

# Regula Falsi Method

## Method of False Position

Let  $f(x)=0$  be an equation,

To find the root of  $f(x)=0$ .

### Working Formula

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{x_n - x_{n-1}}{f(x_n) - f(x_{n-1})} f(x_n)$$

$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

### STEPS

1) Find an initial interval which contains the root.

~~Start~~ Condition :  $f(a)f(b) < 0$ .

Start finding the following values.

$f(0), f(1), f(2), \dots$

$\dots, f(-3), f(-2), f(-1), f(0)$

Stop whenever you have, for two consecutive integer  $f(a)f(b) < 0$ .

∴ Initial Interval :  $[a, b]$ .

**Ex. 5.** Find the root of the equation  $xe^x - 3 = 0$  that lies between 1 and 2, correct to 4 significant figure using the method of False position.

*Solution.* Let  $f(x) = xe^x - 3$

Here we choose  $x_0 = 1, x_1 = 2$  so that  $f(x_0) = -0.2817,$

$$f(x_1) = 11.7781$$



2) Look at the working formula.

You have the values that are required initially.

Draw the following table:

$n$	$x_{n-1}$	$x_n$	$f(x_{n-1})$	$f(x_n)$	$x_{n+1} =$	$f(x_{n+1})$
1	$x_0 = a$	$x_1 = b$	$f(a)$	$f(b)$	$x_2 =$	

3) After one complete iteration, check the following :

If  $f(x_{n-1})f(x_{n+1}) < 0$   
The root lies between  $[x_{n-1}, x_{n+1}]$ .

So, No change in  $x_{n-1}$   
 $x_n$  will be replaced  
by  $x_{n+1}$

Continue with the process

If  $f(x_n)f(x_{n+1}) < 0$   
The root lies between  $[x_{n+1}, x_n]$

So ~~no~~  $x_{n-1}$  will be  
replaced by  $x_{n+1}$

No change in  $x_n$

Continue with the process.

No of iteration ( $n$ )	$x_{n-1}$ $(f(x_{n-1}) < 0)$	$x_n$ $(f(x_n) > 0)$	$f(x_{n-1})$	$f(x_n)$	$x_{n+1}$	$f(x_{n+1})$
1	1	2	-0.2817	11.7781	1.02336	-0.15247
2	1.02336	2	-0.15247	11.7781	1.03584	-0.08155
3	1.03584	2	-0.08155	11.7781	1.04247	-0.04333
4	1.04247	2	-0.04333	11.7781	1.04598	-0.02295
5	1.04598	2	-0.02295	11.7781	1.04802	-0.01105
6	1.04802	2	-0.01105	11.7781	1.04891	

Thus the required root correct to four significant figure is 1.049.

4) Stop when for two consecutive iterations we have desired accuracy.