

Shri Vile Parle Kelavani Mandal's DWARKADAS J. SANGHVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous College Affiliated to the University of Mumbai) NAAC Accredited with "A" Grade (CGPA: 3.18)



Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning B.Tech. Sem: V Subject: Full Stack Development Laboratory (DJS22AML504)

Experiment 10

Name: Shu	bham Mourya SAP ID: 60017230110
	Nome: Shubbarn Marya A065 60017232110
	Enhaiment No: 10 Acm: break an application to demonstrate Node J8 function
	Theory:
	Node JS is powerful event doiven, non-blocking IlO modul for building scalable applications. It is posticuolously well suited for building web server.
	Synchronous Franctions: Franctions that black the execution although, until they are completed. Asynchronous Franction: Franctions that given independently without blocking the main program flow.
	Callback: Function that are passed as argument and give excuted once the asynchronous task is complete.
	Promose: A more motern way to have asynchronous operation Amow hunction: Short syntam for writing hunction m
(Sundaram)	Janascript FOR EDUCATIONAL USE



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	const data = "filtered data";
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	Conchision: Thus, we have various operation with feature
	foundam even by Node Is I we implemented the same
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Aim	Create an application to demonstrate Node.js Functions
Software	VS Code
Pre-	Active internet connection
requisite	
Code	server.js
	<pre>const express = require('express'); const path = require('path'); const cors = require('cors'); // Import cors const app = express();</pre>
	app.use(cors()); // Enable CORS for all routes app.use(express.json()); // Middleware to parse JSON requests
	<pre>// Serve the HTML file on the root route app.get('/', (req, res) => { res.sendFile(path.join(dirname, 'index.html')); });</pre>
	// Middleware Functions
	<pre>// Request Logging Middleware (Regular Function) function logRequest(req, res, next) { console.log(`\${req.method} request to \${req.url}`); next(); } app.use(logRequest);</pre>
	// Error Handling Middleware (Arrow Function) const errorHandler = (err, req, res, next) => { console.error('Error:', err.message); res.status(500).json({ error: 'An error occurred', message: err.message }); };
	// Utility Functions
	// Formatting Response (Regular Function) function formatResponse(data) { return { success: true, timestamp: new Date(), data }; }
	// Generating Random Data (Arrow Function) const generateRandomId = () => Math.floor(Math.random() * 1000);
	// Route Handling Functions
	// Sample "database" (array) let items = [];



```
// Create Item (POST) - Regular Function
app.post('/items', (req, res) => {
  const newItem = { id: generateRandomId(), ...req.body };
  items.push(newItem);
  res.json(formatResponse(newItem));
// Read All Items (GET) - Anonymous Function
app.get('/items', function (req, res) {
  res.json(formatResponse(items));
});
// Read Single Item (GET by ID) - Arrow Function
app.get('/items/:id', (req, res) => {
  const item = items.find(i => i.id == req.params.id);
  if (item) {
     res.json(formatResponse(item));
     res.status(404).json({ error: 'Item not found' });
});
// Update Item (PUT) - Asynchronous Function with Try-Catch
app.put('/items/:id', async (req, res) => {
  try {
     const index = items.findIndex(i => i.id == req.params.id);
     if (index === -1) throw new Error('Item not found');
     items[index] = { ...items[index], ...req.body };
     res.json(formatResponse(items[index]));
  } catch (error) {
     res.status(404).json({ error: error.message });
});
// Delete Item (DELETE) - Callback with Promise
app.delete('/items/:id', (req, res) => {
  return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
     const index = items.findIndex(i => i.id == req.params.id);
     if (index !==-1) {
       const deletedItem = items.splice(index, 1);
       resolve(formatResponse(deletedItem[0]));
       reject(new Error('Item not found'));
  })
  .then(response => res.json(response))
```



```
.catch(error => res.status(404).json({ error: error.message }));
});
// Simulating Asynchronous Operations (Database call simulation)
app.get('/async-data', async (req, res, next) => {
  try {
    const data = await simulateAsyncDataFetch(); // Mock async function
    res.json(formatResponse(data));
  } catch (error) {
    next(error);
});
// Simulate async data fetch (returns data after 2 seconds)
function simulateAsyncDataFetch() {
  return new Promise((resolve) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
       resolve({ message: 'Simulated database data', timestamp: new Date()
});
     }, 2000);
  });
// Use error handling middleware
app.use(errorHandler);
// Start the server
const PORT = 3000;
app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`Server running on port ${PORT}`));
index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
scale=1.0">
  <title>Node.js API UI</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Node.js API Interaction UI</h1>
  <!-- Section for Creating a New Item -->
  <h2>Create Item</h2>
  <input type="text" id="createName" placeholder="Enter item name">
  <button onclick="createItem()">Create Item</button>
  <div id="createResult"></div>
```



```
<!-- Section for Reading All Items -->
  <h2>Get All Items</h2>
  <button onclick="getAllItems()">Fetch All Items</button>
  <div id="allItems"></div>
  <!-- Section for Updating an Item -->
  <h2>Update Item</h2>
  <input type="number" id="updateId" placeholder="Enter item ID">
  <input type="text" id="updateName" placeholder="Enter new item</pre>
name">
  <button onclick="updateItem()">Update Item</button>
  <div id="updateResult"></div>
  <!-- Section for Deleting an Item -->
  <h2>Delete Item</h2>
  <input type="number" id="deleteId" placeholder="Enter item ID">
  <button onclick="deleteItem()">Delete Item</button>
  <div id="deleteResult"></div>
  <!-- JavaScript for Making API Calls -->
  <script>
    const apiBase = 'http://localhost:3000';
    // Function to Create an Item
     async function createItem() {
       const name = document.getElementById('createName').value;
       const response = await fetch(`${apiBase}/items`, {
         method: 'POST',
         headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
         body: JSON.stringify({ name })
       });
       const result = await response.json();
       document.getElementById('createResult').innerText =
JSON.stringify(result);
    // Function to Get All Items
     async function getAllItems() {
       const response = await fetch(`${apiBase}/items`);
       const items = await response.json();
       document.getElementById('allItems').innerText =
JSON.stringify(items, null, 2);
    // Function to Update an Item
     async function updateItem() {
       const id = document.getElementById('updateId').value;
```



```
const name = document.getElementById('updateName').value;
       const response = await fetch(`${apiBase}/items/${id}`, {
          method: 'PUT',
         headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
         body: JSON.stringify({ name })
       const result = await response.json();
       document.getElementById('updateResult').innerText =
JSON.stringify(result);
    // Function to Delete an Item
     async function deleteItem() {
       const id = document.getElementById('deleteId').value;
       const response = await fetch(`${apiBase}/items/${id}`, {
          method: 'DELETE'
       const result = await response.json();
       document.getElementById('deleteResult').innerText =
JSON.stringify(result);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```





Result	Node.js API Interaction UI
	Create Item
	Shubham
	Get All Items
	Fetch All Items { "success": true, "timestamp": "2024-11-07T13:59:57.810Z", "data": [{ "id": 30, "name": "hello" }, { "id": 92, "name": "shubham" } } Update Item
	Enter item ID
	Delete Item
	Enter item ID Delete Item
Conclusion	Thus we have suggestfully performed conditional randoring in a Paget
Conclusion	Thus, we have successfully performed conditional rendering in a React application by demonstrating how server-side operations can be integrated with client-side interactions. This experiment covered CRUD operations and showcased the use of various function types in Node.js, including regular functions, arrow functions, and async functions. By building a simple UI in HTML, we enabled interaction with a Node.js API to create, read, update, and delete items, effectively simulating a full-stack web application without the need for a database. This practical experience enhances understanding of handling HTTP requests and responses in a web application.