DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM

IMP

Based on the frequency and weightage of the questions in the provided past papers, here's a prioritized study plan for "Design and Analysis of Algorithms (BTCOC401)":

High Priority Topics (Guaranteed to Appear & High Marks)

These topics consistently appear across all provided papers and often carry significant marks. Master these first.

1. Asymptotic Notations:

- Define and explain Big O, Big Omega, and Big Theta notations with expressions and neat graphs.
- o Proving relationships between functions using asymptotic notations (e.g., f(n)=sqrt(n) and g(n)=n, prove f(n) is O(g(n))).
- This is fundamental and usually asked in Q.1.

2. Recurrence Relations (Master Method):

- Solve recurrence relations using the Master Theorem (e.g., T(n)=4T(n/2)+n, T(n)=4T(n/2)+n2, T(n)=4T(n/2)+n3, T(n)=16T(n/4)+n, T(n)=T(2n/3)+1, $T(n)=3T(n/4)+n\log n$).
- Verify solutions using the substitution method.
- o Another core topic for Q.1.

3. Merge Sort:

- Algorithm description and finding its time complexity.
- Applying Merge Sort to a given array (e.g., A=5 1 2 6 3 7 4, A={5 2 4 7 3 2 6}, A={13,4,22,1,16,9,0,2}).
- Best case and worst case time complexity.
- Very frequent in Q.2.

4. Strassen's Matrix Multiplication:

- Algorithm description and its time complexity.
- Apply the algorithm to multiply two 2×2 matrices (e.g., (6574)(1324), A=(1111), B=(2222), A=(1221), B=(5667), A=(2236), B=(6487)).
- A common application-based question in Q.2.

5. Huffman Coding:

- Huffman Coding algorithm and elements of greedy strategy.
- Obtain Huffman tree and codes for given character frequencies (e.g., a:50, b:25, c:15, d:40, e:75; a:6, b:11, c:19, d:35, e:50; a:45, b:13, c:12, d:16, e:9, f:5).
- Frequently asked in Q.3.

6. Longest Common Subsequence (LCS):

- Compute LCS using Dynamic Programming approach for given sequences (e.g., X={A,B,C,B,D,A,B} and Y={B,D,C,A,B,A}; X=<x,m,j,y,a,u,z> and Y=<m,z,j,a,w,x,u>).
- State the length of the LCS.
- A recurring question in Q.4.

7. 4-Queens Problem (Backtracking):

- Solve the 4-Queens problem using the backtracking approach and draw the state space tree.
- Consistently asked in Q.3 or Q.5.

8. P, NP, NP-Complete Problems:

- Explain the concepts of P, NP, and NP-Complete classes and show the relationship between them.
- o A theoretical question often found towards the end (Q.4 or Q.5).

9. Fractional Knapsack Problem:

- Solve the fractional knapsack problem given objects' profits/weights and knapsack capacity.
- This is a common application of the greedy approach. (Q.4)

10. Floyd Warshall Algorithm:

- o Analyze or apply Floyd's Warshall Algorithm for all-pairs shortest path.
- o Important dynamic programming application (Q.5 or Q.4).

Medium Priority Topics (Likely to Appear, Important)

These topics are also important but might appear slightly less frequently or as part of a broader question.

1. Algorithm Basics:

Define Algorithm and state its main characteristics/criteria.

- Need for algorithm analysis and factors affecting runtime of an algorithm.
- o Often combined with other basic questions in Q.1.

2. Quick Sort:

- Algorithm and its best/worst case analysis with examples.
- Time complexity. (Q.2)

3. Dynamic Programming vs. Greedy Approach vs. Divide and Conquer:

- o Differentiate between these algorithm design paradigms.
- o Often asked as a comparative question (Q.2 or Q.5).

4. Job Sequencing with Deadlines:

- Solve problems using this greedy approach.
- A specific application of greedy strategy. (Q.4)

5. Travelling Salesman Problem (TSP) using Branch and Bound:

- o Apply Branch and Bound technique to solve TSP for a given matrix/graph.
- A key application of Branch and Bound (Q.3 or Q.5).

6. **Graph Coloring Problem:**

Describe with a suitable example. (Q.3)

Lower Priority Topics (May Appear, Good to Know)

These are less frequent but could still be part of a question or asked as a standalone if other high-priority topics are covered differently.

1. Binary Search:

Algorithm and its time complexity. (Q.2)

2. Max and Min Heap:

o Define and write algorithm to insert into a heap. (Q.1)

3. Bellman Ford Algorithm:

Find the shortest path for a given graph. (Q.4)

4. State Space Tree:

o General concept and its use (e.g., for sum of subsets or 15-puzzle). (Q.5)

5. Red-Black Tree:

 Properties and potential operations (insertion/deletion justification). (Q.6 in older papers)

6. **B-Tree:**

Insertion of keys and configurations. (Q.6 in older papers)

7. Minimum Cost Spanning Tree:

Explanation with a suitable example. (Q.4)

8. Polynomial Time Reduction:

o Explain with an example. (Q.6 in older papers)

CHAPTER 2

- A) Write algorithm for Binary Search and calculate its time complexity.
- B) Explain Quick Sort algorithm with its performance analysis.
- C) Explain Strassen's Matrix Multiplication with example.
- D)Describe an algorithm for Merge Sort and find its time complexity.
- E) Distinguish between Divide and Conquer and Dynamic programming approach.