)

= { d, g, h, \in }

FIRST(B) = { g, \in }

FIRST(C) = { h, \in }
```

- 1. The grammar used above is Context-Free Grammar (CFG). Syntax of most of the programming language can be specified using CFG.
- 2. CFG is of the form A -> B, where A is a single Non-Terminal, and B can be a set of grammar symbols (i.e. Terminals as well as Non-Terminals)

FOLLOW SET

Follow(X) to be the set of terminals that can appear immediately to the right of Non-Terminal X in some sentential form.

Rules to compute FOLLOW set:

- 1. FOLLOW(S) = { \$ } // where S is the starting Non-Terminal
- 2. If A -> pBq is a production, where p, B and q are any grammar symbols, then everything in FIRST(q) except € is in FOLLOW(B).
- 3. If A->pB is a production, then everything in FOLLOW(A) is in FOLLOW(B).
- If A->pBq is a production and FIRST(q) contains €, then FOLLOW(B) contains {
 FIRST(q) − € } U FOLLOW(A)

Example:

Production Rules:

```
E -> TE'
E' -> +T E'|€
T -> F T'
T' -> *F T' | €
F -> (E) | id
```

FIRST set

```
\begin{split} & \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{E}) = \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{T}) = \{ \ ( \ , \mathsf{id} \ \} \\ & \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{E}') = \{ \ +, \ \varepsilon \ \} \\ & \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{T}) = \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{F}) = \{ \ ( \ , \mathsf{id} \ \} \\ & \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{T}') = \{ \ ^*, \ \varepsilon \ \} \\ & \mathsf{FIRST}(\mathsf{F}) = \{ \ ( \ , \mathsf{id} \ \} \end{split}
```

FOLLOW Set

- 1. E as a FOLLOW doesn't mean anything (E is an empty string).
- 2. \$ is called end-marker, which represents the end of the input string, hence used while parsing to indicate that the input string has been completely processed.
- 3. The grammar used above is Context-Free Grammar (CFG). The syntax of a programming language can be specified using CFG.
- 4. CFG is of the form A -> B, where A is a single Non-Terminal, and B can be a set of grammar symbols (i.e. Terminals as well as Non-Terminals)

Implementation

Code:

```
def first set(var):
    global productions, variables, terminals
    first = set()
    prods = []
    if var in terminals:
        return {var}
    for production in productions:
        if production[0] == var:
            prods.append(production[1])
    for prod in prods:
        if len(prod)==0:
            first.add('')
        elif prod[0] in terminals:
            first.add(prod[0])
        else:
            c = 0
            flag = True
            while flag:
                first_var = first_set(prod[c])
                if '' in first var:
                    first_var.remove('')
                else:
                    flag=False
                first = first first var
                c+=1
                if c== len(prod) and flag:
                    first.add('')
                    flag = False
    return first
def follow_set(var):
   global productions, variables, terminals, starting
    prods = []
    for production in productions:
        if var in production[1]:
            prods.append(production)
    follow = set()
    if var == starting:
```

```
follow.add('$')
    for prod in prods:
        pos = []
        for i in range(len(prod[1])):
            if prod[1][i] == var:
                try:
                    if pos[-1]==i-1:
                        pos[-1]+=1
                    else:
                        pos.append(i)
                except:
                    pos.append(i)
        for p in pos:
            if p == len(prod[1])-1:
                if prod[0]!=var:
                    follow = follow|follow_set(prod[0])
            else:
                first_next= first_set(prod[1][p+1])
                if '' in first_next:
                    if prod[0] != var:
                        follow = follow|follow_set(prod[0])
                    first_next.remove('')
                follow = follow first next
    return follow
terminals = set()
variables = set()
productions = []
starting = ''
while True:
    lhs = input(" + Enter the LHS of the production: ")
    rhs = input(" + Enter the RHS of the production: ")
    variables.add(lhs)
    for i in rhs:
        if i.lower() == i:
            terminals.add(i)
        else:
            variables.add(i)
    if len(rhs)==0:
```

```
productions.append((lhs, ''))
       terminals.add('')
   else:
       productions.append((lhs, [i for i in rhs]))
   end = input(" - Any more productions? (y/n) :- ")
   if end == 'n':
      break
starting = input(" + Enter the starting non terminal: ")
first = dict()
follow = dict()
for i in variables:
   first[i] = first_set(i)
   follow[i] = follow_set(i)
print("-----")
for i in sorted(list(variables)):
   print(' ', i, first[i])
print("-----")
for i in sorted(list(variables)):
 print(' ', i, follow[i])
```

Result:

Explanation:

```
S->aBbDh
                                       First(S)={a}
B->cC
                                       First(B)=\{c\}
C->bc/ε
                                       First(C)=\{b/\epsilon\}
                                       First(D)={First(E)- \epsilon U First (F)}={g,f, \epsilon}
D->EF
                                       First(E) = \{g, \varepsilon\}
E->g/ε
                                       First(F) = \{f, \epsilon\}
F->f/ ε
                                       Follow(S)={$}
                                       Follow(B)={b}
                                       Follow(C)={b}
                                       Follow(D)={h}
                                       Follow(E)=\{f,h\}
                                       Follow(F)={h}
```

Output: (considering ' ' as €)

```
PS D:\SPIT\SEM 6\CC Lab> py exe3.py
+ Enter the LHS of the production: S
+ Enter the RHS of the production: aBbDh
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: B
+ Enter the RHS of the production: cC
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: C
+ Enter the RHS of the production: bc
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: C
+ Enter the RHS of the production:
 - Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: D
+ Enter the RHS of the production: EF
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: E
+ Enter the RHS of the production: g
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: E
+ Enter the RHS of the production:
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: F
+ Enter the RHS of the production: f
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
+ Enter the LHS of the production: F
+ Enter the RHS of the production:
- Any more productions? (y/n) :- n
+ Enter the starting non terminal: S
             -----FIRST--
  B {'c'}
      'a
                 -FOLLOW---
  B {'b'}
  C {'b'
      'h'}
  E {'f',
           'h'}
      'h'
```

```
PS D:\SPIT\SEM 6\CC Lab> py exe3.py
 + Enter the LHS of the production: S
 + Enter the RHS of the production: AaAb
 - Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
 + Enter the LHS of the production: S
 + Enter the RHS of the production: BbBa
 - Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
 + Enter the LHS of the production: A
 + Enter the RHS of the production:
 - Any more productions? (y/n) :- y
 + Enter the LHS of the production: B
 + Enter the RHS of the production:
                                                          S->AaAb/BbBa
 - Any more productions? (y/n) :- n
                                                          Α-> ε
 + Enter the starting non terminal: S
                -----FIRST-----
   В
                                                            First(A) = \{\epsilon\}
       'a', 'b'}
                                                            First(B)=\{\epsilon\}
                     -FOLLOW-
                                                            First(S)={First(A)- \varepsilon U First(a)} U{First(B)- \varepsilon U First(b)={a,b}
   A {'a', 'b'}
B {'a', 'b'}
                                                            Follow(S) ={$}
                                                            Follow(A)={a,b}
                                                            Follow(B)={b,a}
```

Conclusion:

From the above experiment, I was able to implement code and programmatically execute and verify the working of FIRST and FOLLOW SET by finding it for a given grammar.

Ref.:

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/first-set-in-syntax-analysis/
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/follow-set-in-syntax-analysis/