

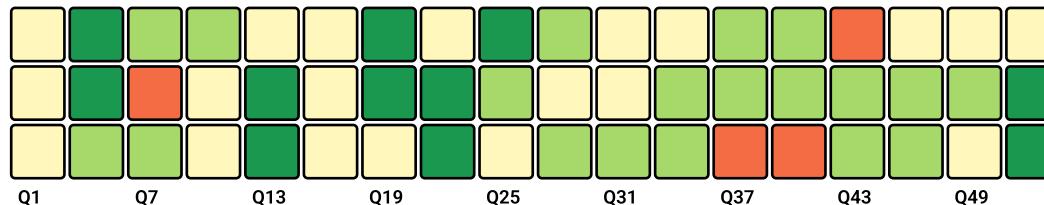
Exam Summary (GATE CSE 2025 SET-2)

Qs. Attempted:	<b>53</b> 27 + 26	Correct Marks:	<b>47</b> 19 + 28
Correct Attempts:	<b>33</b> 19 + 14	Penalty Marks:	<b>1.33</b> 1.33 + 0
Incorrect Attempts:	<b>20</b> 8 + 12	Resultant Marks:	<b>45.67</b> 17.67 + 28

Total Questions:	<b>65</b> 30 + 35
Total Marks:	<b>100</b> 30 + 70
Exam Duration:	<b>180 Minutes</b>
Time Taken:	<b>180 Minutes</b>

**Individual Question Statistics**

Select Metric: Marks Obtained ▾



\* Average Stats based on first-attempt stats of Top 10% (22) out of 223 users

[EXAM RESPONSE](#) [EXAM STATS](#) [FEEDBACK](#)**Aptitude**

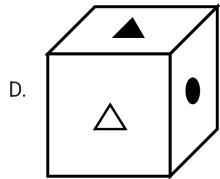
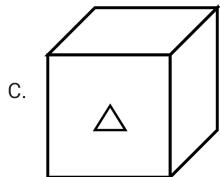
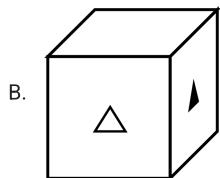
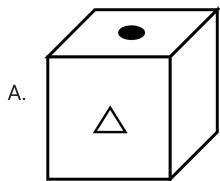
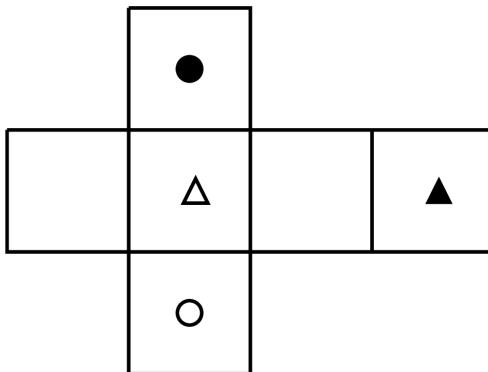
**Q #1** Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Quantitative Aptitude

Let  $p_1$  and  $p_2$  denote two arbitrary prime numbers. Which one of the following statements is correct for all values of  $p_1$  and  $p_2$ ?

- A.  $p_1 + p_2$  not a prime number
- B.  $p_1 p_2$  is not a prime number
- C.  $p_1 + p_2 + 1$  is a prime number
- D.  $p_1 p_2 + 1$  is a prime number

The paper as showin the figure is folded to make a cube where each square corresponds to a particular face of the cube. Which one of the following options correctly represents the cube?

Note: The figures showin are representative.



If  $P e^x = Q e^{-x}$  for all real values of  $x$ , which one of the following statements is true?

- A.  $P = Q = 0$

- B.  $P = Q = 1$   
C.  $P = 1; Q = -1$   
D.  $\frac{P}{Q} = 0$

Your Answer: B    Correct Answer: A    Incorrect    Time taken: 02min 23sec    Discuss

**Q #4**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 1    Penalty: 0.33    Verbal Aptitude

Bird : Nest :: Bee : \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Kennel  
B. Hammock  
C. Hive  
D. Lair

Your Answer: C    Correct Answer: C    Correct    Time taken: 00min 18sec    Discuss

**Q #5**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 1    Penalty: 0.33    Verbal Aptitude

Despite his initial hesitation, Rehman's \_\_\_\_\_ to contribute to the success of the project never wavered.

Select the most appropriate option to complete the above sentence.

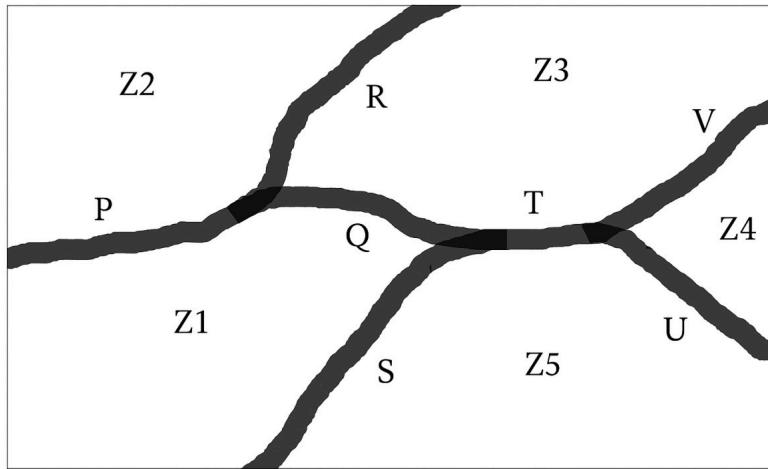
- A. ambivalence  
B. satisfaction  
C. resolve  
D. revolve

Your Answer: C    Correct Answer: C    Correct    Time taken: 00min 50sec    Discuss

**Q #6**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 2    Penalty: 0.67    Quantitative Aptitude

The diagram below shows a river system consisting of 7 segments, marked  $P, Q, R, S, T, U$ , and  $V$ . It splits the land into 5 zones, marked  $Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4$ , and  $Z5$ . We need to connect these zones using the least number of bridges. Out of the following options, which one is correct?

Note: The figure shown is representative.



- A. Bridges on  $P, Q$  and  $T$
- B. Bridges on  $P, Q, S$  and  $T$
- C. Bridges on  $Q, R, T$  and  $V$
- D. Bridges on  $P, Q, S, U$  and  $V$

Your Answer:

Correct Answer: C

Not Attempted

Time taken: 10min 18sec

Discuss

**Q #7**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

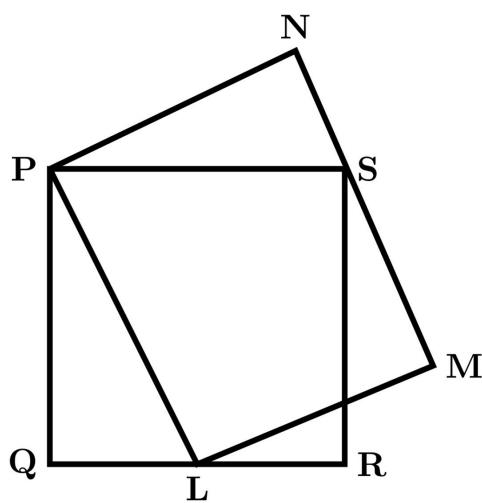
Penalty: 0.67

Quantitative Aptitude

In the Given figure, PQRS is a square of side 2 cm and PLMN is a rectangle. The corner L of the rectangle is on the side QR. Side MN of the rectangle passes through the corner S of the square.

What is the area (in  $\text{cm}^2$ ) of the rectangle PLMN?

Note: The figure shown is representative.



- A.  $2\sqrt{2}$
- B. 2
- C. 8
- D. 4

Your Answer:

Correct Answer: D

Not Attempted

Time taken: 03min 30sec

Discuss

**Q #8**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

Quantitative Aptitude

Which one of the following options is correct for the given data in the table?

Iteration (i)	0	1	2	3
Input (I)	20	-4	10	15
Output (X)	20	16	26	41
Output (Y)	20	-80	-800	-12000

- A.  $X(i) = X(i - 1) + I(i); Y(i) = Y(i - 1)I(i); i > 0$
- B.  $X(i) = X(i - 1)I(i); Y(i) = Y(i - 1) + I(i); i > 0$
- C.  $X(i) = X(i - 1)I(i); Y(i) = Y(i - 1)I(i); i > 0$
- D.  $X(i) = X(i - 1) + I(i); Y(i) = Y(i - 1)I(i - 1); i > 0$

Your Answer:

Correct Answer: A

Not Attempted

Time taken: 00min 06sec

Discuss

**Q #9**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

Analytical Aptitude

If IMAGE and FIELD are coded as FHB NJ and EMF JG respectively then, which one among the given options is the most appropriate code for BEACH?

- A. CEADP
- B. IDBFC
- C. JGIBC
- D. IBCEC

Your Answer: B

Correct Answer: B

Correct

Time taken: 02min 00sec

Discuss

**Q #10**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

Analytical Aptitude

Based only on the conversation below, identify the logically correct inference:

"Even if I had known that you were in the hospital, I would not have gone there to see you", Ramya told Josephine.

- A. Ramya knew that Josephine was in the hospital.
- B. Ramya did not know that Josephine was in the hospital.
- C. Ramya and Josephine were once close friends; but now, they are not.
- D. Josephine was in the hospital due to an injury to her leg.

Your Answer: B

Correct Answer: B

Correct

Time taken: 00min 47sec

Discuss

## Technical

**Q #1**

Numerical Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0

Data Structures

Suppose the values  $10, -4, 15, 30, 20, 5, 60, 19$  are inserted in that order into an initially empty binary search tree. Let  $T$  be the resulting binary search tree. The number of edges in the path from the node containing 19 to the root node of  $T$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

**Q #2** Numerical Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0 Digital Logic

In a 4-bit ripple counter, if the period of the waveform at the last flip-flop is 64 microseconds, then the frequency of the ripple counter in kHz is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

**Q #3** Numerical Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0 Programming in C

```
int x=126,y=105;
do {
    if(x>y) x=x-y;
    else y=y-x;
5. } while(x!=y);
printf("%d",x);
```

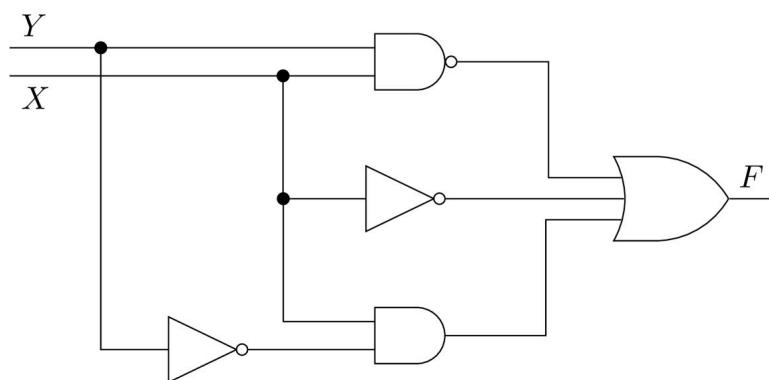
The output of the given C code segment is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

**Q #4** Numerical Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0 Digital Logic

The following two signed 2's complement numbers (multiplicand M and multiplier Q) are being multiplied using Booth's algorithm: M: 110011011101101 and Q: 1010010010101010 The total number of addition and subtraction operations to be performed is\_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

**Q #5** Multiple Select Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0 Digital Logic

Consider the following logic circuit diagram.



Which is/are the CORRECT option(s) for the output function  $F$ ?

- A.  $\overline{XY}$
- B.  $\overline{X} + \overline{Y} + XY$

C.  $\overline{XY} + \overline{X} + XY$

D.  $X + \overline{Y}$

Your Answer: A;B;C

Correct Answer: A;B;C

Correct

Time taken: 04min 44sec

Discuss

Q #6

Multiple Select Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0

Theory of Computation

Consider the two lists List I and List II given below:

List I	List II
Context-free languages	Closed under union
Recursive languages	Not closed under complementation
Regular languages	Closed under intersection

For matching of items in List I with those in List II, which of the following option(s) is/are CORRECT?

- A. (i) - (a), (ii) - (b), and (iii) - (c)
- B. (i) - (b), (ii) - (a), and (iii) - (c)
- C. (i) - (b), (ii) - (c), and (iii) - (a)
- D. (i) - (a), (ii) - (c), and (iii) - (b)

Your Answer: A;B;C

Correct Answer: B;C

Incorrect

Time taken: 03min 24sec

Discuss

Q #7

Multiple Select Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0

Algorithms

Which of the following statements regarding Breadth First Search (BFS) and Depth First Search (DFS) on an undirected simple graph  $G$  is/are TRUE?

- A. A DFS tree of  $G$  is a Shortest Path tree of  $G$ .
- B. Every non-tree edge of  $G$  with respect to a DFS tree is a forward/back edge.
- C. If  $(u, v)$  is a non-tree edge of  $G$  with respect to a BFS tree, then the distances from the source vertex  $s$  to  $u$  and  $v$  in the BFS tree are within  $\pm 1$  of each other.
- D. Both BFS and DFS can be used to find the connected components of  $G$ .

Your Answer:

Correct Answer: B;C;D

Not Attempted

Time taken: 00min 06sec

Discuss

Q #8

Multiple Select Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0

CO & Architecture

Which of the following is/are part of an Instruction Set Architecture of a processor?

- A. The size of the cache memory
- B. The clock frequency of the processor
- C. The number of cache memory levels
- D. The total number of registers

Your Answer: D

Correct Answer: D

Correct

Time taken: 00min 35sec

Discuss

Q #9

Multiple Select Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0

Databases

An audit of a banking transactions system has found that on an earlier occasion, two joint holders of account  $A$  attempted simultaneous transfers of Rs. 10000 each from account  $A$  to account  $B$ . Both transactions read the same value, Rs.11000, as the initial balance in  $A$  and were allowed to go through.  $B$  was credited Rs.10000 twice.  $A$  was debited only once and ended up with a balance of Rs. 1000.

Which of the following properties is/are certain to have been violated by the system?

- A. Atomicity
- B. Consistency
- C. Isolation
- D. Durability

Your Answer: A;B

Correct Answer: B;C

Incorrect

Time taken: 02min 50sec

Discuss

Q #10

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Operating System

Processes  $P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4$  arrive in that order at times 0, 1, 2, and 8 milliseconds respectively, and have execution times of 10, 13, 6, and 9 milliseconds respectively. Shortest Remaining Time First (SRTF) algorithm is used as the CPU scheduling policy. Ignore context switching times.

Which ONE of the following correctly gives the average turnaround time of the four processes in milliseconds?

- A. 22
- B. 15
- C. 37
- D. 19

Your Answer: D

Correct Answer: D

Correct

Time taken: 04min 49sec

Discuss

Q #11

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Theory of Computation

Let  $G_1, G_2$  be Context Free Grammars (CFGs) and  $R$  be a regular expression. For a grammar  $G$ , let  $L(G)$  denote the language generated by  $G$ .

Which ONE among the following questions is decidable?

- A. Is  $L(G_1) = L(G_2)$ ?
- B. Is  $L(G_1) \cap L(G_2) = \emptyset$ ?
- C. Is  $L(G_1) = L(R)$ ?
- D. Is  $L(G_1) = \emptyset$ ?

Your Answer: D

Correct Answer: D

Correct

Time taken: 02min 07sec

Discuss

Q #12

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Theory of Computation

Which ONE of the following languages is accepted by a deterministic pushdown automaton?

- A. Any regular language
- B. Any context-free language
- C. Any language accepted by a non-deterministic pushdown automaton
- D. Any decidable language

**Q #13** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Computer Networks

Consider a network that uses Ethernet and *IPv4*. Assume that *IPv4* headers do not use any options field. Each Ethernet frame can carry a maximum of 1500 bytes in its data field. A UDP segment is transmitted. The payload (data) in the UDPO segment is 748 bytes.

Which ONE of the following choices has the CORRECT total number of fragments transmitted and the size of the last fragment including *IPv4* header?

- A. 5 fragments 1488 bytes
- B. 6 fragments 88 bytes
- C. 6 fragments 108 bytes
- D. 6 fragments 116 bytes

**Q #14** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Compiler Design

Given the following syntax directed translation rules:

- Rule 1:  $R \rightarrow AB\{B.i = R.i - 1; A.i = B.i; R.i = A.i + 1; \}$
- Rule 2:  $P \rightarrow CD\{P.i = C.i + D.i; D.i = C.i + 2; \}$
- Rule 3:  $Q \rightarrow EF\{Q.i = E.i + F.i; \}$

Which ONE is the CORRECT option among the following?

- A. Rule 1 is *S*-attributed and *L*-attributed; Rule 2 is *S*-attributed and not *L*-attributed; Rule 3 is neither *S*-attributed nor *L*-attributed.
- B. Rule 1 is neither *S*-attributed nor *L*-attributed; Rule 2 is *S*-attributed and *L*-attributed; Rule 3 is *S*-attributed and *L*-attributed.
- C. Rule 1 is neither *S*-attributed nor *L*-attributed; Rule 2 is not *S*-attributed and is *L*-attributed; Rule 3 is *S*-attributed and *L*-attributed.
- D. Rule 1 is *S*-attributed and not *L*-attributed; Rule 2 is not *S*-attributed and is *L*-attributed; Rule 3 is *S*-attributed and *L*-attributed.

**Q #15** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Compiler Design

Consider the following statements about the use of backpatching in a compiler for intermediate code generation:

- I. Backpatching can be used to generate code for Boolean expression in one pass.
- II. Backpatching can be used to generate code for flow-of-control statements in one pass.

Which ONE of the following options is CORRECT?

- A. Only I is correct
- B. Only II is correct
- C. Both I and II are correct
- D. Neither I nor II is correct

**Q #16**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Algorithms

Consider an unorders list of  $N$  distinct integers.

What is the minimum number of element comaprison required to find an integer in the list that is NOT the largest in the list?

- A. 1
- B.  $N - 1$
- C.  $N$
- D.  $2N - 1$

Your Answer: A

Correct Answer: A

Correct

Time taken: 00min 13sec

Discuss

**Q #17**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Programming in C

Consider the following C program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
void stringcopy (char *, char *);
int main() {
    char a[30] = "@#Hello World!";
5.    stringcopy(a, a+2);
    printf("%s\n",a);
    return 0;
}
void stringcopy(char *s, char *t) {
10. while (*t)
        *s++=*t++;
}
```

Which one of the following will be the output of the program?

- A. @#Hello World!
- B. Hello World!
- C. ello World!
- D. Hello World!d!

Your Answer: A

Correct Answer: D

Incorrect

Time taken: 06min 23sec

Discuss

**Q #18**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Computer Networks

A machine receives an *IPv4* datagram. The protocol field of the *IPv4* header has the protocol number of a protocol  $X$ .

Which ONE of the following is NOT a possible candidate for  $X$ ?

- A. Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
- B. Internet Group Management (IGMP)
- C. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
- D. Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

Your Answer: C

Correct Answer: D

Incorrect

Time taken: 01min 02sec

Discuss

**Q #19**

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 1

Penalty: 0.33

Computer Networks

Consider the routing protocols given in **List I** and the names given in **List II**:

<b>List I</b>	<b>List II</b>
(i) Distance Vector routing	(a) Bellman-Ford
(ii) Link state routing	(b) Dijkstra

For matching of items in **List I** with those in **List II**, which ONE of the following options is CORRECT?

- A. (i) - (a) and (ii) - (b)
- B. (i) - (a) and (ii) - (a)
- C. (i) - (b) and (ii) - (a)
- D. (i) - (b) and (ii) - (b)

**Your Answer:** A    **Correct Answer:** A    **Correct**    Time taken: 00min 22sec    [Discuss](#)

**Q #20**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 1    Penalty: 0.33    Computer Networks

Consider the following statements:

- i. Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) provides a mapping from an IP address to the corresponding hardware (link-layer) address.
- ii. A single TCP segment from a sender  $S$  to a receiver  $R$  cannot carry both data from  $S$  to  $R$  and acknowledgement for a segment from  $R$  to  $S$

Which one of the following is CORRECT?

- A. Both (i) and (ii) are TRUE
- B. (i) is TRUE and (ii) is FALSE
- C. (i) is FALSE and (ii) is TRUE
- D. Both (i) and (ii) are FALSE

**Your Answer:** B    **Correct Answer:** B    **Correct**    Time taken: 01min 36sec    [Discuss](#)

**Q #21**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 1    Penalty: 0.33    Mathematical Logic

Let  $P(x)$  be an arbitrary predicate over the domain of natural numbers. Which ONE of the following statements is TRUE?

- A.  $(P(0) \wedge (\forall x[P(x) \Rightarrow P(x + 1)])) \Rightarrow \forall xP(x))$
- B.  $(P(0) \wedge (\forall x[P(x) \Rightarrow P(x - 1)])) \Rightarrow \forall xP(x))$
- C.  $(P(1000) \wedge (\forall x[P(x) \Rightarrow P(x - 1)])) \Rightarrow \forall xP(x))$
- D.  $(P(1000) \wedge (\forall x[P(x) \Rightarrow P(x + 1)])) \Rightarrow \forall xP(x))$

**Your Answer:**    **Correct Answer:** A    **Not Attempted**    Time taken: 00min 03sec    [Discuss](#)

**Q #22**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 1    Penalty: 0.33    Linear Algebra

Let  $L$ ,  $M$ , and  $N$  be non-singular matrices of order 3 satisfying the equations  $L^2 = L^{-1}$ ,  $M = L^8$  and  $N = L^2$ .

Which ONE of the following is the value of the determinant of  $(M - N)$ ?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2

D. 3

Your Answer: A | Correct Answer: A | Correct | Time taken: 03min 15sec | Discuss

Q #23 | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Data Structures

Consider a binary tree  $T$  in which every node has either zero or two children. Let  $n > 0$  be the number of nodes in  $T$ .

Which ONE of the following is the number of nodes in  $T$  that have exactly two children?

- A.  $\frac{n-2}{2}$
- B.  $\frac{n-1}{2}$
- C.  $\frac{n}{2}$
- D.  $\frac{n+1}{2}$

Your Answer: B | Correct Answer: B | Correct | Time taken: 02min 29sec | Discuss

Q #24 | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Calculus

The value of  $x$  such that  $x > 1$ , satisfying the equation  $\int_1^x t \ln t dt = \frac{1}{4}$  is

- A.  $\sqrt{e}$
- B.  $e$
- C.  $e^2$
- D.  $e - 1$

Your Answer: | Correct Answer: A | Not Attempted | Time taken: 00min 15sec | Discuss

Q #25 | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 1 | Penalty: 0.33 | Linear Algebra

If  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ , then which ONE of the following is  $A^8$  ?

- A.  $\begin{pmatrix} 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 \end{pmatrix}$
- B.  $\begin{pmatrix} 125 & 0 \\ 0 & 125 \end{pmatrix}$
- C.  $\begin{pmatrix} 625 & 0 \\ 0 & 625 \end{pmatrix}$
- D.  $\begin{pmatrix} 3125 & 0 \\ 0 & 3125 \end{pmatrix}$

Your Answer: C | Correct Answer: C | Correct | Time taken: 00min 18sec | Discuss

Q #26 | Numerical Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0 | Probability

The unit interval  $(0, 1)$  is divided at a point chosen uniformly distributed over  $(0, 1)$  in  $\mathbb{R}$  into two disjoint subintervals. The expected length of the subinterval that contains 0.4 is \_\_\_\_\_. (rounded off to two decimal places)

Q #27

Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Probability

A quadratic polynomial  $(x - \alpha)(x - \beta)$  over complex numbers is said to be square invariant if  $(x - \alpha)(x - \beta) = (x - \alpha^2)(x - \beta^2)$ . Suppose from the set of all square invariant quadratic polynomials we choose one at random. The probability that the roots of the chosen polynomial are equal is \_\_\_\_\_. (rounded off to one decimal place)

Q #28

Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Programming in C

Consider the following C program:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int g(int n) {
    return (n+10);
5. }

int f(int n) {
    return g(n*2);
}
10.
int main() {
    int sum, n;
    sum=0;
    for (n=1; n<3; n++)
15.        sum += g(f(n));
    printf ("%d", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

The output of the given C program is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

Q #29

Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Programming in C

Consider the following C program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int a;
    int arr[5] = {30,50,10};
5.    int *ptr;
    ptr = &arr[0] + 1;
    a = *ptr;
    (*ptr)++;
    ptr++;
10.   printf("%d", a + (*ptr) + arr[1]);
    return 0;
}
```

The output of the above program is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

**Q #30** Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 CO & Architecture

An application executes  $6.4 \times 10^8$  number of instructions in 6.3 seconds. There are four types of instructions, the details of which are given in the table. The duration of a clock cycle in nanoseconds is \_\_\_\_\_ (rounded off to one decimal place)

Instruction type	Clock cycles required per instruction (CPI)	Number of instructions executed
Branch	2	$2.25 \times 10^8$
Load	5	$1.20 \times 10^8$
Store	4	$1.65 \times 10^8$
Arithmetic	3	$1.30 \times 10^8$

**Q #31** Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Theory of Computation

Let  $\Sigma = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . For  $x \in \Sigma^*$ , let  $\text{prod}(x)$  be the product of symbols in  $x$  modulo 7. We take  $\text{prod}(\epsilon) = 1$ , where  $\epsilon$  is the null string. For example,  $\text{prod}(124) = (1 \times 2 \times 4) \bmod 7 = 1$ . Define  $L = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid \text{prod}(x) = 2\}$ . The number of states in a minimum state DFA for  $L$  is \_\_\_\_\_ . (Answer in integer)

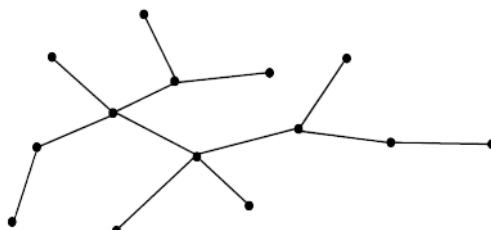
**Q #32** Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Algorithms

Consider the following algorithm **someAlgo** that takes an undirected graph  $G$  as input.

**someAlgo** ( $G$ )

1. Let  $v$  be any vertex in  $G$ . Run BFS on  $G$  starting at  $v$ . Let  $u$  be a vertex in  $G$  at maximum distance from  $v$  as given by the BFS.
2. Run BFS on  $G$  again with  $u$  as the starting vertex. Let  $z$  be the vertex at maximum distance from  $u$  as given by the BFS.
3. Output the distance between  $u$  and  $z$  in  $G$ .

The output of **someAlgo** ( $T$ ) for the tree shown in the given figure is \_\_\_\_\_ . (Answer in integer)



**Q #33** Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Operating System

A computer system supports a logical address space of  $2^{32}$  bytes. It uses two-level hierarchical paging with a page size of 4096 bytes. A logical address is divided into a  $b$ -bit index to the outer page table, an offset within the page of the inner page table, and an offset within the desired page. Each entry of the inner page table uses eight bytes. All the pages in the system have the same size. The value of  $b$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

Your Answer: 14    Correct Answer: 11:11    Incorrect    Time taken: 06min 10sec    Discuss

**Q #34**

Numerical Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

Databases

In a  $B^+$ -tree where each node can hold at most four key values, a root to leaf path consists of the following nodes:

$$A = (49, 77, 83, -), B = (7, 19, 33, 44), C = (20^*, 22^*, 25^*, 26^*)$$

The  $*$ -marked keys signify that these are data entries in a leaf. Assume that a pointer between keys  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  points to a subtree containing keys in  $[k_1, k_2]$ , and that when a leaf is created, the smallest key in it is copied up into its parent. A record with key value 23 is inserted into the  $B^+$ -tree. The smallest key value in the parent of the leaf that contains  $25^*$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (Answer in integer)

Your Answer: 19    Correct Answer: 33:33    Incorrect    Time taken: 00min 21sec    Discuss

**Q #35**

Numerical Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

CO & Architecture

A 5-stage instruction pipeline has stage delays of 180, 250, 150, 170, and 250, respectively, in nanoseconds. The delay of an inter-stage latch is 10 nanoseconds. Assume that there are no pipeline stalls due to branches and other hazards. The time taken to process 1000 instructions in microseconds is \_\_\_\_\_. (rounded off to two decimal places)

Your Answer: 260.00    Correct Answer: 260.20:261.20    Incorrect    Time taken: 02min 35sec    Discuss

**Q #36**

Numerical Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

CO & Architecture

Given a computing system with two levels of cache (L1 and L2) and a main memory. The first level (L1) cache access time is 1 nanosecond (ns) and the "hit rate" for L1 cache is 90% while the processor is accessing the data from L1 cache. Whereas, for the second level (L2) cache, the "hit rate" is 80% and the "miss penalty" for transferring data from L2 cache to L1 cache is 10 ns . The "miss penalty" for the data to be transferred from main memory to L2 cache is 100 ns . Then the average memory access time in this system in nanoseconds is \_\_\_\_\_. (rounded off to one decimal place)

Your Answer: 4.0    Correct Answer: 4:4    Correct    Time taken: 10min 32sec    Discuss

**Q #37**

Multiple Select Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

Databases

Consider the following relational schema:

Students (rollno: integer, name: string, age: integer, cgpa: real)

Courses (courseno: integer, cname: string, credits: integer)

Enrolled (rollno: integer, courseno: integer, grade: string)

Which of the following options is/are correct SQL query/queries to retrieve the names of the students enrolled in course number (i.e., courseno) 1470?

A. `SELECT S.name  
FROM Students S  
WHERE EXISTS (SELECT * FROM Enrolled E  
WHERE E.courseno = 1470  
AND E.rollno = S.rollno);`

B. `SELECT S.name  
FROM Students S  
WHERE SIZEOF (SELECT * FROM Enrolled E  
WHERE E.courseno = 1470  
AND E.rollno = S.rollno) > 0;`

C. `SELECT S.name  
FROM Students S  
WHERE 0 < (SELECT COUNT(*)  
FROM Enrolled E  
WHERE E.courseno = 1470  
AND E.rollno = S.rollno);`

D. `SELECT S.name  
FROM Students S NATURAL JOIN Enrolled E  
WHERE E.courseno = 1470;`

Your Answer:

Correct Answer: A;C;D

Not Attempted

Time taken: 00min 02sec

Discuss

**Q #38**

Multiple Select Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

Databases

Consider the database transactions T1 and T2 , and data items X and Y . Which of the schedule(s) is/are conflict serializable?

**Transaction T1**  
R1(X)  
W1(Y)  
R1(X)  
W1(X)  
COMMIT(T1)

**Transaction T2**  
W2(X)  
W2(Y)  
COMMIT(T2)

- A. R1(X), W2(X), W1(Y), W2(Y), R1(X), W1(X), COMMIT(T2), COMMIT(T1)
- B. W2(X), R1(X), W2(Y), W1(Y), R1(X), COMMIT(T2), W1(X), COMMIT(T1)
- C. R1(X), W1(Y), W2(X), W2(Y), R1(X), W1(X), COMMIT(T1), COMMIT(T2)
- D. W2(X), R1(X), W1(Y), W2(Y), R1(X), COMMIT(T2), W1(X), COMMIT(T1)

Your Answer: B;D

Correct Answer: B

Incorrect

Time taken: 05min 22sec

Discuss

**Q #39**

Multiple Select Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0

Theory of Computation

Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$ . For  $x \in \Sigma^*$ , and  $\alpha \in \Sigma$ , let  $\#_\alpha(x)$  denote the number of occurrences of  $\alpha$  in  $x$ .

Which one or more of the following option(s) define(s) regular language(s)?

- A.  $\{a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 0\}$
- B.  $\{a, b\}^* \cap \{a^m b^n c^{m-n} \mid m \geq n \geq 0\}$
- C.  $\{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, \#_a(w) \equiv 2 \pmod{7}, \text{ and } \#_b(w) \equiv 3 \pmod{9}\}$
- D.  $\{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, \#_a(w) \equiv 2 \pmod{7}, \text{ and } \#_a(w) = \#_b(w)\}$

**Q #40** | Multiple Select Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0 | Compiler Design

Consider two grammars  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  with the production rules given below:

$$G_1 : S \rightarrow \text{if } E \text{ then } S \mid \text{if } E \text{ then } S \text{ else } S \mid a$$

$$E \rightarrow b$$

$$G_2 : S \rightarrow \text{if } E \text{ then } S \mid M$$

$$M \rightarrow \text{if } E \text{ then } M \text{ else } S \mid c$$

$$E \rightarrow b$$

where *if*, *then*, *else*, *a*, *b*, *c* are the terminals.

Which of the following option(s) is/are CORRECT?

- A.  $G_1$  is not  $LL(1)$  and  $G_2$  is  $LL(1)$
- B.  $G_1$  is  $LL(1)$  and  $G_2$  is not  $LL(1)$
- C.  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  are not  $LL(1)$
- D.  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  are ambiguous.

**Q #41** | Multiple Select Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0 | Digital Logic

Which of the following Boolean algebraic equation(s) is/are CORRECT?

- A.  $\bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + A\bar{B}C + ABC = BC + \bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}$
- B.  $AB + \bar{A}C + BC = AB + \bar{A}C$
- C.  $(A + C)(\bar{A} + B) = AB + \bar{A}C$
- D.  $\overline{(A + \bar{B} + \bar{D})(C + D)(\bar{A} + C + D)(A + B + \bar{D})} = \bar{A}D + \bar{C}\bar{D}$

**Q #42** | Multiple Select Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0 | Digital Logic

Three floating point numbers  $X$ ,  $Y$ , and  $Z$  are stored in three registers  $R_X$ ,  $R_Y$ , and  $R_Z$ , respectively in IEEE 754 single precision format as given below in hexadecimal:

$$R_X = 0xC1100000, R_Y = 0x40C00000, \text{ and } R_Z = 0x41400000$$

Which of the following option(s) is/are CORRECT?

- A.  $4(X + Y) + Z = 0$
- B.  $2Y - Z = 0$
- C.  $4X + 3Z = 0$
- D.  $X + Y + Z = 0$

**Q #43** Multiple Select Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Operating System

$P = \{P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4\}$  consists of all active processes in an operating system.

$R = \{R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4\}$  consists of single instances of distinct types of resources in the system.

The resource allocation graph has the following assignment and claim edges.

Assignment edges:  $R_1 \rightarrow P_1, R_2 \rightarrow P_2, R_3 \rightarrow P_3, R_4 \rightarrow P_4$  (the assignment edge  $R_1 \rightarrow P_1$  means resource  $R_1$  is assigned to process  $P_1$ , and so on for others)

Claim edges:  $P_1 \rightarrow R_2, P_2 \rightarrow R_3, P_3 \rightarrow R_1, P_2 \rightarrow R_4, P_4 \rightarrow R_2$  (the claim edge  $P_1 \rightarrow R_2$  means process  $P_1$  is waiting for resource  $R_2$ , and so on for others)

Which of the following statement(s) is/are CORRECT?

- A. Aborting  $P_1$  makes the system deadlock free.
- B. Aborting  $P_3$  makes the system deadlock free.
- C. Aborting  $P_2$  makes the system deadlock free.
- D. Aborting  $P_1$  and  $P_4$  makes the system deadlock free.

**Q #44** Multiple Select Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Operating System

Consider a demand paging system with three frames, and the following page reference string: 1 2 3 4 5 4 1 6 4 5 1 3 2 . The contents of the frames are as follows initially and after each reference (from left to right):

	initially	after
—	1*	2* 3* 4* 5* 4 1 6* 4 5 1* 3* 2*
—	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 6 6 6 6 6 2
—	—	2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1
—	—	— 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 3 3

The \*-marked references cause page replacements.

Which one or more of the following could be the page replacement policy/policies in use?

- A. Least Recently Used page replacement policy
- B. Least Frequently Used page replacement policy
- C. Most Frequently Used page replacement policy
- D. Optimal page replacement policy

**Q #45** Multiple Select Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Databases

Consider the following relational schema along with all the functional dependencies that hold on them.

$$R1(A, B, C, D, E) : \{D \rightarrow E, EA \rightarrow B, EB \rightarrow C\}$$

$$R2(A, B, C, D) : \{A \rightarrow D, A \rightarrow B, C \rightarrow A\}$$

Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

- A.  $R1$  is in 3 NF
- B.  $R2$  is in 3 NF
- C.  $R1$  is NOT in 3 NF
- D.  $R2$  is NOT in 3 NF

**Your Answer:** C;D    **Correct Answer:** C;D    **Correct**    Time taken: 07min 42sec    **Discuss**

**Q #46**    **Multiple Select Type**    **Award:** 2    **Penalty:** 0    **Data Structures**

Consider a stack data structure into which we can PUSH and POP records. Assume that each record pushed in the stack has a positive integer key and that all keys are distinct.

We wish to augment the stack data structure with an  $O(1)$  time MIN operation that returns a pointer to the record with smallest key present in the stack

1. without deleting the corresponding record, and
2. without increasing the complexities of the standard stack operations.

Which one or more of the following approach(es) can achieve it?

- A. Keep with every record in the stack, a pointer to the record with the smallest key below it.
- B. Keep a pointer to the record with the smallest key in the stack.
- C. Keep an auxiliary array in which the key values of the records in the stack are maintained in sorted order.
- D. Keep a Min-Heap in which the key values of the records in the stack are maintained.

**Your Answer:**    **Correct Answer:** A    **Not Attempted**    Time taken: 00min 31sec    **Discuss**

**Q #47**    **Multiple Select Type**    **Award:** 2    **Penalty:** 0    **Linear Algebra**

Consider a system of linear equations  $PX = Q$  where  $P \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  and  $Q \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 1}$ . Suppose  $P$  has an LU decomposition,  $P = LU$ , where

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } U = \begin{bmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

- A. The system  $PX = Q$  can be solved by first solving  $LY = Q$  and then  $UX = Y$ .
- B. If  $P$  is invertible, then both  $L$  and  $U$  are invertible.
- C. If  $P$  is singular, then at least one of the diagonal elements of  $U$  is zero.
- D. If  $P$  is symmetric, then both  $L$  and  $U$  are symmetric.

**Your Answer:**    **Correct Answer:** A;B;C    **Not Attempted**    Time taken: 00min 05sec    **Discuss**

**Q #48**    **Multiple Select Type**    **Award:** 2    **Penalty:** 0    **Digital Logic**

Given the following Karnaugh Map for a Boolean function  $F(w, x, y, z)$ :

$wx \backslash yz$	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	0	1
01	0	1	1	0
11	0	1	1	0
10	1	0	0	1

Which one or more of the following Boolean expression(s) represent(s)  $F$ ?

- A.  $\bar{w}\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + w\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{w}\bar{x}y\bar{z} + w\bar{x}y\bar{z} + xz$
- B.  $\bar{w}\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{w}\bar{x}y\bar{z} + w\bar{x}yz + xz$
- C.  $\bar{w}\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + w\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + w\bar{x}y\bar{z} + xz$
- D.  $\bar{x}\bar{z} + xz$

Your Answer: B;D    Correct Answer: A;D    Incorrect    Time taken: 12min 01sec    Discuss

**Q #49**    Multiple Select Type    Award: 2    Penalty: 0    Set Theory & Algebra

Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the set of all functions from  $\{1, \dots, n\}$  to  $\{0, 1\}$ . Define the binary relation  $\leq$  on  $\mathcal{F}$  as follows:

$\forall f, g \in \mathcal{F}, f \leq g$  if and only if  $\forall x \in \{1, \dots, n\}, f(x) \leq g(x)$ , where  $0 \leq 1$ .

Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

- A.  $\leq$  is a symmetric relation
- B.  $(\mathcal{F}, \leq)$  is a partial order
- C.  $(\mathcal{F}, \leq)$  is a lattice
- D.  $\leq$  is an equivalence relation

Your Answer: B;C    Correct Answer: B;C    Correct    Time taken: 00min 26sec    Discuss

**Q #50**    Multiple Choice Type    Award: 2    Penalty: 0.67    Algorithms

An array  $A$  of length  $n$  with distinct elements is said to be bitonic if there is an index  $1 \leq i \leq n$  such that  $A[1 \dots i]$  is sorted in the non-decreasing order and  $A[i+1 \dots n]$  is sorted in the non-increasing order.

Which ONE of the following represents the best possible asymptotic bound for the worst-case number of comparisons by an algorithm that searches for an element in a bitonic array  $A$ ?

- A.  $\Theta(n)$
- B.  $\Theta(1)$
- C.  $\Theta(\log^2 n)$
- D.  $\Theta(\log n)$

**Q #51** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0.67 | Compiler Design

Given a Context-Free Grammar G as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow Aa|bAc|dc \mid bda \\ A &\rightarrow d \end{aligned}$$

Which ONE of the following statements is TRUE?

- A. G is neither LALR(1) nor SLR(1)
- B. G is CLR(1), not LALR(1)
- C. G is LALR(1), not SLR(1)
- D. G is LALR(1), also SLR(1)

**Q #52** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0.67 | CO & Architecture

For a direct-mapped cache, 4 bits are used for the tag field and 12 bits are used to index into a cache block. The size of each cache block is one byte. Assume that there is no other information stored for each cache block.

Which ONE of the following is the CORRECT option for the sizes of the main memory and the cache memory in this system (byte addressable), respectively?

- A. 64 KB and 4 KB
- B. 128 KB and 16 KB
- C. 64 KB and 8 KB
- D. 128 KB and 6 KB

**Q #53** | Multiple Choice Type | Award: 2 | Penalty: 0.67 | Data Structures

A meld operation on two instances of a data structure combines them into one single instance of the same data structure. Consider the following data structures:

- P. Unsorted doubly linked list with pointers to the head node and tail node of the list.
- Q. Min-heap implemented using an array.
- R. Binary Search Tree.

Which ONE of the following options gives the worst-case time complexities for meld operation on instances of size  $n$  of these data structures?

- A. P :  $\Theta(1)$ , Q :  $\Theta(n)$ , R :  $\Theta(n)$
- B. P:  $\Theta(1)$ , Q :  $\Theta(n \log n)$ , R :  $\Theta(n)$
- C. P:  $\Theta(n)$ , Q :  $\Theta(n \log n)$ , R :  $\Theta(n^2)$
- D. P:  $\Theta(1)$ , Q :  $\Theta(n)$ , R :  $\Theta(n \log n)$

**Q #54** Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Algorithms

Let G be an edge-weighted undirected graph with positive edge weights. Suppose a positive constant  $\alpha$  is added to the weight of every edge.

Which ONE of the following statements is TRUE about the minimum spanning trees (MSTs) and shortest paths (SPs) in G before and after the edge weight update?

- A. Every MST remains an MST, and every SP remains an SP.
- B. MSTs need not remain MSTs, and every SP remains an SP.
- C. Every MST remains an MST, and SPs need not remain SPs.
- D. MSTs need not remain MSTs, and SPs need not remain SPs.

**Q #55** Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Computer Networks

Suppose we are transmitting frames between two nodes using Stop-and-Wait protocol. The frame size is 3000 bits. The transmission rate of the channel is 2000 bps (bits/second) and the propagation delay between the two nodes is 100 milliseconds. Assume that the processing times at the source and destination are negligible. Also, assume that the size of the acknowledgement packet is negligible. Which ONE of the following most accurately gives the channel utilization for the above scenario in percentage?

- A. 88.23
- B. 93.75
- C. 85.44
- D. 66.67

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