```
ANS1. C) %
ANS2. B) 0
ANS3. C) 24
ANS4. A) 2
ANS5. D) 6
ANS6. C) the finally block will be executed no matter if the try block raises an error or not.
ANS7. A) It is used to raise an exception.
ANS8. C) in defining a generator
ANS9. A) _abc & C) abc2
ANS10. A) yield & B) raise
ANS11.
def factorial(n):
if n == 0:
return 1
else:
return n * factorial(n-1)
num = 7
print(f"The factorial of {num} is {factorial(num)}")
ANS12.
def is_prime(n):
if n < 2:
return False
for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
if n % i == 0:
return False
return True if n != 1 else False
num = 7
if is_prime(num):
print(f"{num} is a prime number")
else:
print(f"{num} is a composite number")
```

```
ANS13.
def is palindrome(s):
return s == s[::-1]
string = "racecar"
if is_palindrome(string):
print(f"{string} is a palindrome")
else:
print(f"{string} is not a palindrome")
ANS 14.
def pythagoras(opposite_side, adjacent_side):
hypotenuse = (opposite_side ** 2 + adjacent_side ** 2) ** 0.5
return hypotenuse
opposite_side = 3
adjacent_side = 4
print(f"The length of the third side of the right-angled triangle with opposite side {opposite_side} and
adjacent side {adjacent_side} is {pythagoras(opposite_side, adjacent_side)}")
ANS15.
def char_frequency(string):
frequency = {}
for char in string:
if char in frequency:
frequency[char] += 1
else:
frequency[char] = 1
return frequency
string = "example string"
print(f"The frequency of each character in '{string}' is:")
for char, count in char_frequency(string).items():
print(f"{char}: {count}")
```