

# MALIGNANT COMMENTS CLASSIFIER PROJECT

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# **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

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Separately, I would like to thank:

- FlipRobo Technologies team
- Data Trained Team

Research papers that helped me in this project were as follows:

- https://medium.com/@dobko\_m/nlp-text-data-cleaning-and-preprocessingea3ffe0406c1
- https://towardsdatascience.com/your-guide-to-natural-language-processing-nlp-48ea2511f6e1

Articles that helped me in this project were as follows:

TF-IDF Vectorizerscikit-learn. Deep understanding TfidfVectorizer by... | by Mukesh Chaudhary | Medium

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# INTRODUCTION

### **BUSINESS PROBLEM FRAMING**

- The proliferation of social media enables people to express their opinions widely online. However, at the same time, this has resulted in the emergence of conflict and hate, making online environments uninviting for users. Although researchers have found that hate is a problem across multiple platforms, there is a lack of models for online hate detection.
- Online hate, described as abusive language, aggression, cyberbullying, hatefulness and many others has been identified as a major threat on online social media platforms. Social media platforms are the most prominent grounds for such toxic behaviour.
- There has been a remarkable increase in the cases of cyberbullying and trolls on various social media platforms. Many celebrities and influences are facing backlashes from people and have to come across hateful and offensive comments. This can take a toll on anyone and affect them mentally leading to depression, mental illness, self-hatred and suicidal thoughts.
- Internet comments are bastions of hatred and vitriol. While online anonymity has provided a new outlet for aggression and hate speech, machine learning can be used to fight it. The problem we sought to solve was the tagging of internet comments that are aggressive towards other users. This means that insults to third parties such as celebrities will be tagged as unoffensive, but "u are an idiot" is clearly offensive.
- Our goal is to build a prototype of online hate and abuse comment classifier
  which can used to classify hate and offensive comments so that it can be
  controlled and restricted from spreading hatred and cyberbullying.

# CONCEPTUAL BACKGROUND OF THE DOMAIN PROBLEM

 In the past few years its seen that the cases related to social media hatred have increased exponentially. The social media is turning into a dark venomous pit for people now a days. Online hate is the result of difference in opinion, race, religion, occupation, nationality etc.

- In social media the people spreading or involved in such kind of activities uses filthy languages, aggression, images etc. to offend and gravely hurt the person on the other side. This is one of the major concerns now.
- The result of such activities can be dangerous. It gives mental trauma to the victims making their lives miserable. People who are not well aware of mental health online hate or cyber bullying become life threatening for them. Such cases are also at rise. It is also taking its toll on religions. Each and every day we can see an incident of fighting between people of different communities or religions due to offensive social media posts.
- Online hate, described as abusive language, aggression, cyberbullying, hatefulness, insults, personal attacks, provocation, racism, sexism, threats, or toxicity has been identified as a major threat on online social media platforms.
   These kinds of activities must be checked for a better future.

### REVIEW OF LITERATURE

There has been a remarkable increase in the cases of cyberbullying and trolls on various social media platforms. Many celebrities and influences are facing backlashes from people and have to come across hateful and offensive comments. This can take a toll on anyone and affect them mentally leading to depression, mental illness, self-hatred and suicidal thoughts.

# MOTIVATION FOR THE PROBLEM UNDERTAKEN

The project was the first provided to me by FlipRobo as a part of the internship programme. The exposure to real world data and the opportunity to deploy my skillset in solving a real time problem has been the primary objective. However, the motivation for taking this project was that it is relatively a new field of research. Here we have many options but less concrete solutions. The main motivation is to build a prototype of online hate and abuse comment classifier which can used to classify hate and offensive comments so that it can be controlled and restricted from spreading hatred and cyberbullying.

\_

# ANALYTICAL PROBLEM FRAMING

# MATHEMATICAL/ ANALYTICAL MODELING OF THE PROBLEM

Here we are dealing with one main text columns which held some importance of the data and others shows the multiple types of behaviour inferred from the text. I prefer to select on focus more on the words which has great value of importance in the context. Countvector is the NLP terms I am going to apply on text columns. This converts the important words proper vectors with some weights.

# DATA SOURCES AND THEIR FORMATS

The data was provided by FlipRobo in CSV format. After loading the training dataset into Jupyter Notebook using Pandas and it can be seen that there are eight columns named as:

"id, comment\_text, "malignant, highly malignant, rude, threat, abuse, loathe".

There are 8 columns in the dataset provided:

The description of each of the column is given below:

- **Malignant:** It is the Label column, which includes values 0 and 1, denoting if the comment is malignant or not.
- **Highly Malignant:** It denotes comments that are highly malignant and hurtful.
- Rude: It denotes comments that are very rude and offensive.
- Threat: It contains indication of the comments that are giving any threat to someone.
- **Abuse:** It is for comments that are abusive in nature.
- **Loathe:** It describes the comments which are hateful and loathing in nature.
- **ID:** It includes unique Ids associated with each comment text given.

**Comment text:** This column contains the comments extracted from various social media platforms.

```
In [8]: # Information of the train dataframe.
df_train.info()
            <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 159571 entries, 0 to 159570
Data columns (total 8 columns):
                                           Non-Null Count Dtype
            # Column
                  id 159571 non-null object comment_text 159571 non-null object malignant
             a id
                  malignant 159571 non-null int64
highly_malignant 159571 non-null int64
                                        159571 non-null int64
159571 non-null int64
                  threat
                                          159571 non-null
             6 abuse
             7 loathe
                                           159571 non-null int64
            dtypes: int64(6), object(2)
            memory usage: 9.7+ MB
In [10]: # Check the features, duplicate values and nan values in the Datasets
             print("\nFeatures Present in the Dataset: \n", df_train.columns)
             shape=df_train.shapeS
             shape=df train.shapeS
print("\nTotal Number of Rows : ",shape[0])
print("Total Number of Features : ", shape[1])
print("\n\nData Types of Features :\n", df train.dtypes)
print("\nDataset contains any NaN/Empty cells : ", df_train.isnull().values.any())
print("\nTotal number of empty rows in each feature:\n", df_train.isnull().sum(),"\n\n")
print("Total number of unique values in each feature:")
             for col in df_train.columns.values:
                  print("Number of unique values of {} : {}".format(col, df_train[col].nunique()))
             Features Present in the Dataset:
              Total Number of Rows : 159571
Total Number of Features : 8
             Data Types of Features :
                                          object
             comment_text
                                         object
             malignant
             highly_malignant
                                           int64
             threat
                                           int64
             loathe
                                          int64
             dtype: object
             Dataset contains any NaN/Empty cells : False
             Total number of empty rows in each feature:
             comment text
                                         0
             malignant
             highly_malignant
             threat
             abuse
             loathe
             dtype: int64
            Total number of unique values in each feature:
Number of unique values of id : 159571
            Number of unique values of comment_text : 159571
Number of unique values of malignant : 2
             Number of unique values of highly_malignant : 2
            Number of unique values of rude : 2
Number of unique values of threat : 2
            Number of unique values of abuse : 2
Number of unique values of loathe : 2
```

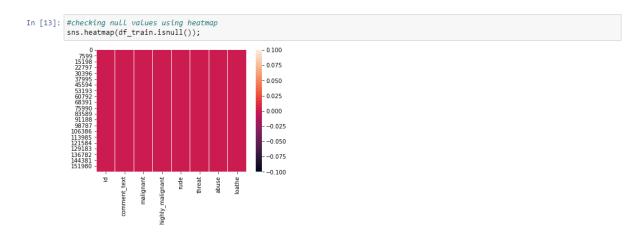
```
In [11]: # Check value counts for each feature
          cols=['malignant', 'highly_malignant', 'rude', 'threat', 'abuse', 'loathe',]
               print("Number of value_counts of {} : {}".format(col, df_train[col].nunique()))
print(df_train[f'{col}'].value_counts())
           Number of value_counts of malignant : 2
               144277
                 15294
          Name: malignant, dtype: int64
Number of value_counts of highly_malignant : 2
0 157976
          Name: highly_malignant, dtype: int64
Number of value_counts of rude : 2
          0 151122
                  8449
           Name: rude, dtype: int64
          Number of value_counts of threat : 2
           0 159093
                   478
           Name: threat, dtype: int64
          Number of value_counts of abuse : 2
           0 151694
                  7877
           Name: abuse, dtype: int64
          Number of value_counts of loathe : 2
               158166
                  1405
          Name: loathe, dtype: int64
```

# DATA PREPROCESSING DONE

After loading all the required libraries we loaded the data into our jupyter notebook.

```
In [1]: # Importing all the required libraries.
          import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from collections import Counter
          import string
         import re
         # packages from gensim
from gensim import corpora
         from gensim.parsing.preprocessing import STOPWORDS from gensim.utils import simple_preprocess
          # packages from sklearn
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          # packages from nltk
         import nltk
          from nltk.corpus import wordnet
          from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer, SnowballStemmer
          from nltk import pos tag
         import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Feature Engineering has been used for cleaning of the data. We first did data cleaning. We first looked percentage of values missing in columns.



# **Observation:**

There are no Null values in this dataset.

For Data pre-processing we did some data cleaning, where we used wordNetlemmatizerto clean the words and removed special characters using Regexp Tokenizer and filter the words by removing stop words and then used lemmatizers and joined and return the filtered words.

Used TFIDF vectorizer to convert those text into vectors, and split the data and into test and train and trained various Machine learning algorithms.

```
In [31]: #Creating a function to filter using POS tagging.

def get_pos(pos_tag):
    if pos_tag.startswith('J'):
        return wordnet.ADJ
    elif pos_tag.startswith('N'):
        return wordnet.NOUN
    elif pos_tag.startswith('R'):
        return wordnet.ADV
    else:
        return wordnet.NOUN
```

```
In [32]: # Function for data cleaning...
def Processed_data(comments):
                  # Replace email addresses with 'email' comments=re.sub(r'^+\theta[^+].*\.[a-z]{2,}$',' ', comments)
                  # Replace 10 digit phone numbers (formats include paranthesis, spaces, no spaces, dashes) with 'phonenumber' comments=re.sub(r'^\(?[\d]{3}\)?[\s-]?[\d]{4}$',' ',comments)
                  # getting only words(i.e removing all the special characters)
                  comments = re.sub(r'[^{\w}]', '', comments)
                  # getting only words(i.e removing all the" \_ ") comments = re.sub(r'[\_]', ' ', comments)
                  # getting rid of unwanted characters(i.e remove all the single characters left)    comments=re.sub(r'\s+[a-zA-Z]\s+', ' ', comments)
                   # Removing extra whitespaces
                  comments=re.sub(r'\s+', '', comments, flags=re.I)
                  #converting all the letters of the review into lowercase
                  comments = comments.lower()
                  # splitting every words from the sentences
                                comments.split()
                  # iterating through each words and checking if they are stopwords or not,
comments=[word for word in comments if not word in set(STOPWORDS)]
                   # remove empty tokens
                  comments = [text for text in comments if len(text) > 0]
                  # getting pos tag text
                  pos_tags = pos_tag(comments)
                   # considering words having length more than 3only
                  comments = [text for text in comments if len(text) > 3]
                  # performing lemmatization operation and passing the word in get_pos function to get filtered using POS ...
                  comments = [(WordNetLemmatizer().lemmatize(text[0], get_pos(text[1])))for text in pos_tags]
                 # considering words having length more than 3 only
comments = [text for text in comments if len(text) > 3]
comments = ' '.join(comments)
                  return comments
In [33]: # Cleaning and storing the comments in a separate feature.
df_train["clean_comment_text"] = df_train["comment_text"].apply(lambda x: Processed_data(x))
In [34]: # Cleaning and storing the comments in a separate feature.
              df_test["clean_comment_text"] = df_test["comment_text"].apply(lambda x: Processed_data(x))
In [35]: # Adding new feature clean_comment_length to store length of cleaned comments in clean_comment_text characters df_train['clean_comment_length'] = df_train['clean_comment_text'].apply(lambda x: len(str(x)))
Out[351:
                            comment_text malignant highly_malignant rude threat abuse loathe comment_length label
                                                                                                                                         clean_comment_text clean_comment_length
                     Explanation\nWhy the edits made under my
                                                                                                                               o explanation edits username hardcore metallica ...
                                  usern.
                                                                                                                                      match background colour seemingly stuck thanks...
                                                                                      0
                                                                                                                       112
                                                                                                                       233
                                                                                                                                       real suggestion 
improvement wondered 
section s...
                      "\nMore\nI can't make
              3 any real suggestions on
                                                                                                                       622
                                                                                                                                                                                   315
              4 You, sir, are my hero. Any chance you remember...
                                                                                                                                        hero chance remember
In [36]: df_test['clean_comment_length'] = df_test['clean_comment_text'].apply(lambda x: len(str(x)))
df test.head()
Out[36]:
                                                                     comment_text comment_length
                                                                                                                                 clean_comment_text clean_comment_length
             0 00001cee341fdb12
                                        Yo bitch Ja Rule is more succesful then you'll...
                                                                                                  367
                                                                                                         bitch rule succesful whats hating mofuckas bit...
                                                                                                                                                                            184
             2 00013b17ad220c46 "\n\n == Sources == \n\n * Zawe Ashton on Lap...
                                                                                                  54
                                                                                                                                                                             26
                                                                                                                     source zawe ashton lapland
              3 00017563c3f7919a
                                       :If you have a look back at the source, the in...
                                                                                                  205 look source information updated correct form g.
                                                                                                                                                                            109
             4 00017695ad8997eb
                                           I don't anonymously edit articles at all.
                                                                                           41
                                                                                                                            anonymously edit article
```

# DATA INPUTS- LOGIC- OUTPUT RELATIONSHIPS

EDA was performed by creating valuable insights using various visualization libraries.

```
In [25]: # Let's plot the counts of each category
            plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
ax = sns.barplot(counts.index, counts.values)
            plt.title("Counts of Categories")
plt.ylabel('Frequency', fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel('Category', fontsize=12)
            pit.Xlabel('Category', fontsize=12)
rects = ax.patches
labels = counts.values
for rect, label in zip(rects, labels):
    height = rect.get_height()
                  ax.text(rect.get_x() + rect.get_width()/2, height + 5, label, ha='center', va='bottom')
            plt.show()
                                                                     Counts of Categories
                16000
                14000
                12000
              <sup>10000</sup>
                                                                                                           7877
                  8000
                 6000
                  4000
                                            highly_malignant
                                                                           Category
Percentage of good comments = 89.83211235124176
Percentage of negative comments = 10.167887648758239
```

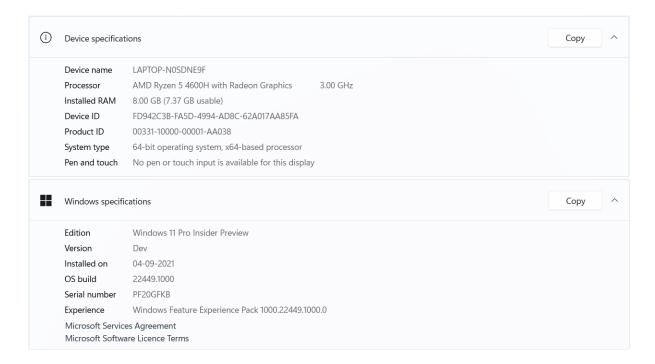
# **Malignant Words:**

```
Thanks edit article came COlour compete Length match ashamed wondered Length match wondered Length match ashamed winderstand contradicts deleted Section prostitution works and contradicts deleted Section prostitution works article came COlour compete Length came Colour came Colour came Colour compete Length came Colour came Colo
```

# **NoN Malignant Words:**

```
destroying oing edits archangel mother shark tiger look taliban shit meaning and ship tosser hair close eating pubic annoyed site followed think in Name previous comments were deletefuck think in Name previous comments were deletefuck think comments with tension great good comming confir the name of the n
```

# HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS AND TOOLS USED HARDWARE:



# **SOFTWARE:**

Jupyter Notebook (Anaconda 3) - Python 3.8.5

Microsoft Excel 2019

# LIBRARIES:

The tools, libraries and packages we used for accomplishing this project are pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, scipy stats, etc.

```
In [1]: # Importing all the required libraries.
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from collections import Counter
         import string
         import re
         # packages from gensim
         from gensim import corpora
from gensim.parsing.preprocessing import STOPWORDS
         from gensim.utils import simple_preprocess
         # packages from sklearn
         from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         # packages from nltk
import nltk
         from nltk.corpus import wordnet
         from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer, SnowballStemmer
         from nltk import pos_tag
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

# MODEL/S DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION

# IDENTIFICATION OF POSSIBLE PROBLEM-SOLVING APPROACHES (METHODS)

The dataset is loaded and stored in a data frame. We need to perform some text processing to remove unwanted words and characters from our text. I used the nltk library and the string library. Then the data was analysed and visualized to extract insights about the comments. The sentence in the cleaned data, were broken down into vectors using Tokenizer from Keras and each word was converted into sequence of integers. Comments are variable in length, some are one-word replies while others are vastly elaborated thoughts. To overcome this issue, we use Padding. With the help of padding, we can make the shorter sentences as long as the others by filling the shortfall by zeros, and on the other hand, we can trim the longer ones to the same length as the short ones [3]. I used the "pad sequences" function from the "Keras" library and, I fixed the sentence length at 200 words and applied pre padding (i.e. for shorter sentences, 0's will be added at the beginning of the sequence vector) A model was built using Keras and Tensorflow. For our classification task, I used both CNN and LSTM neural networks. The model consisted of Embedding layer, which is responsible for embedding. MaxPool layer used to focus on the important features. Bi-directional LSTM was used for one

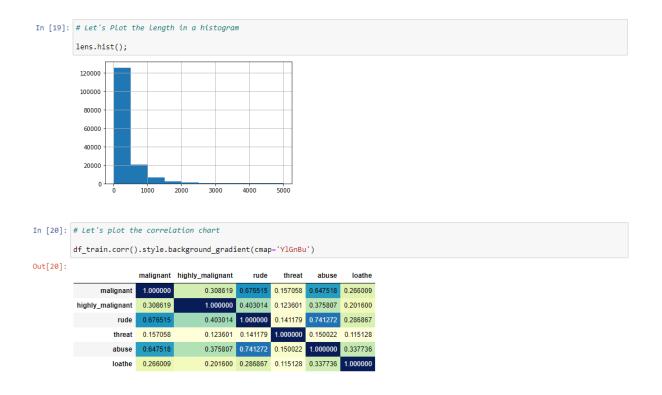
forward and one backward network. Last layer consisted of Sigmoid layer, which will predict probabilities for each kind of features in our dataset. The training dataset was split into training and validation set. 20% of the training data was kept aside for validation. The model was compiled with various optimizers, amongst which adam performed better and metrics like loss and AUC were used to evaluate the model. The dataset was then fit on training data and validated on validation dataset. It gave a quite good AUC of about 98.3% with 2 epochs. The loss was also decreasing significantly with increase in epoch, and finally the model was used to predict on the testing dataset.

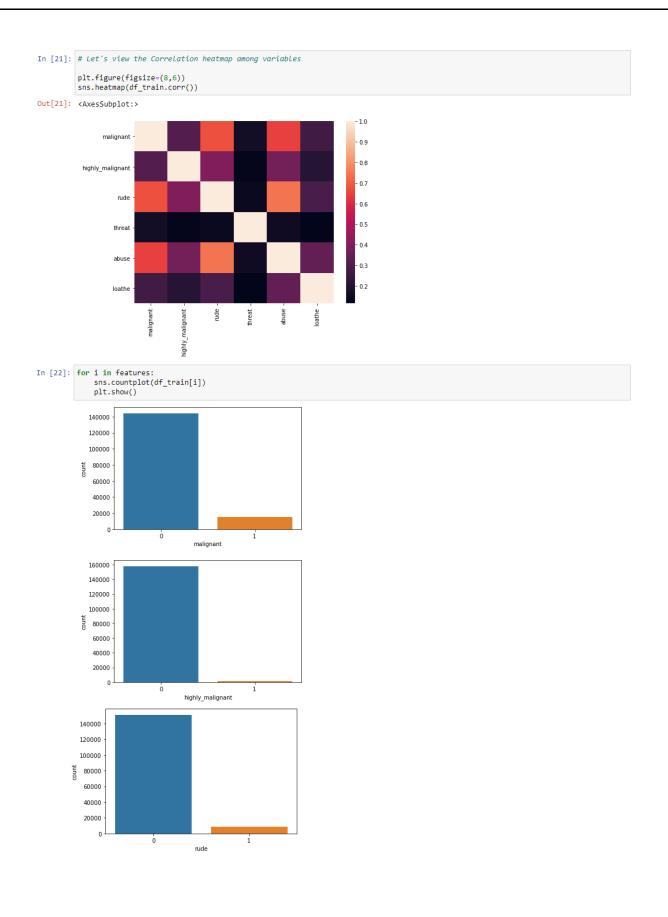
# TESTING OF IDENTIFIED APPROACHES (ALGORITHMS)

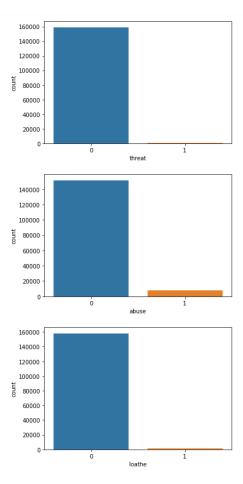
```
In [47]: # Creating instances for different Classifiers

LR=LogisticRegression()
MNB=MultinomialNB()
DT=DecisionTreeClassifier()
KNN*KNeighborsclassifier()
RFC=RandomForestClassifier()
GBC=GradientBoostingClassifier()
SV=SVC()
```

### VISUALIZATIONS

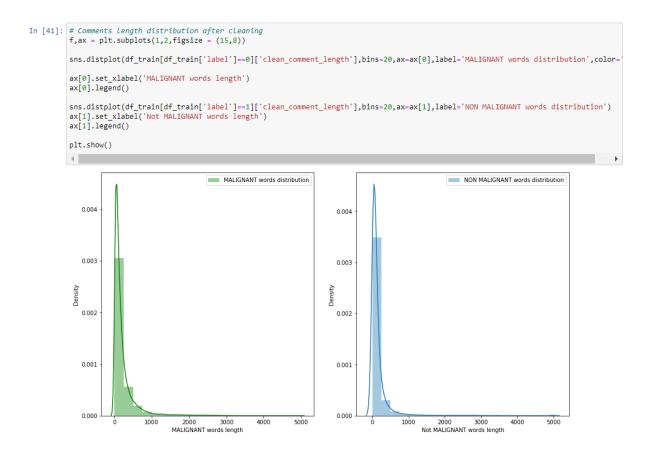






Most of the comments are non-negative but still there are some highly malignant, rude and abuse comments.

```
In [40]: # Comments length distribution BEFORE cleaning
f,ax = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize = (15,8))
             sns. distplot(df\_train[df\_train['label']==0]['comment\_length'], bins=20, ax=ax[0], label='MALIGNANT words \ distribution', color='g')
            ax[0].set_xlabel('MALIGNANT words length')
ax[0].legend()
            sns.distplot(df_train[df_train['label']==1]['comment_length'],bins=20,ax=ax[1],label='NON MALIGNANT words distribution')
ax[1].set_xlabel('Not MALIGNANT words length')
ax[1].legend()
             plt.show()
                                                                                                  0.0030
                0.0025
                                                          MALIGNANT words distribution
                                                                                                                                       NON MALIGNANT words distribution
                                                                                                  0.0025
                0.0020
                                                                                                  0.0020
                                                                                               0.0015
                 0.0010
                                                                                                  0.0010
                 0.0005
                                                                                                  0.0005
                                                                                                  0.0000
                                              2000 3000
MALIGNANT words length
                                                                                                                              2000 3000
Not MALIGNANT words length
                                                                                                                                                                     5000
                                                                         4000
                                                                                     5000
```



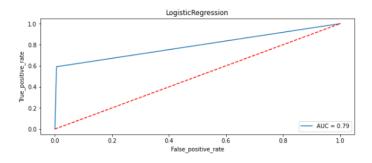
# **RUN AND EVALUATED SELECTED MODELS**

```
In [47]: # Creating instances for different Classifiers

LR=LogisticRegression()
MNB=MultinomialNB()
DT=DecisionTreeclassifier()
KNN=KNeighborsClassifier()
RFC=RandomForestClassifier()
GBC=GradientBoostingClassifier()
SV=SVC()

In [48]: # Creating a list model where all the models will be appended for further evaluation in loop.
models=[]
models.append(('LogisticRegression',LR))
models.append(('MultinomialNB',MNB))
models.append(('MultinomialNB',MNB))
models.append(('KNeighborsClassifier',DT))
models.append(('KneighborsClassifier',KNN))
models.append(('GradientBoostingClassifier',GBC))
models.append(('GradientBoostingClassifier',GBC))
models.append(('SVC',SV))
```

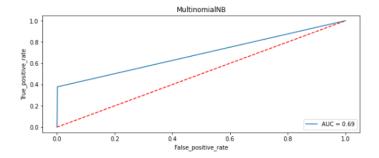
```
In [49]: # Lists to store model name, Learning score, Accuracy score, cross_val_score, Auc Roc score.
              Model=[]
              Acc_score=[]
cvs=[]
rocscore=[]
              lg_loss=[]
              # For Loop to Calculate Accuracy Score, Cross Val Score, Classification Report, Confusion Matrix
              for name, model in models:
                    print(name)
                    Model.append(name)
print(model)
                     x\_train, x\_test, y\_train, y\_test=train\_test\_split(x, y, test\_size=0.30, random\_state=42, stratify=y) model.fit(x\_train, y\_train) 
              # Learning Score
                    score=model.score(x train,y train)
                    print('Learning Score :
Score.append(score*100)
                    y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
acc_score=accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
                    print('Accuracy Score : ',acc_score)
Acc_score.append(acc_score*100)
              # Cross_val_score
cv_score=cross_val_score(model,x,y,cv=5,scoring='roc_auc').mean()
                    print('Cross Val Score :
cvs.append(cv_score*100)
                                                           ', cv_score)
                    oc auc score
false_positive_rate,true_positive_rate, thresholds=roc_curve(y_test,y_pred)
roc_auc=auc(false_positive_rate, true_positive_rate)
print('roc auc score : ', roc_auc)
rocscore.append(roc_auc*100)
              # Log Loss
  loss = log_loss(y_test,y_pred)
  print('Log loss : ', loss)
  lg_loss.append(loss)
              # Classification Report
print('Classification Report:\n',classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
print('\n')
                    plt.figure(figsize=(10,40))
                    plt.subplot(911)
plt.title(name)
                    plt.plot(false_positive_rate,true_positive_rate,label='AUC = %0.2f'% roc_auc)
plt.plot([0,1],[0,1],'r--')
plt.legend(loc='lower_right')
                    plt.ylabel('True_positive_rate')
plt.xlabel('False_positive_rate')
              LogisticRegression
              Logistickegression ()
Logistickegression()
Learning Score : 0.9577704366198444
Accuracy Score : 0.9531876671122995
Cross Val Score : 0.9640643421763972
roc auc score : 0.7925034414256777
Log loss : 1.616844857134755
Classification Report:
              Log loss : 1.61684485
Classification Report:
                                     precision
                                                        recall f1-score support
                                                           0.99
                               0
                                            0.96
                                                                                         43004
                    accuracy
                                                                           0.95
                                                                                         47872
                                                                           0.85
              weighted avg
                                           0.95
                                                           0.95
                                                                           0.95
                                                                                         47872
              Confusion Matrix:
```



[[42755 249] [1992 2876]]

MultinomialNB recall f1-score 1.00 0.38 43004 4868 0.94 0.75 47872 accuracy 0.95 0.69 47872 macro avg weighted avg 0.94 0.94 0.92 47872

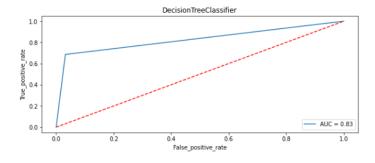
Confusion Matrix: [[42941 63] [3026 1842]]



DecisionTreeClassifier
DecisionTreeClassifier()
Learning Score: 0.9982631894645431
Accuracy Score: 0.9392337901069518
Cross Val Score: 0.8342348225831232
roc auc score: 0.8270911356624486
Log loss: 2.098813619160339
Classification Report:

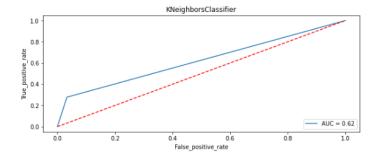
Classification	Report:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	suppor	
0	0.96	0.97	0.97	43004	
1	0.71	0.69	0.70	4868	
accuracy			0.94	47872	
macro avg	0.84	0.83	0.83	47872	
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	47872	

Confusion Matrix: [[41622 1382] [ 1527 3341]]



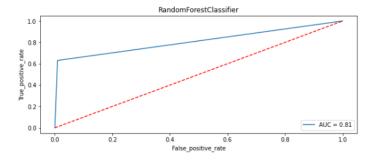
recall f1-score support 0.92 0.49 0.97 0.28 0.94 0.35 43004 4868 0.90 accuracy macro avg weighted avg 0.71 0.62 0.65 0.88 47872

Confusion Matrix: [[41591 1413] [ 3517 1351]]



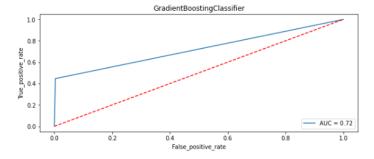
precision recall f1-score support 0.96 0.99 43004 0 1 accuracy macro avg weighted avg 0.95 47872 0.86 0.95 0.95 0.95 47872

Confusion Matrix: [[42597 407] [1798 3070]]



GradientBoostingClassifier recall f1-score 0.94 0.94 1.00 0.97 43004 0.45 0.60 4868 accuracy macro avg weighted avg 0.94 0.79 0.93 47872 47872 47872 0.94 0.94 0.72 0.94

Confusion Matrix: [[42855 149] [ 2695 2173]]

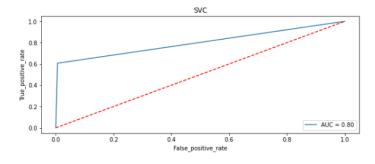


precision recall f1-score support

0 0.96 0.99 0.98 43004
1 0.92 0.61 0.73 4868

accuracy 0.95 47872
macro avg 0.94 0.80 0.85 47872
weighted avg 0.95 0.95 0.95 47872

Confusion Matrix: [[42745 259] [1915 2953]]



```
Out[501:
                    Model Learning Score Accuracy Score Cross Val Score Auc_score Log_Loss
       0 LogisticRegression 95.777044 95.318767 96.406434 79.250344 1.616845
               MultinomialNB
                            93.974879
                                       93.547376
                                                  92.649067 68.846225 2.228658
       2 DecisionTreeClassifier 99.826319 93.923379 83.423482 82.709114 2.098814
             KNeighborsClassifier
                            92.353557
                                       89.701705
                                                  69 054857 62 233465 3 556929
       4 RandomForestClassifier 99.826319 95.393967 95.530847 81.059245 1.590874
        5 GradientBoostingClassifier 94.299859
                                       94.059158
                                                 88.962846 72.145988 2.051897
        6 SVC 98.123528 95.458723 96.279660 80.029597 1.568506
```

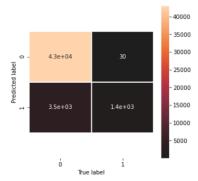
Looking at all the Scores, I have selected Random Forest

# **Hyperparameter Tuning - Random Forest**

```
In [51]: from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
                 rrom skledin.model_selection import Mandomizedsearch(v
x train,x test,y train,y, testst_train_test_split(x,y,random_state=42,test_size=.30,stratify=y)
parameters={'bootstrap': [True, False],
    'max_depth': [10, 50, 100, None],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'n_estimators': [100, 300, 500, 800, 1200]}
                 LG=LogisticRegression()
                 # Applying Randomized Search CV for hyperparameter tuning with scoring= "accuracy"
rand = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = RFC, param_distributions = parameters,
n_iter = 10, cv = 3, verbose=2, random_state=42, n_jobs = -1,scoring='accuracy')
                 rand.fit(x_train,y_train)
                 rand.best_params_
                 Fitting 3 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 30 fits
Out[51]: {'n_estimators': 500,
    'min_samples_split': 2,
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
    'max_depth': 100,
    'bootstrap': False}
In [53]: RFC.fit(x_train,y_train)
                 RFC.score(x_train,y_train)
pred=RFC.predict(x_test)
                 pred=RFC.predict(x_test)
print('Accuracy Score:',accuracy_score(y_test,pred))
print('Log loss : ', log_loss(y_test,pred))
print('Confusion Matrix:',confusion_matrix(y_test,pred))
print('Classification Report:','\n',classification_report(y_test,pred))
                 Accuracy Score: 0.9259274732620321
Log loss: 2.5583749390933366
Confusion Matrix: [[42974 30]
[ 3516 1352]]
                 Classification Report:
                                                                  recall f1-score support
                                                    0.92
                                                                     1.00
                                                                                       0.96
                                                                                                         43004
                                                                0.28
                                                                                        0.93
                                                                                                         47872
                                                                      0.64
                                                    0.95
                        macro avg
                                                                                        0.70
                                                                                                          47872
                                                                  0.93
                 weighted avg
                                                  0.93
                                                                                    0.91
                                                                                                         47872
```

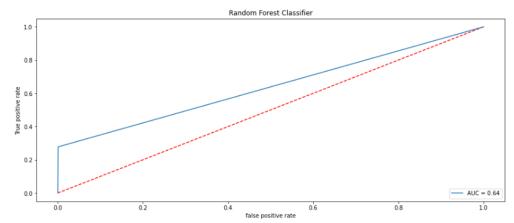
```
In [54]: # Confusion matrix Visualization
fig, ax =plt.subplots(figslze=(5,5))
sns.heatmap(confusion matrix(y_test, pred),annot=True,linewidths=1,center=0)
plt.xlabel("True label")
plt.ylabel("Predicted label")
bottom, top = ax.get_ylim()
ax.set_ylim(bottom + 0.5, top - 0.5)
```

Out[54]: (2.5, -0.5)



```
In [55]: # Roc-Auc score
f,ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (15,6))
# Calculate fpr, tpr and thresholds
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, pred)
ax.plot([0,1],[0,1],'r--')
ax.plot(fpr,tpr,label='AUC = %0.2f'% roc_auc_score(y_test, pred))
ax.legend(loc='lower right')
ax.set_xlabel('false positive rate')
ax.set_xlabel('True positive rate')
ax.set_title('Random Forest Classifier')
```

Out[55]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Random Forest Classifier')



```
In [56]:
    def Tf_idf_test(text):
        tfid = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=43194,smooth_idf=False)
        return tfid.fit_transform(text)
```

# **PREDICTION**

```
In [57]: x_testing_data=Tf_idf_test(df_test['clean_comment_text'])
In [58]: x_testing_data.shape
Out[58]: (153164, 43194)
```

```
In [59]: Prediction=RFC.predict(x_testing_data)
df_test['Predicted values']=Prediction
df_test
Out[59]:
                                                                          comment_text comment_length
                                                                                                                                     clean_comment_text clean_comment_length
                                                 Yo bitch Ja Rule is more succesful then
                                                 == From RfC == \n\n The title is fine as it is...
                     1 0000247867823ef7
                                                                                                            50
                                                                                                                                                    title fine
                                                                                                                                                                                      10
                                                                                                                                                                                                          0
                                                 " \n\n == Sources == \n\n * Zawe Ashton
on Lap...
                     2 00013b17ad220c46
                                                                                                                               source zawe ashton lapland
                                                                                                                    look source information updated correct form q...
                     3 00017563c3f7919a
                                                                                                          205
                                                                                                                                                                                     109
                                                                                                                                                                                                          0
                    4 00017695ad8997eb
                                                  I don't anonymously edit articles at all.
                                                                                                            41
                                                                                                                                   anonymously edit article
                                                     \n i totally agree, this stuff is nothing
               153159
                           fffcd0960ee309b5
                                                                                                                                totally agree stuff long crap
                                                  == Throw from out field to home plate.
                                                                                                                      throw field home plate faster throwing
                           fffd7a9a6eb32c16
                                                                                                           198
                                                                                                                                                                                      85
                                                                                                                                                                                                          0
               153160
                                                   \n\n == Okinotorishima categories == \n\n I ...
                                                                                                                     okinotorishima category change agree 
correct g...
                            fffda9e8d6fafa9e
               153161
                                                  " \n\n == ""One of the founding nations of the...
                                                                                                                     founding nation germany return similar
israel ...
               153162
                            fffe8f1340a79fc2
                                                                                                          502
                                                                                                                                                                                    275
                                                                                                                                                                                                          0
                                                  " \n :::Stop already. Your bullshit is not
                                                                                                                       stop bullshit welcome fool think kind
               153163
                            ffffce3fb183ee80
              153164 rows × 6 columns
In [60]: df_test['Predicted values'].value_counts()
Out[60]: 0
              Name: Predicted values, dtype: int64
In [61]: df_test[df_test['Predicted values']==1].head(20)
                                                                                                                                                                                                Predicted
                                          id
                                                                         comment text comment length
                                                                                                                                     clean comment text clean comment length
                                                ::::That entry made a lot of sense to me.
                 805 0153f7856280e9ad
                                                                                                                      entry sense replying time came desk
noticed wa...
                                                      " \n\n ==Pelestinain Red Crescent
Society and ...
                                                                                                                 pelestinain crescent society terrorism think
                3914 06b13661ec5c3e6b
                                                                                                          990
                                                                                                                                                                                    521
                                                         ::Would you like to write up the 
Hegassen scro...
                                                                                                                     like write hegassen scroll entry publish
                4568
                          07c5816cf1c0ffec
                                                == Franklin on Stalin == \n\n Possibly of
                                                                                                                   franklin stalin possibly recently provided
                         0e02a435ccf5d6d1
                                                                                                          382
                                                                                                                                                                                    236
                                                 'Polifacetic' isn't really an English word;
                                                                                                                     polifacetic english word entry onelook 
mean ve...
               15183
                       1982942b5baedb65
                                                                                                          388
                                                                                                                                                                                    222
                                                    ==Ruud Lubbers entry== \n Hi Cary:
What is hap...
                                                                                                          485
                                                                                                                    ruud lubber entry cary happening page posted t...
                         26ffa274edf86566
                                                                                                                     incorrectly titled article posted original wel...
                                                   == Incorrectly titled articles by == \n\n
You...
               25131
                        29e223fac14d609h
                                                                                                          726
                                                                                                                                                                                    324
                                                 == Dude == \n\n We should form a rock band. Do...
                                                                                                                   dude form rock band prick pissed kissed
               34462 394855c528d7c0d1
                                                                                                          147
                                                                                                                                                                                     48
                                                 " \n\n About your Third Opinion request:
The r...
                                                                                                                  opinion request request dispute removed
                        39ed57532158962a
                                                                                                          385
                                                     Okay, but in 1918, the country was 
changed th...
                                                                                                                 okay 1918 country changed republic think
                                                                                                          278
               36154
                        3c108d7fb2e8d80c
                                                                                                                                                                                    139
                                                         " \n == Your submission at AfC
Regulatory incu...
                                                                                                                  submission regulatory incubator accepted regul...
                                                     " \n\n :::::Dude, short-term memory issues? Sc...
                                                                                                                  dude short term memory issue scroll page
guard...
               42507
                       467dbe55ed1951e8
                                                                                                          588
                                                                                                                                                                                    321
                                                   " \n\n == Not terrible, but a bit of your
                                                                                                                         terrible medicine message person 
unknown title...
                                                                                                                                                                                    562
               42825 47049a340480ca9b
                                                                                                         1001
                                                  ::Completely untrue. This image occurs
                                                                                                                 completely untrue image occurs protestant chur...
                         4c70aff6ce8e0553
                                                 " \n :The entries for the include ""From a
                                                                                                                           entry include misspelling redirect misspelling...
               47988
                        4fa662a56982ab54
                                                                                                          274
                                                                                                                                                                                    148
                                                 :::You could say the same for F.B.I., but
                                                                                                                 incorrect google show apparently feasible
                                                                                                                                                                                    177
               50197 5357ea8033b3c5b3
                                                 == This entry is extremely badly written!
                                                                                                                         entry extremely badly written entry translated...
               50338
                       538ca1d643b8d379
                                                                                                          328
                                                                                                                       good point cleaned reference scope discussion ...
                                                   " \n : Good point. I've cleaned up that refere...
                        5f3973189cbc083e
                                                                                                          447
               57239
                                                                                                                                                                                    247
                                                   " \n\n ==Neutrality tag== \n This entry
was ta...
                                                                                                                   neutrality entry tagged user march 2011 templa...
                       66a9df620eedc33d
                                                     " \n *Oppose Maybe in a dedicated section titl...
                                                                                                                     oppose maybe dedicated section titled false fa...
               64385 6b334251852ec730
                                                                                                          166
                                                                                                                                                                                     99
In [62]: df_test.to_csv('Malignant_Predict.csv')
In [63]: # Pickle file.
              import joblib
              joblib.dump(RFC,'Malignant_Predict.pkl')
Out[63]: ['Malignant Predict.pkl']
```

# CONCLUSION

### KEY FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS OF THE STUDY

- Online hate, described as abusive language, aggression, cyberbullying, hatefulness and many others has been identified as a major threat on online social media platforms. Social media platforms are the most prominent grounds for such toxic behaviour.
- From the above analysis the below mentioned results were achieved which
  depicts the chances and conditions of a comment being a hateful comment or a
  normal comment.
- With the increasing popularity of social media, more and more people consume feeds from social media and due differences they spread hate comments to instead of love and harmony. It has strong negative impacts on individual users and broader society.

# LEARNING OUTCOMES OF THE STUDY IN RESPECT OF DATA SCIENCE

It is possible to classify the comments content into the required categories of Malignant and Non Malignant. However, using this kind of project an awareness can be created to know what is good and bad. It will help to stop spreading hatred among people.

# LIMITATIONS OF THIS WORK AND SCOPE FOR FUTURE WORK

- Machine Learning Algorithms like Decision Tree Classifier took enormous amount of time to build the model and Ensemble techniques were taking a lot more time thus I have not included Ensemble models.
- Using Hyper-parameter tuning would have resulted in some more accuracy.
- Every effort has been put on it for perfection but nothing is perfect and this
  project is of no exception. There are certain areas which can be
  enhanced.Comment detection is an emerging research area with few public
  datasets. So, a lot of works need to be done on this field.