

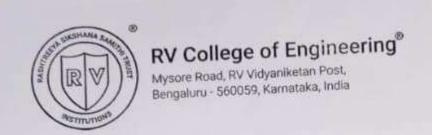
# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

T24 June, 2024	Maximum Marks	50
CS124ATE, Elements of	Duration	90 Min
11	CIE - II	
	24 June, 2024 CS124ATE, Elements of Blockchain Technology	CS124ATE, Elements of Duration Blockehain Technology

SL No.	Test Questions	M	BT	CO
1.	What are the key differences between Ethereum and Bitcoin? Discuss their purposes and main features.	10	2	1
2.	Can you explain what a smart contract is, provide three examples of how they can be used, and discuss the advantages of automating transactions through smart contracts?	10	3	4
3.	Explain the following concepts:  i) Network Tokens  ii) Utility Tokens  iii) Security Tokens	10 (3+3+4)	2	3
4.	Define and distinguish between a hard and soft fork. How do they impact the consensus and overall stability of a blockchain network? What are some notable examples of soft forks and hard forks in the history of major cryptocurrencies, and what were the reasons behind these forks?	10	3	2
5.	How does the EVM ensure the execution of smart contracts across the Ethereum network? Discuss the importance of determinism in this context.	10	3	3

utcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to:
Apply the knowledge of Blockchain in some of the Industrial Use Cases
Analyse the working of some of the Blockchain solutions in Business Use Cases
Use some of the modern tools of Blockchain, such as Ethereum to solve real world problems
Appreciate ethical implications of using Blockchain technologies
Assess the impact and importance of the Blockchain technologies on social security

			T-Bloo	ms Taxo	onomy, (	CO-Cour	se Outo	comes, I	M-Mark	S	1550	1000
	Donti					CO4		B2	В3	B4	B5	B6
Marke	Parti	Culars	60.	000		-		20	30	145		1576
Marks Distribution	Test	Max	10	10	20	10		20				



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

L	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER	Maximum Marks	60
Date	3rd July, 2024	Duration	110 Min
Course Code	CS124ATE, Elements of Blockchain Technology	CIE – III (Improvement	Test)
Sem	II		

		M	BT	CO
SI, No.	Part-A Quiz Questions In Ethereum, a is a high-level language that compiles to EVM bytecode and	1	1	1
St. 140.	In Ethereum, a is a high-level language that is used for writing smart contracts.  The set of standards and guidelines for creating smart contracts and DApps on Ethereum	1	1	3
24.	The set of standards and guidelines for creating standards are guideli	1	2	2
· id	The upcoming Ethereum upgrade that aims to implement the blockchain into smaller pieces is called  The algorithm used by Ethereum to compute block hashes and validate blocks in its  The algorithm used by Ethereum to compute block hashes and validate blocks in its	1	1	3
.:	animal Proof of Work (FOW) System	1	2	2
	original Proof of Work (PoW) system is called  Ethereum's transition to Proof of Stake is often referred to as "The  Ethereum Improvement Proposals, used to propose changes to the network, are	1	2	4
1	abbreviated as token standard is widely used for creating fungible tokens on the	1	2	1
1.	The token standard is trible.  Ethereum network.  The token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the token standard is used for creating non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the	e 1	12	2 3
3.	The token standard is used for creding the Ethereum network.  The process of validating transactions and adding them to the blockchain is known as the process of validating transactions and adding them to the blockchain is known as the process of validating transactions and adding them to the blockchain is known as the process of validating transactions and adding them to the blockchain is known as the process of validating transactions and adding them to the blockchain is known as the process of validating transactions.	is 1		2 1
).			1	1
10.	The smallest unit of Ether is called a	В	T	CO

10.	The smallest unit of Ether is called a	M	BT	CO
SL No.	Part B - Test Questions  Whow is Blockchain used for Identity Management? Discuss with a figure the	5+5	2	2
1.	identity use-case for corporation.	10	3	4
2.	Explain what a smart contract is, provide three supports through smart used, and discuss the advantages of automating transactions through smart	10	3	
	contracts?	10	2	3
3.	Explain the following concepts:  Network Tokens  Utility Tokens	(3+3+4)		
4	iii) Security Tokens  Briefly explain how Blockchain is used in the areas mentioned for Business:	10	3	2
4.	i) Finance Supply Chain Management Accounting Marketing and sales			
5.	ii) How can Blockchain be integrated with IoT? ii) How is Blockchain used in healthcare industry?	5+5	3	2

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## RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to VTU)

### I / II Semester B. E. Regular / Supplementary Examinations Aug-2024 ELEMENTS OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY (ELECTIVE) Maximum Marks: 100

Time: 03 Hours

Instructions to candidates:

1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be

answered in first three pages of the answer book only.

2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2 is compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4, 5 and 6, 7 and 8, 9 and 10.

	PART-A	M	BI	CO
	PARI-A			
/	Differentiate between Decentralized and Centralized database.	02	2	1
1 11	Blockchain technology enables storing a history of transactions			Vanne II
1,2	Blockchain technology enables storing a history	02	3	2
	that is "agreed-upon and append-only." Justify this concept.	02	1	3
1,3	Define Dapp with an example.	02	2	3
O JA	Mention any two key advantages of Wallet.	02	3	2
118	Compare cryptocurrencies with crypto-commodities.		55754	
/ 1.6/	Telers to the entire open source places.			1233
	developing distributed applications, with	1		TO ST
	actual digital token that is used to fuel the platform. (Fill in the	02	1	2
	blanks with appropriate terms.)	02	1	2.
2.7	Outline steps involved in KYC use case for banking that utilizes	na	3	1
-	blockchain for KYC approval process.	02	11 (200	1
1.8	What is edge computing?	02	2	5
1.9	The first block in the blockchain is called as Its		180	1920
	block height is	02	1	5
1.10	Contrast Bitcoin and Ethereum with respect to block generation		15	
/	speed and Quantity of tokens supported	02	2	5

#### PART-B

A	With respect to Blockchain technology explain the following:  i) Types of Blockchain			
<b>b</b>	(ii) Challenges for adoption of Blockchain Two key features of Blockchain include Security and Resilience.	10	3	5
	Briefly describe the same.	06	2	5
а	Compare and contrast the Internet and Blockchain technology Stacks. Between two communicating parties A and B what does the consensus rule define in case of Bitcoin?	10	3	4
b	What is a mining pool? Explain with two pool examples.	06	2	4
	OR			
a/	Explain the concept of Blockchain as a Service. Why is it useful for organizations to implement it? Discuss its upsides and			
/	downsides.	10	3	2
	What is <i>IPFS</i> ? Explain what happens when a file is added to <i>IPFS</i> .	06	2	2
				1

[5 a	Describe the importance of network tokens and security tokens			
10 a	with one example for each. Enumerate the potential benefits of	10	1 4	
	MANAGER STATE OF THE STATE OF T	10	2	4
b	Define decentralized crypto exchange. Detail the idea belining	06	2	4
, D	OTC crypto exchange.	00	4	7
	OR			
	Explain how bitcoin has emerged using fork. Using a neat	-		
6 a	Explain how bitcoin has emerged to value	10	2	3
			-	
b	LIST and Capacita	06	2	3
	cryptocurrencies.			
7 a	What is a Smart contract? Explain the following with respect to			
7 a	Smart contract:			170
	i) Working of Smart Contract	10	2	3
	Attributes of Smart Contract	10	4	3
ь	Highlight the two research projects of Ethereum developed as a	06	3	3
	part of Casper.	0.0	0	
1	OR			
1	OR			-
8 a	Outline the possibility of using DAOs to automate businesses.			
	How could a DAO help you buy/sell your used car.	10	3	1
b	Differentiate On-chain Vs Off-chain Vs Side-chain governance.	06	2	1
1				
9 a	Illustrate and explain how a "health token" could be used to			1
	solve the problem of keeping patients on track with their doctor	00	3	2
	prescribed treatment or fitness regimes.	08	3	4
ь	Comment on the different cross industry asset tracking use cases. How can blockchain be used to accomplish it.	08	3	2
	cases. How can blockellant be used to accomplish it.	00	3	4
	OR			100
10	Write short notes on the following:		9 1-1	
Str Fill	Blockchain for IoT	100		
	Blockchain for Walmart Food Supply chain			
11/2/12	MIT credential verification via Blockchain		1	
	d) POWR for Energy using Blockchain	10		
	Or more productions	16	3	2