## **Time Complexity 1**

## **Arithmetic Progression**

An arithmetic progression or arithmetic sequence is a sequence of numbers such that the difference between the consecutive terms is constant.

For instance, the sequence 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, . . . is an arithmetic progression with a common difference of 2.

If the initial term of an arithmetic progression is  $a_1$  and the common difference of successive members is d, then the n-th term of the sequence  $a_n$  is given by:

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

Sum of AP series is given by -

$$S_n = rac{n}{2}[2a_1 + (n-1)d].$$

## **Derivation of Sum Formula:**

To derive the above formula, begin by expressing the arithmetic series in two different ways:

$$S_n = a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + (n-2)d) + (a_1 + (n-1)d)$$
  
 $S_n = (a_n - (n-1)d) + (a_n - (n-2)d) + \dots + (a_n - 2d) + (a_n - d) + a_n.$ 

Adding both sides of the two equations, all terms involving *d* cancel:

$$2S_n = n(a_1 + a_n).$$

Dividing both sides by 2 produces a common form of the equation:

$$S_n=rac{n}{2}(a_1+a_n).$$

An alternate form results from re-inserting the substitution:  $a_n=a_1+(n-1)d$ 

$$S_n = rac{n}{2}[2a_1 + (n-1)d].$$

Reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arithmetic progression



## **Geometric Progression -**

A geometric progression, also known as a geometric sequence, is a sequence of non-zero numbers where each term after the first is found by multiplying the previous one by a fixed, non-zero number called the *common ratio*.

For example, the sequence 2, 6, 18, 54, ... is a geometric progression with common ratio 3. Similarly 10, 5, 2.5, 1.25, ... is a geometric sequence with a common ratio 1/2.

The general form of a geometric sequence is a, ar,  $ar^2$ ,  $ar^3$ ,  $ar^4$ , ... where  $r \neq 0$  is the common ratio and  $a \neq 0$  is a scale factor, equal to the sequence's start value.

The *n*-th term of a geometric sequence with initial value  $a = a_1$  and common ratio r is given by

$$a_n = a r^{n-1}$$
.

Reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geometric progression