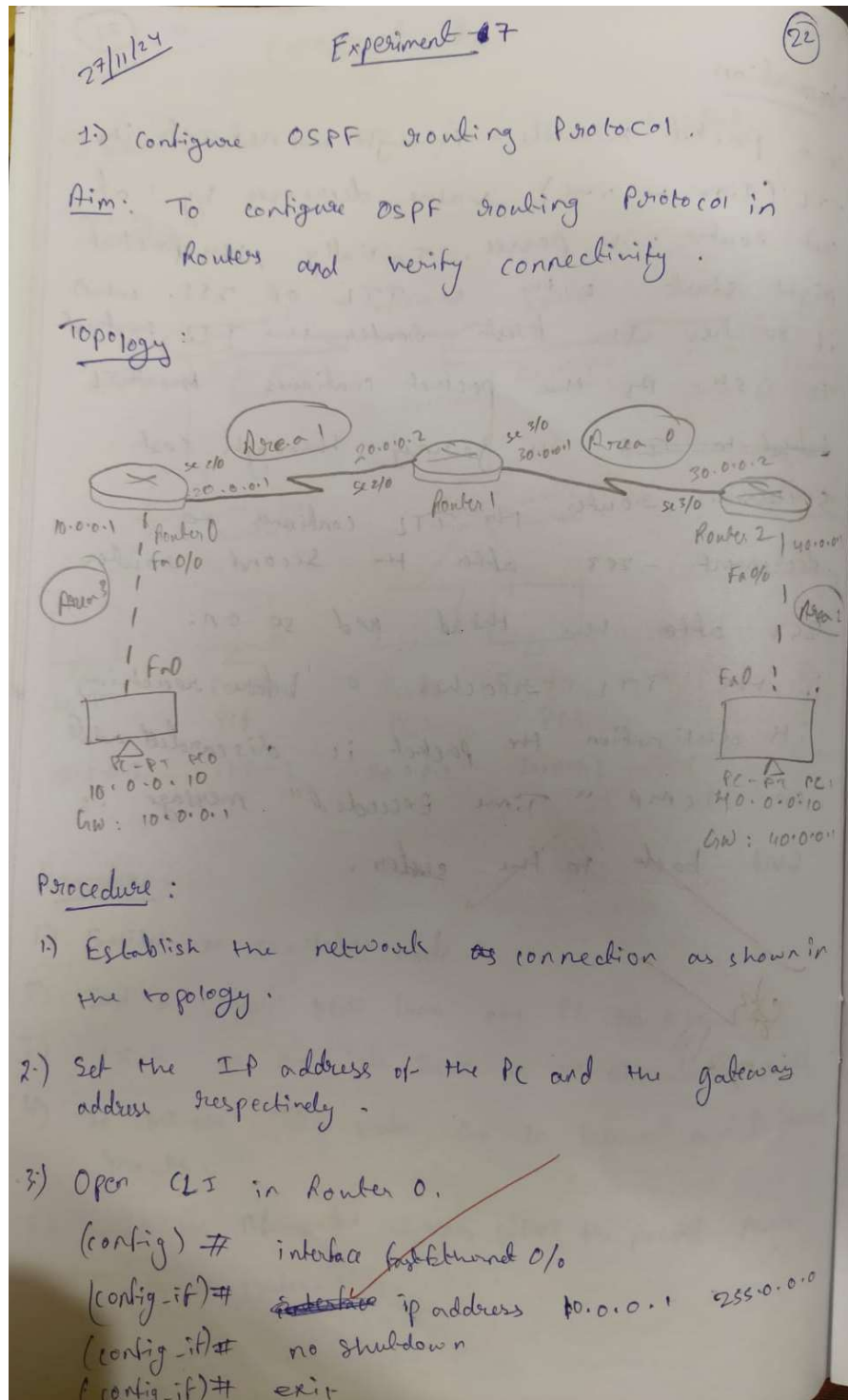


Program 8

Aim: Configure OSPF routing protocol.

Topology , Procedure and Observation:



(23)
(config) # interface serial 2/0
(config-if) # ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
(config-if) # encapsulation ppp
(config-if) # clock rate 64000.

Open CLI in Router 1

(config) # interface serial 2/0
(config-if) # ip address 20.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
(config-if) # encapsulation PPP
(config-if) # no shutdown
(config-if) # exit

(config) # interface serial 3/0
(config-if) # ip address 30.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
(config-if) # encapsulation PPP
(config-if) # clock rate 64000.
(config-if) # no shutdown
(config-if) # exit.

Open CLI in Router 2.

(config) # interface fastEthernet 0/0
(config-if) # ip address 40.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
(config-if) # no shutdown
(config-if) # exit
Done.

(24)

```
(config)# interface serial 3/0
(config-if)# ip address 30.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
(config-if)# encapsulation ppp
(config-if)# no shutdown
(config-if)# exit.
```

4.) Enable ip routing by configuring ospf routing protocol.

In Router R0

```
(config)# router ospf 1
(config-router)# router-id 1.1.1.1
# network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3
# network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
# exit.
```

In Router R1

```
(config)# router ospf 1
(config-router)# router-id 3.3.3.3
# network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3
# network 40.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
# exit.
```

5.) check the routing table.

Router # show ip route

You can see the code O which stands for the OSPF connection.

There must be one interface up to keep ospf²⁵ process up. so its better to configure loopback address to router.

```
R0 (config) # interface loopback0  
(config-if) # ip add 172.16.1.252  
255.255.0.0
```

```
# no shutdown.
```

```
R1 (config) # interface loopback 0  
(config-if) # ip add 172.16.1.253 255.255.0.0  
# no shutdown.
```

```
R2 (config) # interface loopback 0  
(config-if) # ip add 172.16.1.254 255.255.0.0  
# no shutdown
```

6.) Check Routing table of R3.

You can see the code 0 here now.

7.) ~~Create~~ Create virtual link between R1 and R2.

```
R1 (config) # router ospf 1  
(config-router) # area 1 virtual-link 2.2.2.2
```

```
R2 (config) # router ospf 1  
(config-router) # area 1 virtual-link 1.1.1.1  
# area 0 virtual-link 3.3.3.3
```

R3(config) # router ospf 1

(config-router) # area 0 virtual-link 2.2.2.2 1

2.) Check connectivity between host 10.0.0.10
to 40.0.0.10.

Observation:. After config the ospf routing protocol
and establishing the virtual link, the two end
hosts can communicate seamlessly.

Output :

PC0:

PC > ping 40.0.0.10

Pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 40.0.0.10: byte = 32 time = 9ms TTL=64

(4 times)

Ping statistics for

Packets Sent = 4 Received = 3 Lost = 1

18/12/24

Screen Shots:

