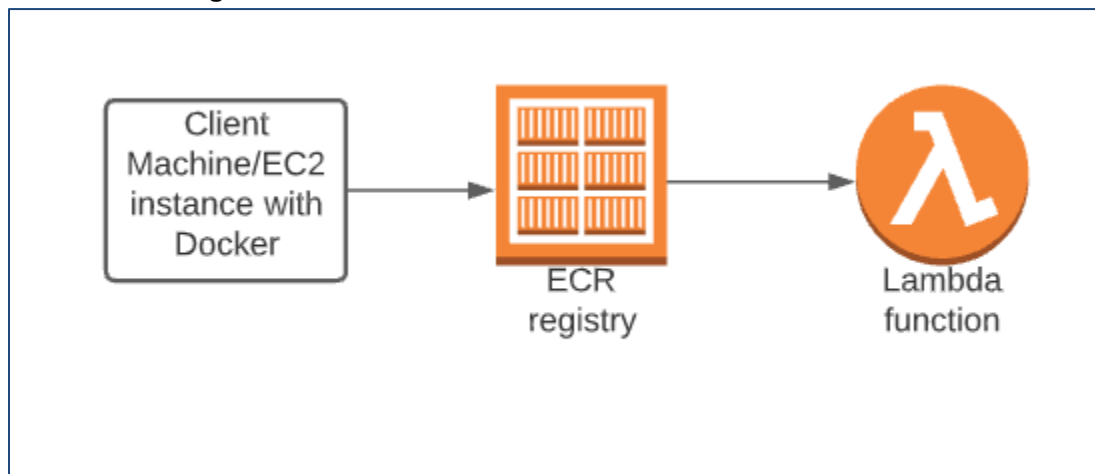


AWS Project 4

Scenario

The introduction of Lambda support for OCI container images provides customers with more choices when it comes to packaging formats. Developers can now choose to take advantage of the event-driven runtime model and cost-savings advantages of AWS Lambda, while taking advantage of the predictability and control offered by a container-based development and deployment cycle.

Architecture diagram



Architecture Implementation

1	Download the Dockerfile and the app code folder provided with this workbook
2	Package the web application as a Docker image running on Alpine with Python
3	Create an ECR repository and login to it.
4	Build the image with the downloaded dockerfile and the support files
5	Tag the image appropriately and push it into the ECR repository.
6	Create a Lambda function with the image in ECR.

Step 1 : Docker Image creation

Step number	a
Step name	Creation of Docker image
Instructions	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) Create an EC2 instance using the Amazon Linux 2 AMI in the default VPC.2) Attach the role "LabInstanceProfile" to the instance created above3) Download the file OCI.zip provided with this workbook and copy it to the EC2 instance using the scp command scp -i <pem file name> ./OCI.zip ec2-user@<public IP of instance>:/home/ec2-user (Ensure that the file OCI.zip and the pem file are in the same folder before running this command)4) Login to the instance using SSH and run the following commands to set up the environment <i>sudo yum update</i> <i>sudo yum install unzip</i> <i>sudo unzip OCI.zip</i> <i>sudo amazon-linux-extras install docker</i> <i>sudo service docker start</i> <i>sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user</i> (At this point, log out of the instance and log in again to ensure that the above command works. Then continue with the rest of the commands) <i>sudo yum install awscli -y</i> <i>aws configure</i> Skip the access key and secret access key fields by pressing the Enter key. Enter the region as us-east-1 and format as json5) Run the below command to create the Docker image <i>docker build -t lambda_ecr .</i>6) Run the below command to verify the creation of the image <i>docker images</i> <p>Expected screenshots 1)Building the Docker image 3) List of the created image</p>

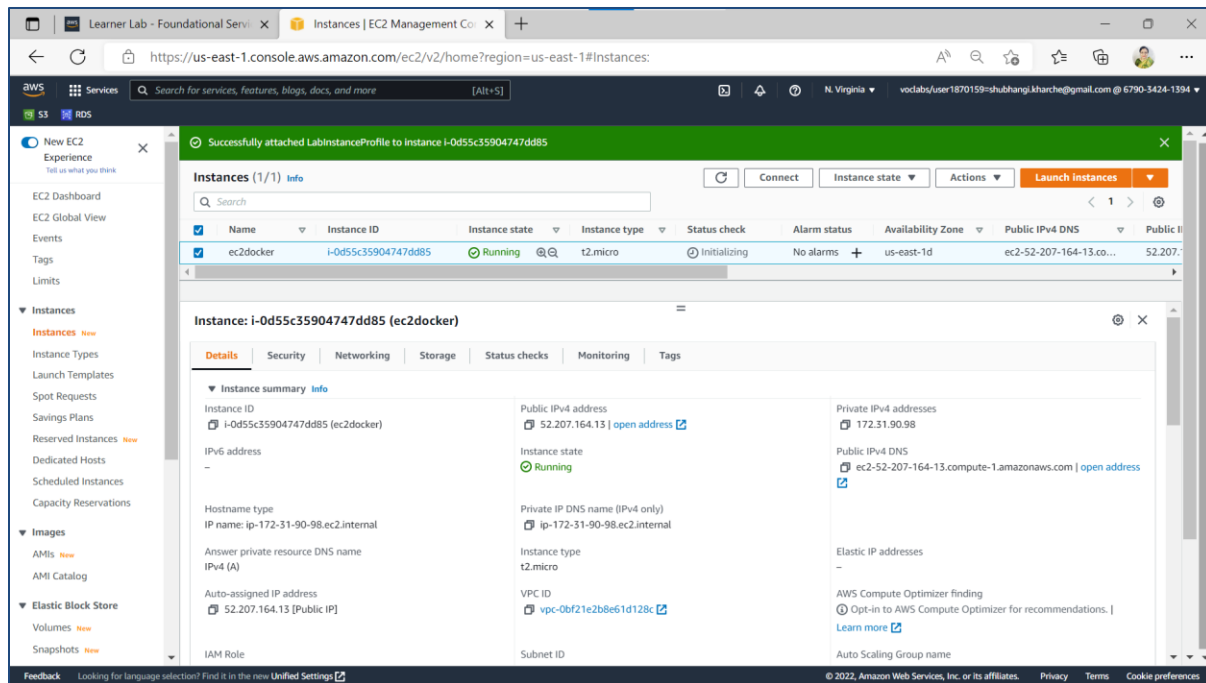


Fig 1.a Creation of EC2 instance (optional screenshot)

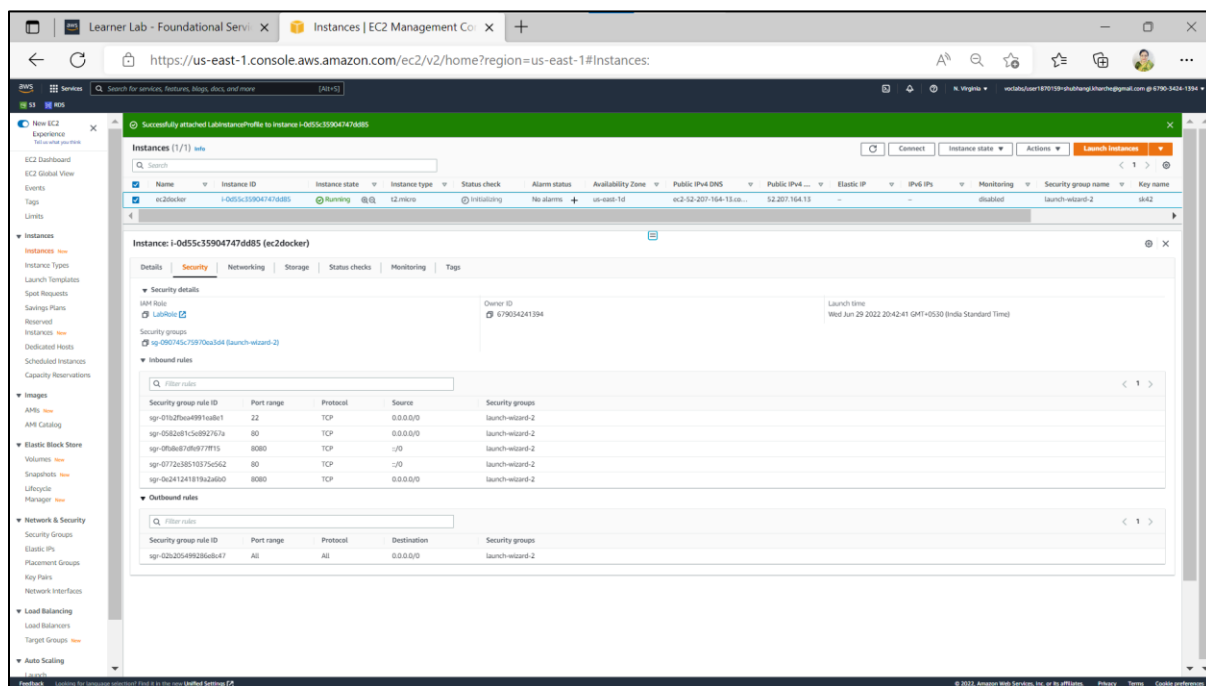


Fig 1.b Defining security groups [SSH port 22 (from anywhere using IPv4), HTTP port 80 (from anywhere using both IPv4 and IPv6), docker host port 8080 (from anywhere using both IPv4 and IPv6)] (optional screenshot)


```
ubuntu@ubuntu: ~/Downloads
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ ls
Desktop  Documents  Downloads  Music  Pictures  Public  Templates  Videos
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ cd Downloads/
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ls
OCI.zip
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ cd
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ cd Pictures/
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Pictures$ ls
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Pictures$ cd
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ cd Downloads/
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ls
OCI.zip
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ls
OCI.zip
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ls
OCI.zip  sk42.pem
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ chmod 400 sk42.pem
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ scp -i sk42.pem ./OCI.zip ec2-user@52.207.164.13:/home/ec2-user
The authenticity of host '52.207.164.13 (52.207.164.13)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:GiwQmv4uxTND/o22CMBhXxvSmgWqWpDVUqUWkBiYEOM.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '52.207.164.13' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
OCI.zip                                100% 1595    1.6KB/s   00:00
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$
```

Fig 1.e Securely copying OCI.zip to created EC2 instance (optional screenshot) (assigned read permission to .pem file)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '52.207.164.13' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
OCI.zip                                100% 1595    1.6KB/s   00:00
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ls
OCI.zip  sk42.pem
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ssh -i "sk42.pem" ec2-user@ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com (52.207.164.13)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:GiwQmv4uxTND/o22CMBhXxvSmgWqWpDVUqUWkBiYEOM.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Last login: Wed Jun 29 16:09:49 2022 from ec2-18-206-107-25.compute-1.amazonaws.com

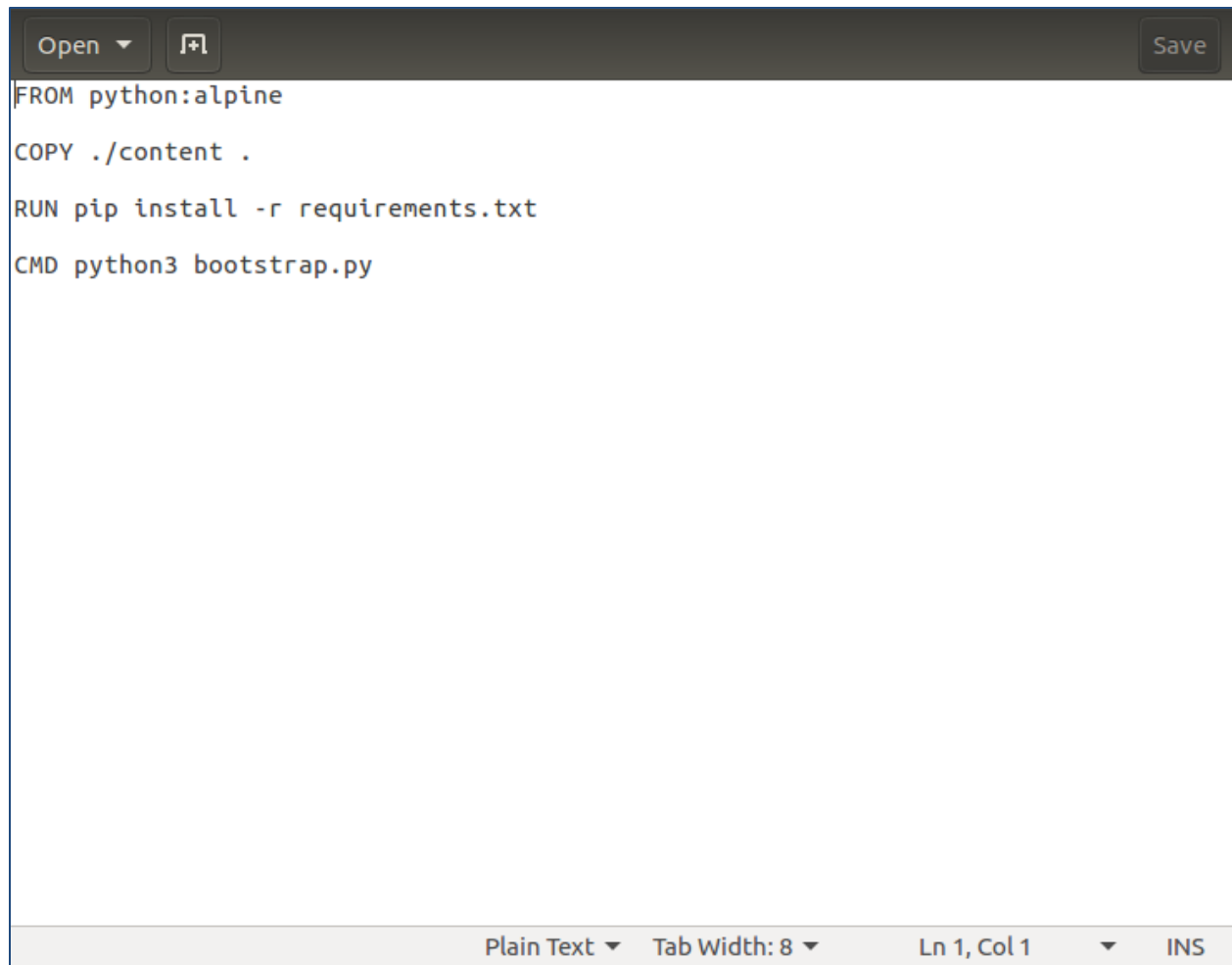
  _ _ | _ _ | _ )
  _ | ( _ _ | /
  _ _ | \ _ _ | _ _ |
                        Amazon Linux 2 AMI

https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ ls
OCI.zip
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.f Successful SSH login to created EC2 instance from ubuntu terminal (optional screenshot)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~  
  
  _|  _|  _|  )  
 _| (  /  Amazon Linux 2 AMI  
__| \___|___|  
  
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ ls  
OCI.zip  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo yum update  
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd  
amzn2-core | 3.7 kB 00:00  
No packages marked for update  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo yum install unzip  
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd  
Package unzip-6.0-43.amzn2.x86_64 already installed and latest version  
Nothing to do  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo unzip OCI.zip  
Archive: OCI.zip  
  inflating: Dockerfile  
   creating: content/  
  inflating: content/app.py  
  inflating: content/bootstrap.py  
  inflating: content/requirements.txt  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

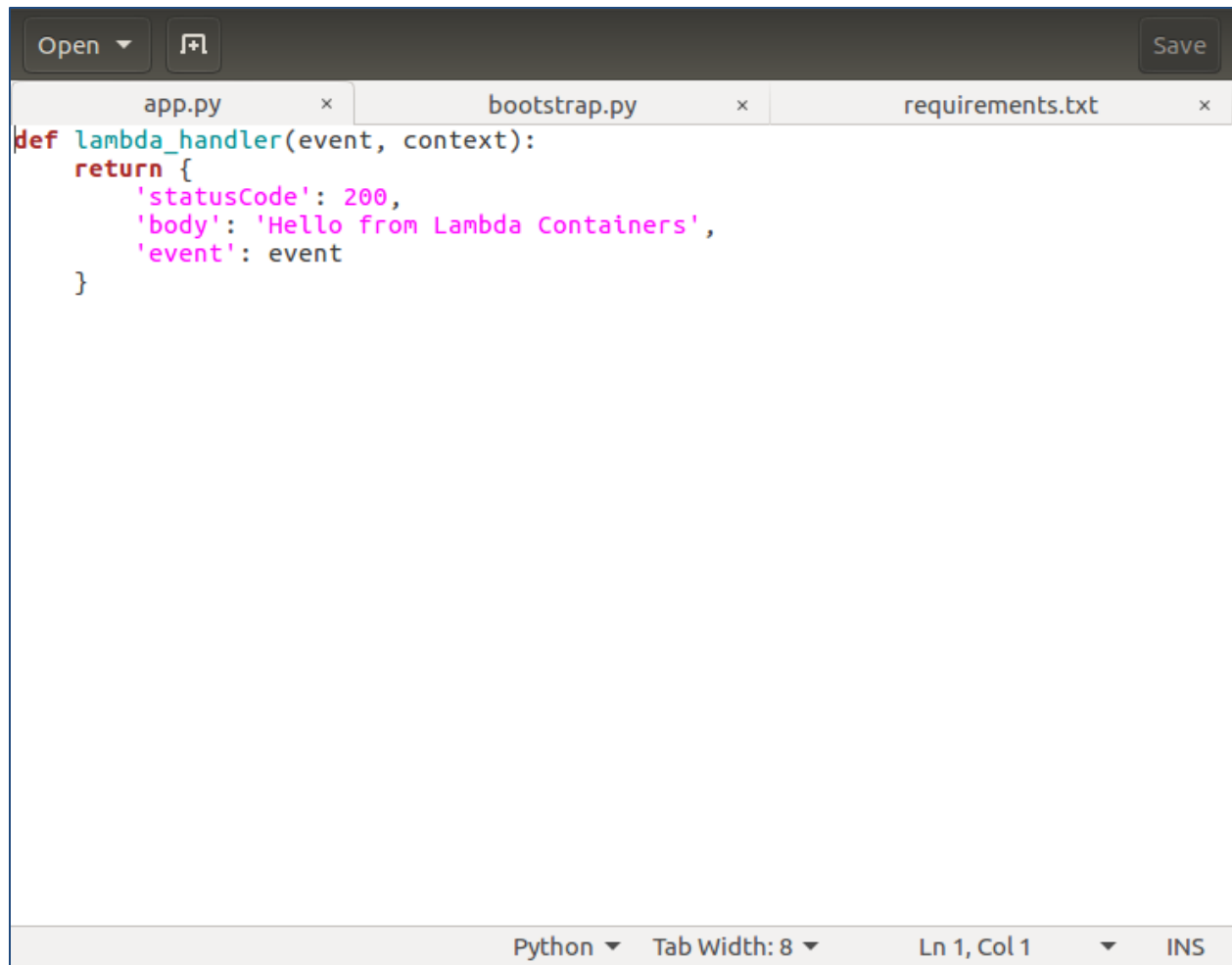
Fig 1.g Unzipping OCI.zip (optional screenshot)



The image shows a screenshot of a Dockerfile editor. The editor has a dark-themed header bar with an 'Open' button and a file icon on the left, and a 'Save' button on the right. The main area is a text editor with a light background, containing four lines of Dockerfile instructions. The bottom status bar shows 'Plain Text', 'Tab Width: 8', 'Ln 1, Col 1', and 'INS'.

```
FROM python:alpine
COPY ./content .
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
CMD python3 bootstrap.py
```

Fig 1.h Contents of Dockerfile (optional screenshot)



The screenshot shows a code editor window with three tabs: 'app.py', 'bootstrap.py', and 'requirements.txt'. The 'app.py' tab is active, displaying a Python lambda function. The code is as follows:

```
def lambda_handler(event, context):  
    return {  
        'statusCode': 200,  
        'body': 'Hello from Lambda Containers',  
        'event': event  
    }
```

The editor's status bar at the bottom indicates the language is 'Python', the tab width is '8', the cursor is at 'Ln 1, Col 1', and the input mode is 'INS'.

Fig 1.i Contents of app.py file (optional screenshot)

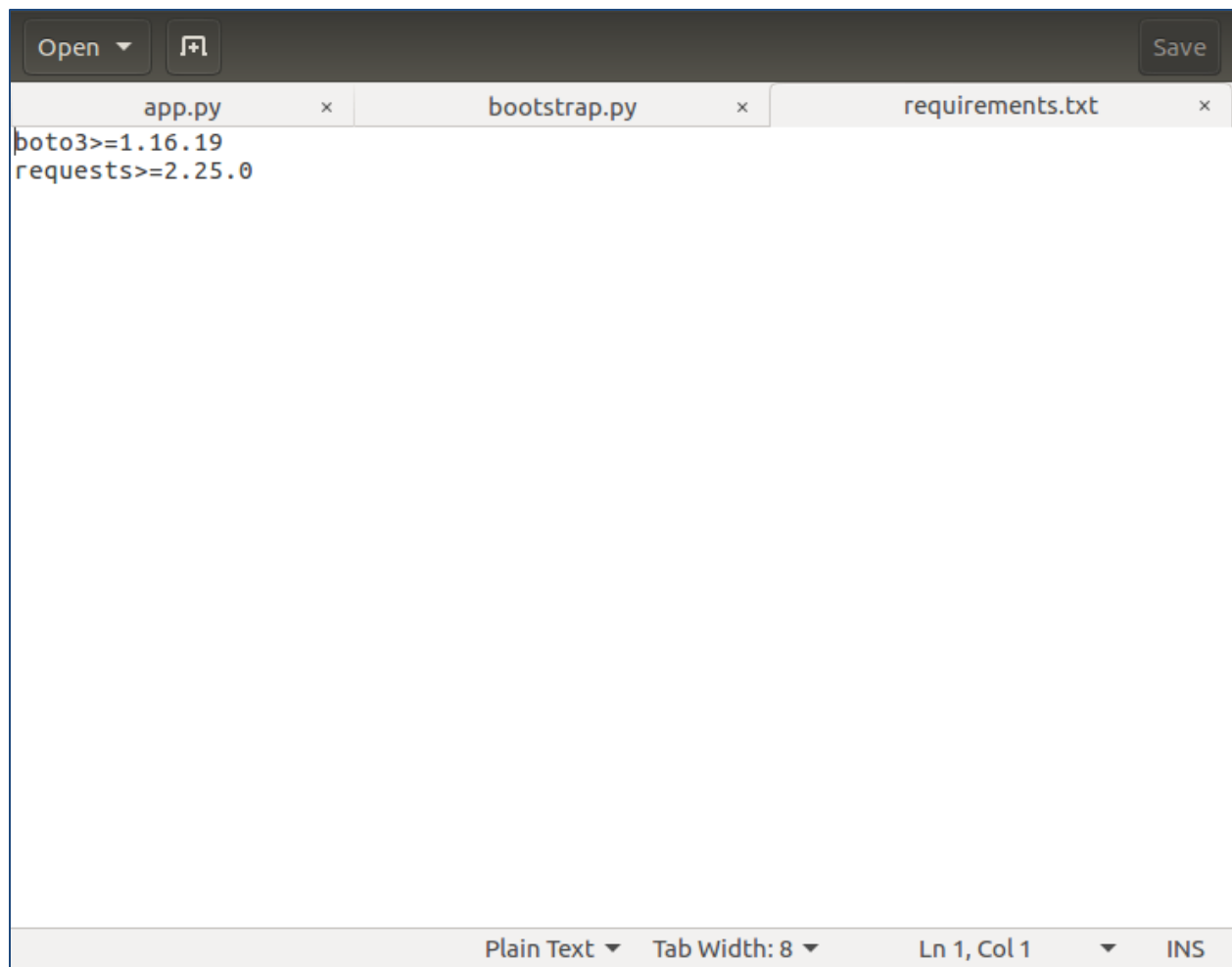


Fig 1.j Contents of requirements.txt file (optional screenshot)

```

import os
import requests
import sys
import traceback

def run_loop():
    aws_lambda_runtime_api = os.environ['AWS_LAMBDA_RUNTIME_API']

    import app

    while True:
        request_id = None
        try:
            invocation_response = requests.get(f'http://{aws_lambda_runtime_api}/2018-06-01/runtime/invocation/next')

            request_id = invocation_response.headers['Lambda-Runtime-Aws-Request-Id']
            invoked_function_arn = invocation_response.headers['Lambda-Runtime-Invoked-Function-Arn']

            trace_id = invocation_response.headers['Lambda-Runtime-Trace-Id']
            os.environ['_X_AMZN_TRACE_ID'] = trace_id

            context = {
                'request_id': request_id,
                'invoked_function_arn': invoked_function_arn,
                'trace_id': trace_id
            }

            event = invocation_response.json()

            response_url = f'http://{aws_lambda_runtime_api}/2018-06-01/runtime/invocation/{request_id}/response'

            result = app.lambda_handler(event, context)

            sys.stdout.flush()

            requests.post(response_url, json=result)

        except:
            if request_id != None:
                try:
                    exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback = sys.exc_info()
                    exception_message = {

```

```

        'errorType': exc_type.__name__,
        'errorMessage': str(exc_value),
        'stackTrace': traceback.format_exception(exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback)
    }

    error_url = f'http://{aws_lambda_runtime_api}/2018-06-01/runtime/invoke/{request_id}/error'
    sys.stdout.flush()

    requests.post(error_url, json=exception_message)
except:
    pass

run_loop()

```

Fig 1.k Contents of bootstrap.py file (optional screenshot)

```

ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~
(1/5): pigz-2.3.4-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64.rpm | 81 kB 00:00
(2/5): libcgrou-0.41-21.amzn2.x86_64.rpm | 66 kB 00:00
(3/5): docker-20.10.13-2.amzn2.x86_64.rpm | 40 MB 00:02
(4/5): containerd-1.4.13-3.amzn2.x86_64.rpm | 23 MB 00:02
(5/5): runc-1.0.3-3.amzn2.x86_64.rpm | 3.0 MB 00:00
-----
Total | 30 MB/s | 67 MB 00:02
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
  Installing : runc-1.0.3-3.amzn2.x86_64 1/5
  Installing : containerd-1.4.13-3.amzn2.x86_64 2/5
  Installing : libcgrou-0.41-21.amzn2.x86_64 3/5
  Installing : pigz-2.3.4-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64 4/5
  Installing : docker-20.10.13-2.amzn2.x86_64 5/5
  Verifying : containerd-1.4.13-3.amzn2.x86_64 1/5
  Verifying : pigz-2.3.4-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64 2/5
  Verifying : libcgrou-0.41-21.amzn2.x86_64 3/5
  Verifying : runc-1.0.3-3.amzn2.x86_64 4/5
  Verifying : docker-20.10.13-2.amzn2.x86_64 5/5

Installed:
  docker.x86_64 0:20.10.13-2.amzn2

Dependency Installed:
  containerd.x86_64 0:1.4.13-3.amzn2 libcgrou.x86_64 0:0.41-21.amzn2
  pigz.x86_64 0:2.3.4-1.amzn2.0.1 runc.x86_64 0:1.0.3-3.amzn2

Complete!
  0 ansible2 available \
    [ =2.4.2 =2.4.6 =2.8 =stable ]

```

Fig 1.l Successful installation of docker (optional screenshot)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~  
35 kernel-ng          available [ =stable ]  
36 BCC                 available [ =0.x =stable ]  
37 mono                available [ =5.x =stable ]  
38 nginx1              available [ =stable ]  
39 ruby2.6             available [ =2.6 =stable ]  
40 mock                available [ =stable ]  
41 postgresql11        available [ =11 =stable ]  
42 php7.4              available [ =stable ]  
43 livepatch           available [ =stable ]  
44 python3.8           available [ =stable ]  
45 haproxy2            available [ =stable ]  
46 collectd            available [ =stable ]  
47 aws-nitro-enclaves-cli available [ =stable ]  
48 R4                  available [ =stable ]  
_ kernel-5.4          available [ =stable ]  
50 selinux-ng          available [ =stable ]  
51 php8.0              available [ =stable ]  
52 tomcat9             available [ =stable ]  
53 unbound1.13         available [ =stable ]  
54 mariadb10.5         available [ =stable ]  
55 kernel-5.10=latest  enabled  [ =stable ]  
56 redis6              available [ =stable ]  
57 ruby3.0             available [ =stable ]  
58 postgresql12        available [ =stable ]  
59 postgresql13        available [ =stable ]  
60 mock2               available [ =stable ]  
61 dnsmasq2.85         available [ =stable ]  
62 kernel-5.15         available [ =stable ]  
63 postgresql14        available [ =stable ]  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start  
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.m docker service start (optional screenshot)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~
36 BCC available [ =0.x =stable ]
37 mono available [ =5.x =stable ]
38 nginx1 available [ =stable ]
39 ruby2.6 available [ =2.6 =stable ]
40 mock available [ =stable ]
41 postgresql11 available [ =11 =stable ]
42 php7.4 available [ =stable ]
43 livepatch available [ =stable ]
44 python3.8 available [ =stable ]
45 haproxy2 available [ =stable ]
46 collectd available [ =stable ]
47 aws-nitro-enclaves-cli available [ =stable ]
48 R4 available [ =stable ]
   kernel-5.4 available [ =stable ]
50 selinux-ng available [ =stable ]
51 php8.0 available [ =stable ]
52 tomcat9 available [ =stable ]
53 unbound1.13 available [ =stable ]
54 mariadb10.5 available [ =stable ]
55 kernel-5.10=latest enabled [ =stable ]
56 redis6 available [ =stable ]
57 ruby3.0 available [ =stable ]
58 postgresql12 available [ =stable ]
59 postgresql13 available [ =stable ]
60 mock2 available [ =stable ]
61 dnsmasq2.85 available [ =stable ]
62 kernel-5.15 available [ =stable ]
63 postgresql14 available [ =stable ]
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.n Adding ec2-user to docker group(optional screenshot)

```
ubuntu@ubuntu: ~/Downloads
38 nginx1 available [ =stable ]
39 ruby2.6 available [ =2.6 =stable ]
40 mock available [ =stable ]
41 postgresql11 available [ =11 =stable ]
42 php7.4 available [ =stable ]
43 livepatch available [ =stable ]
44 python3.8 available [ =stable ]
45 haproxy2 available [ =stable ]
46 collectd available [ =stable ]
47 aws-nitro-enclaves-cli available [ =stable ]
48 R4 available [ =stable ]
_ kernel-5.4 available [ =stable ]
50 selinux-ng available [ =stable ]
51 php8.0 available [ =stable ]
52 tomcat9 available [ =stable ]
53 unbound1.13 available [ =stable ]
54 mariadb10.5 available [ =stable ]
55 kernel-5.10=latest enabled [ =stable ]
56 redis6 available [ =stable ]
57 ruby3.0 available [ =stable ]
58 postgresql12 available [ =stable ]
59 postgresql13 available [ =stable ]
60 mock2 available [ =stable ]
61 dnsmasq2.85 available [ =stable ]
62 kernel-5.15 available [ =stable ]
63 postgresql14 available [ =stable ]
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ Logout
Connection to ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com closed.
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$
```

Fig 1.o logout from ec2 instance to check whether ec2 user is added to docker group or not (optional screenshot)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~  
47 aws-nitro-enclaves-cli    available    [ =stable ]  
48 R4                        available    [ =stable ]  
_ kernel-5.4                 available    [ =stable ]  
50 selinux-ng                 available    [ =stable ]  
51 php8.0                     available    [ =stable ]  
52 tomcat9                    available    [ =stable ]  
53 unbound1.13                available    [ =stable ]  
54 mariadb10.5                available    [ =stable ]  
55 kernel-5.10=latest         enabled      [ =stable ]  
56 redis6                     available    [ =stable ]  
57 ruby3.0                    available    [ =stable ]  
58 postgresql12               available    [ =stable ]  
59 postgresql13               available    [ =stable ]  
60 mock2                       available    [ =stable ]  
61 dnsmasq2.85                available    [ =stable ]  
62 kernel-5.15                available    [ =stable ]  
63 postgresql14               available    [ =stable ]  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start  
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ logout  
Connection to ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com closed.  
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ssh -i "sk42.pem" ec2-user@ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-  
1.amazonaws.com  
Last login: Wed Jun 29 16:14:47 2022 from 103.159.184.217  
  
  _ | _ | _ )  
  _ | ( _ /  Amazon Linux 2 AMI  
  _ | \ _ | _ |  
  
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.p Login again to ec2 instance (optional screenshot)

```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~
53 unbound1.13          available [ =stable ]
54 mariadb10.5          available [ =stable ]
55 kernel-5.10=latest   enabled  [ =stable ]
56 redis6                available [ =stable ]
57 ruby3.0               available [ =stable ]
58 postgresql12          available [ =stable ]
59 postgresql13          available [ =stable ]
60 mock2                  available [ =stable ]
61 dnsmasq2.85           available [ =stable ]
62 kernel-5.15           available [ =stable ]
63 postgresql14          available [ =stable ]
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ logout
Connection to ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com closed.
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ssh -i "sk42.pem" ec2-user@ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-
1.amazonaws.com
Last login: Wed Jun 29 16:14:47 2022 from 103.159.184.217

  _ |  _ |  )
 _ | ( _ | /  Amazon Linux 2 AMI
___|\___|___|

https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo yum install awscli -y
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
amzn2-core | 3.7 kB 00:00
Package awscli-1.18.147-1.amzn2.0.1.noarch already installed and latest version
Nothing to do
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.q Installing awscli for building docker image via CLI(optional screenshot)


```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98:~
58 postgresql12          available      [ =stable ]
59 postgresql13          available      [ =stable ]
60 mock2                  available      [ =stable ]
61 dnsmasq2.85            available      [ =stable ]
62 kernel-5.15            available      [ =stable ]
63 postgresql14           available      [ =stable ]
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo service docker start
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ logout
Connection to ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-1.amazonaws.com closed.
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ ssh -i "sk42.pem" ec2-user@ec2-52-207-164-13.compute-
1.amazonaws.com
Last login: Wed Jun 29 16:14:47 2022 from 103.159.184.217

  _ | _ | _ )
  _ | ( _ | /   Amazon Linux 2 AMI
  _ | \ _ | _ |

https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ sudo yum install awscli -y
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
amzn2-core | 3.7 kB 00:00
Package awscli-1.18.147-1.amzn2.0.1.noarch already installed and latest version
Nothing to do
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [None]:
AWS Secret Access Key [None]:
Default region name [None]: us-east-1
Default output format [None]: json
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$
```

Fig 1.r Configure AWS (fastest way to set up your AWS CLI installation) (optional screenshot)

```

Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-notif
anxn2-core | 3.7 kB | 00:00
Package awscli-1.18.147-1.anxn2.0.1.noarch already installed and latest version
Nothing to do
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [None]:
AWS Secret Access Key [None]:
Default region name [None]: us-east-1
Default output format [None]: json
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker build -t lambda_ecr .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 494.1kB
Step 1/4 : FROM python:alpine
alpine: Pulling from library/python
2408cc74d12b: Pull complete
2f22a8da21a0: Pull complete
54cc060f118a: Pull complete
03624af3d529: Pull complete
4ae78d2f3edf: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:97725c081f5670080322188827ef5cd95325b8c09e401047f0f8bc21910042d
Status: Downloaded newer image for python:alpine
----> 27e0b73bd1fc
Step 2/4 : COPY ./content .
----> ee0b4389b105
Step 3/4 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
----> Running in 418d7e90007b
Collecting boto3==1.10.19
  Downloading boto3-1.24.19-py3-none-any.whl (132 kB)
    132.5/132.5 KB 2.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting requests==2.25.0
  Downloading requests-2.28.1-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
    62.8/62.8 KB 13.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.7.0,>=0.6.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
    79.0/79.0 KB 12.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting botocore<1.28.0,>=1.27.19
  Downloading botocore-1.27.19-py3-none-any.whl (8.9 MB)
    8.9/8.9 MB 40.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting charset-normalizer<3,>=2
  Downloading charset-normalizer-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (39 kB)
Collecting urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1
  Downloading urllib3-1.26.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (138 kB)
    139.0/139.0 KB 29.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting idna<4,>=2.5
  Downloading idna-3.3-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
    61.2/61.2 KB 10.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting certifi<=2017.4.17
  Downloading certifi-2022.0.15-py3-none-any.whl (100 kB)
    100.2/100.2 KB 29.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
    247.7/247.7 KB 39.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting six==1.5
  Downloading six-1.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, six, jmespath, idna, charset-normalizer, certifi, requests, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.24.19 botocore-1.27.19 certifi-2022.0.15 charset-normalizer-2.1.0 idna-3.3 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 requests-2.28.1 s3transfer-0.6.0 six-1.10.0 urllib3-1.26.9
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment i
nstead: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.1.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/local/bin/python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
Removing intermediate container 418d7e90007b
----> e81c74097003
Step 4/4 : CMD python3 bootstrap.py
----> Running in 83471e9ff12a
Removing intermediate container 83471e9ff12a
----> ba0d314319f0
Successfully built ba0d314319f0
Successfully tagged lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$

```

Fig 1.s Building docker image

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [None]:
AWS Secret Access Key [None]:
Default region name [None]: us-east-1
Default output format [None]: json
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker build -t lambda_ecr .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 494.1kB
Step 1/4 : FROM python:alpine
alpine: Pulling from library/python
2488cc74d12b: Pull complete
2f22aa6a21a0: Pull complete
54cc060f118a: Pull complete
83624af3d529: Pull complete
4ae78d2f3e9f: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:97725c081f5070080322188827ef5cd95325b0c09e401047f0f0c21910042d
Status: Downloaded newer image for python:alpine
--> 27ed073bd1fc
Step 2/4 : COPY ./content .
--> ecd04330b105
Step 3/4 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
--> Running in 418d7e90007b
Collecting boto3>=1.10.19
  Downloading boto3-1.24.19-py3-none-any.whl (132 kB)
    132.5/132.5 KB 2.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting requests>=2.25.0
  Downloading requests-2.28.1-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
    62.8/62.8 KB 13.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.7.0,>=0.6.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
    79.6/79.6 KB 12.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting botocore<1.28.0,>=1.27.19
  Downloading botocore-1.27.19-py3-none-any.whl (8.9 MB)
    8.9/8.9 MB 48.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting charset-normalizer<3,>=2
  Downloading charset-normalizer-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (39 kB)
Collecting urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1
  Downloading urllib3-1.20.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (138 kB)
    139.0/139.0 KB 29.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting idna<4,>=2.5
  Downloading idna-3.3-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
    61.2/61.2 KB 10.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting certifi>=2017.4.17
  Downloading certifi-2022.0.15-py3-none-any.whl (100 kB)
    100.2/100.2 KB 29.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
    247.7/247.7 KB 39.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting six>=1.5
  Downloading six-1.10.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, six, jmespath, idna, charset-normalizer, certifi, requests, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.24.19 botocore-1.27.19 certifi-2022.0.15 charset-normalizer-2.1.0 idna-3.3 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 requests-2.28.1 s3transfer-0.6.0 six-1.10.0 urllib3-1.20.9
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment i
nstead: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.1.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/local/bin/python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
Removing intermediate container 418d7e90007b
--> e81c74097003
Step 4/4 : CMD python3 bootstrap.py
--> Running in 83471a9ff12a
Removing intermediate container 83471a9ff12a
--> ba0d314319f0
Successfully built ba0d314319f0
Successfully tagged lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker images

```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
lambda_ecr	latest	ba0d314319f0	2 minutes ago	137MB
python	alpine	27ed073bd1fc	3 weeks ago	47.6MB

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$

```

Fig 1.t List of created images

Step 2: Create ECR repository and upload image to ECR

Step number a

Step name Creating the ECR repository

- Instructions
- 1) Go to the ECR service on the AWS console
 - 2) Select the Repositories from the left pane
 - 3) Create a new private repository named **lambda_ecr** with the default settings

Step number b

Step name Image upload to ECR

- Instructions
- 1) Once the repository is created, select the repository and then click on "View push commands" on the top right
 - 2) From the pop up screen which appears, run commands 1, 3 and 4 after logging into the EC2 instance created above. Note that command 2 was already executed in the previous step when the image was created.
For reference, the commands will be in the format shown below:

```
aws ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username  
AWS --password-stdin <xxxxxxx.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com>
```

```
docker tag lambda_ecr_image:latest <xxxxxxx.dkr.ecr.us-east-  
1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr>:latest
```

```
docker push <xxxxxxx.dkr.ecr.us-east-  
1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr>:latest
```

Expected screenshots

1) Creation of Repository 2) View push commands
3) Login Succeeded 4) Tagging of the image 5) Pushing of image to ECR 6) Image uploaded on the ECR repo

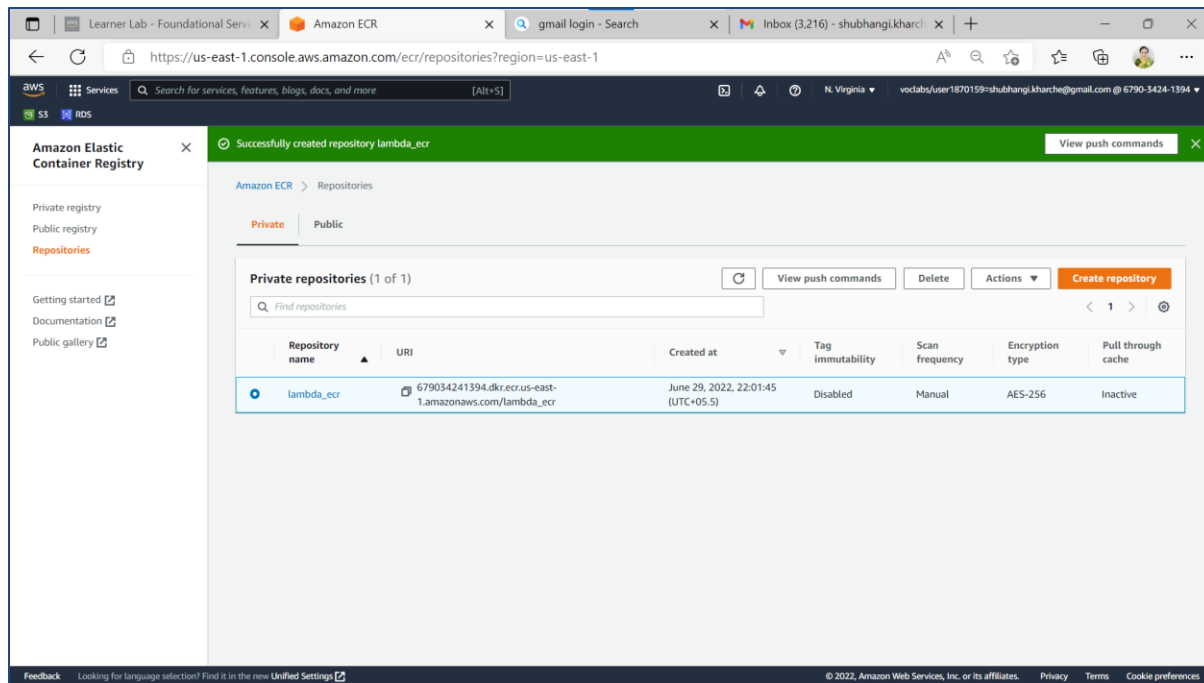


Fig. 2 a) Creation of Repository on ECR (lambda_ecr)

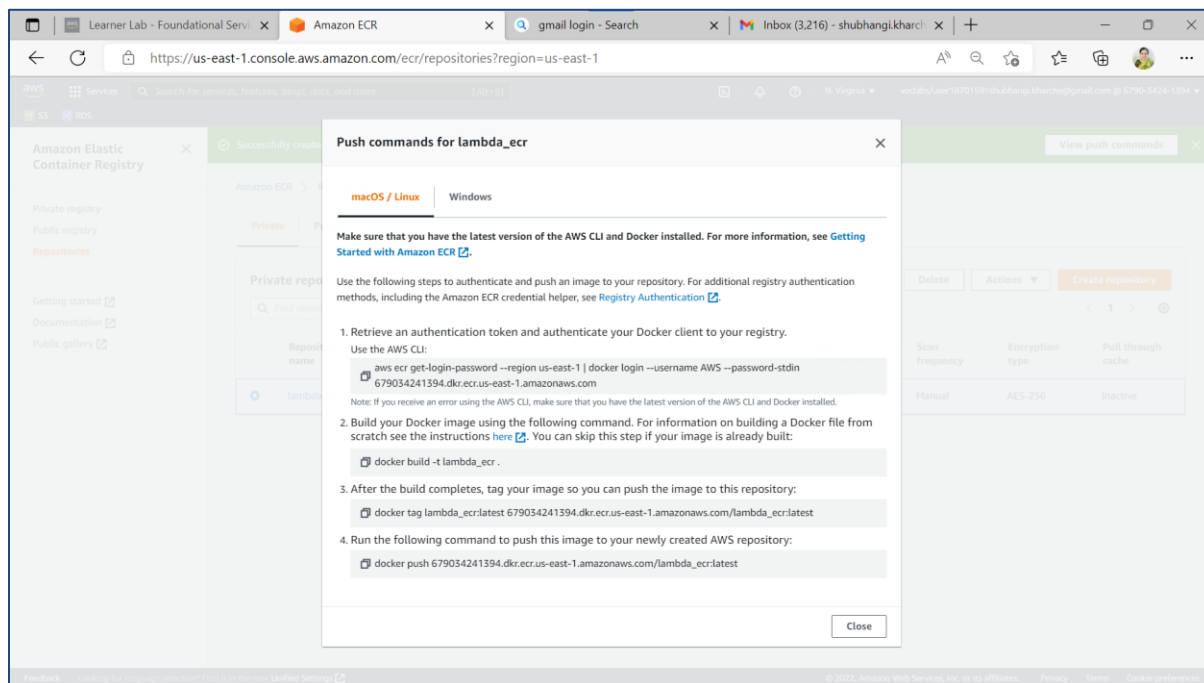


Fig. 2 b) View push commands

```

Sending build context to Docker daemon 494.1kB
Step 1/4 : FROM python:alpine
alpine: Pulling from library/python
2408cc74d12b: Pull complete
2f22a8a021a0: Pull complete
54cc006f118a: Pull complete
03024af3d529: Pull complete
4ae78d2f3e9f: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:97725c081f5070080322188827ef5cd95325b0c09e401047f0fa0c21910042d
Status: Downloaded newer image for python:alpine
----> 27ed073bd1fc
Step 2/4 : COPY ./content .
----> ec0b4390105
Step 3/4 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
----> Running in 418d7e90007b
Collecting boto3==1.10.19
  Downloading boto3-1.10.19-py3-none-any.whl (132 kB)
Collecting requests==2.25.0
  Downloading requests-2.28.1-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.7.0,>=0.6.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
Collecting botocore<1.28.0,>=1.27.19
  Downloading botocore-1.27.19-py3-none-any.whl (8.9 MB)
Collecting charset-normalizer<3,>=2
  Downloading charset-normalizer-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (39 kB)
Collecting urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1
  Downloading urllib3-1.20.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (138 kB)
Collecting idna<4,>=2.5
  Downloading idna-3.3-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
Collecting certifi==2017.4.17
  Downloading certifi-2022.0.15-py3-none-any.whl (100 kB)
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
Collecting six==1.5
  Downloading six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, six, jmespath, idna, charset-normalizer, certifi, requests, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.10.19 botocore-1.27.19 certifi-2022.0.15 charset-normalizer-2.1.0 idna-3.3 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 requests-2.28.1 s3transfer-0.6.0 six-1.16.0 urllib3-1.20.9
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment i
instead: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.1.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/local/bin/python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
Removing intermediate container 418d7e90007b
----> e81c74097003
Step 4/4 : CMD python3 bootstrap.py
----> Running in 83471a9ff12a
Removing intermediate container 83471a9ff12a
----> ba0d314319f0
Successfully built ba0d314319f0
Successfully tagged lambda-ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
lambda_ecr latest ba0d314319f0 2 minutes ago 137MB
python alpine 27ed073bd1fc 3 weeks ago 47.0MB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin 079034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /home/ec2-user/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store

Login Succeeded
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$

```

Fig. 2 c) Login Succeeded

```

Step 2/4 : COPY ./content .
----> eeb4389b105
Step 3/4 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
----> Running in 418d7e90007b
Collecting boto3>=1.10.19
  Downloading boto3-1.24.19-py3-none-any.whl (132 kB)
    132.5/132.5 KB 2.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting requests>=2.25.0
  Downloading requests-2.28.1-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
    62.8/62.8 KB 13.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.7.0,>=0.6.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
    79.0/79.0 KB 12.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting botocore<1.28.0,>=1.27.19
  Downloading botocore-1.27.19-py3-none-any.whl (8.9 MB)
    8.9/8.9 MB 48.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting charset-normalizer<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading charset-normalizer-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (39 kB)
Collecting urllib3<1.27.0,>=1.21.1
  Downloading urllib3-1.26.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (138 kB)
    139.0/139.0 KB 29.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting idna<4,>=2.5
  Downloading idna-3.3-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
    61.2/61.2 KB 16.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting certifi>=2017.4.17
  Downloading certifi-2022.6.15-py3-none-any.whl (100 kB)
    100.2/100.2 KB 29.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading python-dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
    247.7/247.7 KB 39.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting six>=1.5
  Downloading six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, six, jmespath, idna, charset-normalizer, certifi, requests, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.24.19 botocore-1.27.19 certifi-2022.6.15 charset-normalizer-2.1.0 idna-3.3 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 requests-2.28.1 s3transfer-0.6.0 six-1.16.0 urllib3-1.26.9
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment i
nterpret: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.1.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/local/bin/python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
Removing intermediate container 418d7e90007b
----> e81c74097003
Step 4/4 : CMD python3 bootstrap.py
----> Running in 83471a9ff12a
Removing intermediate container 83471a9ff12a
----> ba0d314319f0
Successfully built ba0d314319f0
Successfully tagged lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
lambda_ecr latest ba0d314319f0 2 minutes ago 137MB
python alpine 27e0b73bd1fc 3 weeks ago 47.0MB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /home/ec2-user/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store

Login Succeeded
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker tag lambda_ecr:latest 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker push 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr:latest
The push refers to repository [679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr]
e3f98a959088: Pushed
e2cd8f647283: Pushed
87052a1ed873: Pushed
9ed237c13901: Pushed
24edc3301500: Pushed
09c126bb3ecd: Pushed
24302eb7d908: Pushed
latest: digest: sha256:0099ce580b05f2f48847f8b0c800aa8b4020d0b9cccf442b30e5b54ea19de9fc size: 1787
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$

```

Fig. 2 d) Tagging of the image

```

Step 2/4 : COPY ./content .
----> eeb4389b105
Step 3/4 : RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
----> Running in 418d7e90007b
Collecting boto3>=1.16.19
  Downloading boto3-1.24.19-py3-none-any.whl (132 kB)
    132.5/132.5 KB 2.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting requests>=2.25.0
  Downloading requests-2.28.1-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
    62.8/62.8 KB 13.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.7.0,>=0.6.0
  Downloading s3transfer-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (79 kB)
    79.0/79.0 KB 12.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting botocore<1.28.0,>=1.27.19
  Downloading botocore-1.27.19-py3-none-any.whl (8.9 MB)
    8.9/8.9 MB 48.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting charset-normalizer<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading charset-normalizer-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (39 kB)
Collecting urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1
  Downloading urllib3-1.26.9-py2.py3-none-any.whl (138 kB)
    139.0/139.0 KB 29.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting idna<4,>=2.5
  Downloading idna-3.3-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
    61.2/61.2 KB 16.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting certifi>=2017.4.17
  Downloading certifi-2022.6.15-py3-none-any.whl (100 kB)
    100.2/100.2 KB 29.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1
  Downloading python-dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
    247.7/247.7 KB 39.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting six>=1.5
  Downloading six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: urllib3, six, jmespath, idna, charset-normalizer, certifi, requests, python-dateutil, botocore, s3transfer, boto3
Successfully installed boto3-1.24.19 botocore-1.27.19 certifi-2022.6.15 charset-normalizer-2.1.0 idna-3.3 jmespath-1.0.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 requests-2.28.1 s3transfer-0.6.0 six-1.16.0 urllib3-1.26.9
WARNING: Running pip as the 'root' user can result in broken permissions and conflicting behaviour with the system package manager. It is recommended to use a virtual environment i
ntended: https://pip.pypa.io/warnings/venv
WARNING: You are using pip version 22.0.4; however, version 22.1.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/local/bin/python -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.
Removing intermediate container 418d7e90007b
----> e81c74097003
Step 4/4 : CMD python3 bootstrap.py
----> Running in 83471a9ff12a
Removing intermediate container 83471a9ff12a
----> ba0d314319f0
Successfully built ba0d314319f0
Successfully tagged lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
lambda_ecr latest ba0d314319f0 2 minutes ago 137MB
python alpine 27e0b73bd1fc 3 weeks ago 47.0MB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ aws ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /home/ec2-user/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store

Login Succeeded
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker tag lambda_ecr:latest 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$ docker push 679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr:latest
The push refers to repository [679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr]
e3f98a955008: Pushed
e2cd8f647283: Pushed
87052a1e0873: Pushed
9e0d37c13901: Pushed
24e0c3301500: Pushed
09c126bb3ecd: Pushed
24302eb7d908: Pushed
latest: digest: sha256:0699ce580b05f2f48847f5b0c800aa8b4020d0b9cccf442b30e5b54ea19de9fc size: 1787
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-90-98 ~]$

```

Fig. 2 e) Pushing of image to ECR

The screenshot shows the Amazon Elastic Container Registry (ECR) console. The breadcrumb navigation indicates the path: Amazon ECR > Repositories > lambda_ecr. The repository name 'lambda_ecr' is displayed at the top. On the right, there are buttons for 'View push commands' and 'Edit'. Below this, a section titled 'Images (1)' contains a search bar and a table of images. The table has columns for 'Image tag', 'Artifact type', 'Pushed at', 'Size (MB)', 'Image URI', 'Digest', 'Scan status', and 'Vulnerabilities'. One image is listed: 'latest' with an artifact type of 'Image', pushed at 'June 29, 2022, 22:07:14 (UTC+05:5)', and a size of '41.94' MB. The image URI is '679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr/latest' and the digest is 'sha256:6699ce580b05f2f48847f5b0c800aa8b4020d0b9cccf442b30e5b54ea19de9fc'. The scan status is '-'. On the left sidebar, the 'Summary' tab is selected under the 'Images' section.

Image tag	Artifact type	Pushed at	Size (MB)	Image URI	Digest	Scan status	Vulnerabilities
latest	Image	June 29, 2022, 22:07:14 (UTC+05:5)	41.94	679034241394.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/lambda_ecr/latest	sha256:6699ce580b05f2f48847f5b0c800aa8b4020d0b9cccf442b30e5b54ea19de9fc	-	-

Fig. 2 f) Image uploaded on the ECR repo

Step 3: Creation of Lambda function to test the image

Step number	a
Step name	Create the Lambda function and test the image
Instructions	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) Navigate to the AWS Lambda service using the AWS Console2) Click on Create Function3) Under Create Function page select the 'Container image' option and enter a function name of your choice4) For 'Container image URI' Click on "Browse Images" and select the repository and the image5) Use the existing IAM role – LabRole.6) Click on Create7) Wait a few minutes for the function to be created8) Test the function with the default "Hello World" test to see the result.
Expected screenshots	1) Container image selection 2) Execution role selection 3) Created function 4)Test result of function

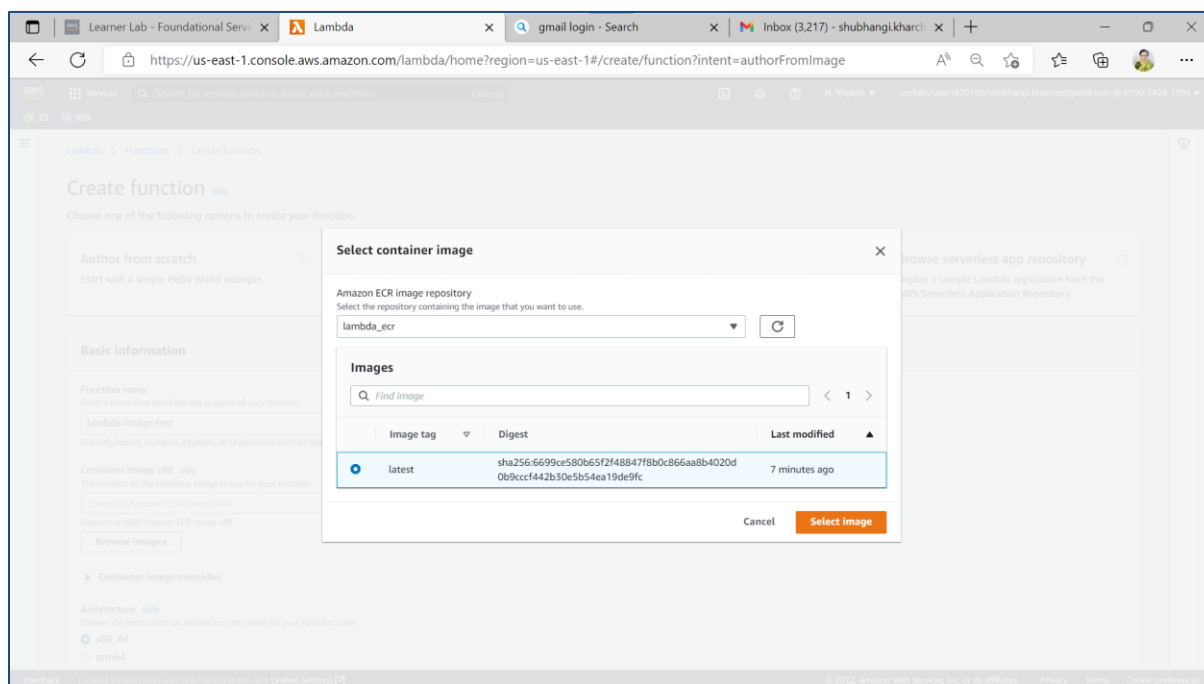


Fig 3. a) Container image selection (latest)

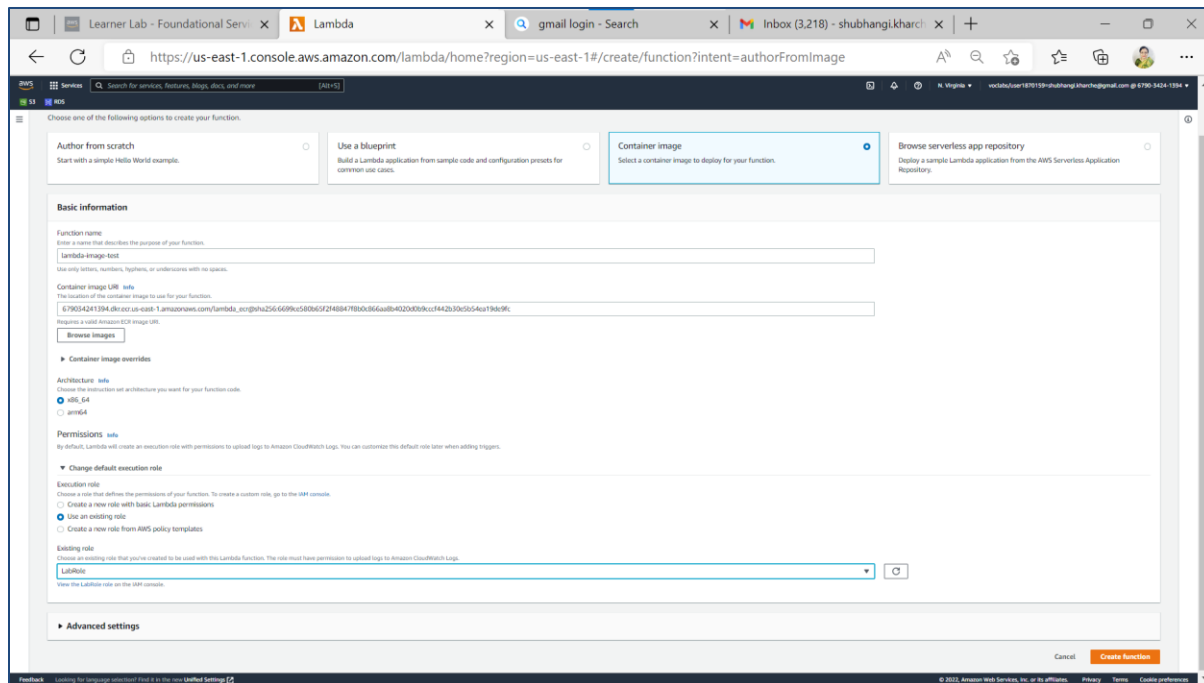


Fig 3. b) Execution role selection (use an existing role)

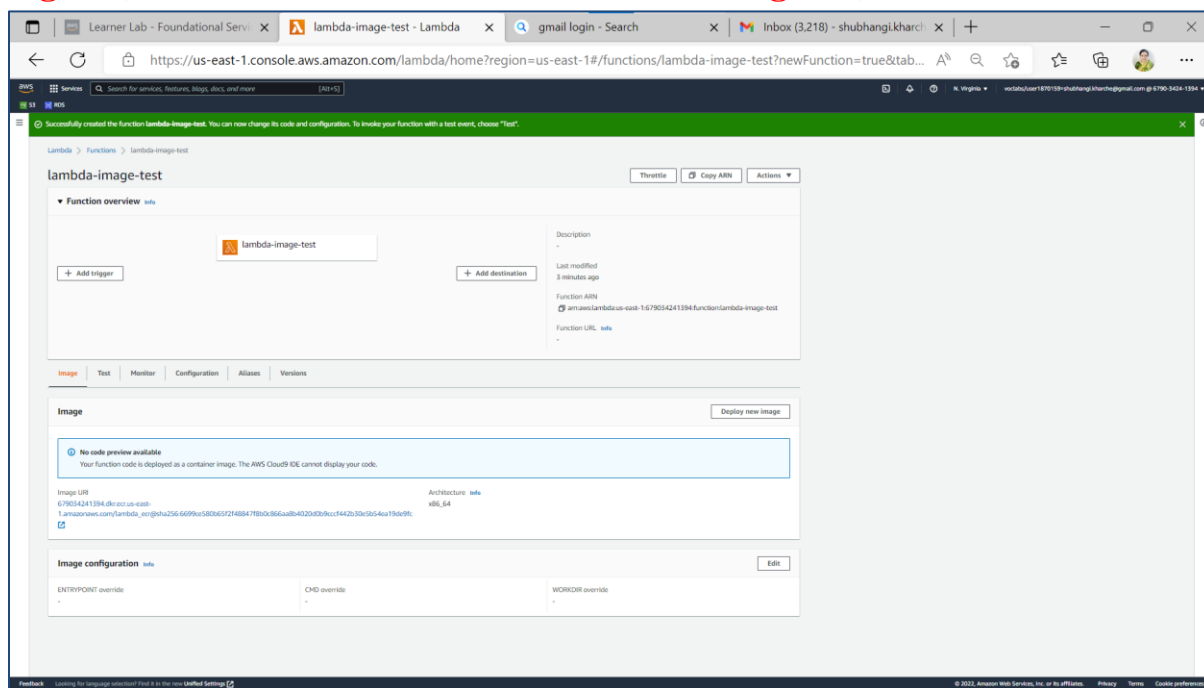


Fig 3. c) Created function (lambda-image-test)

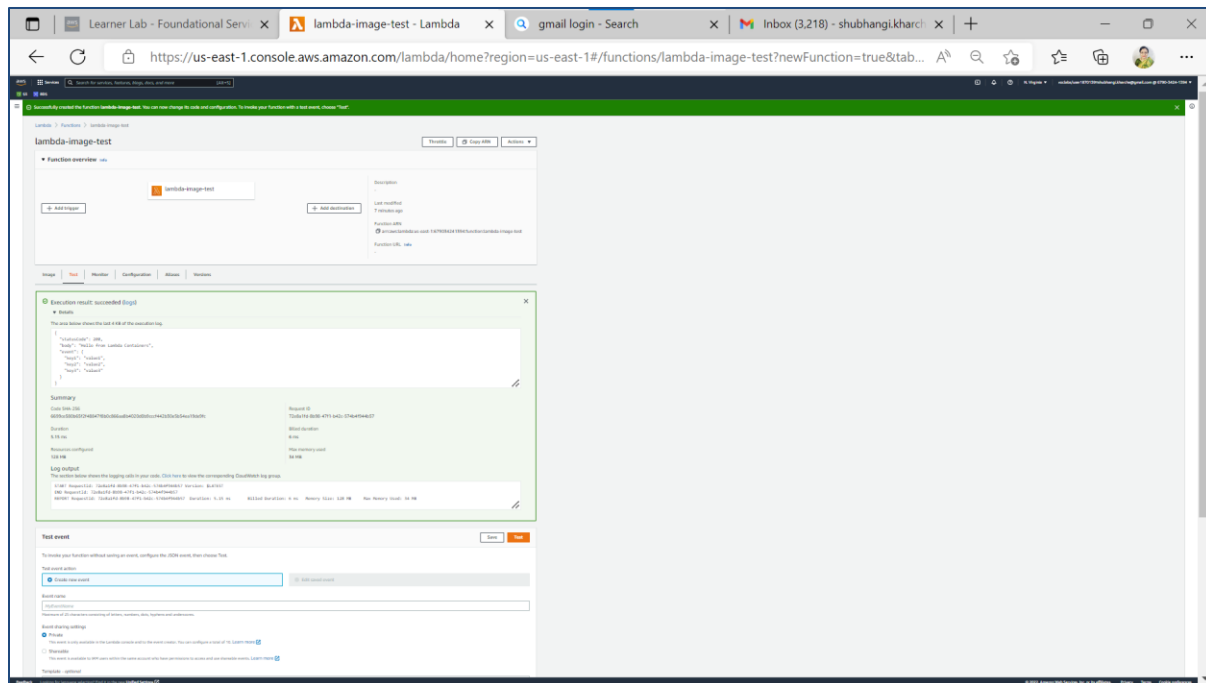


Fig 3. d)-1 Test result of function

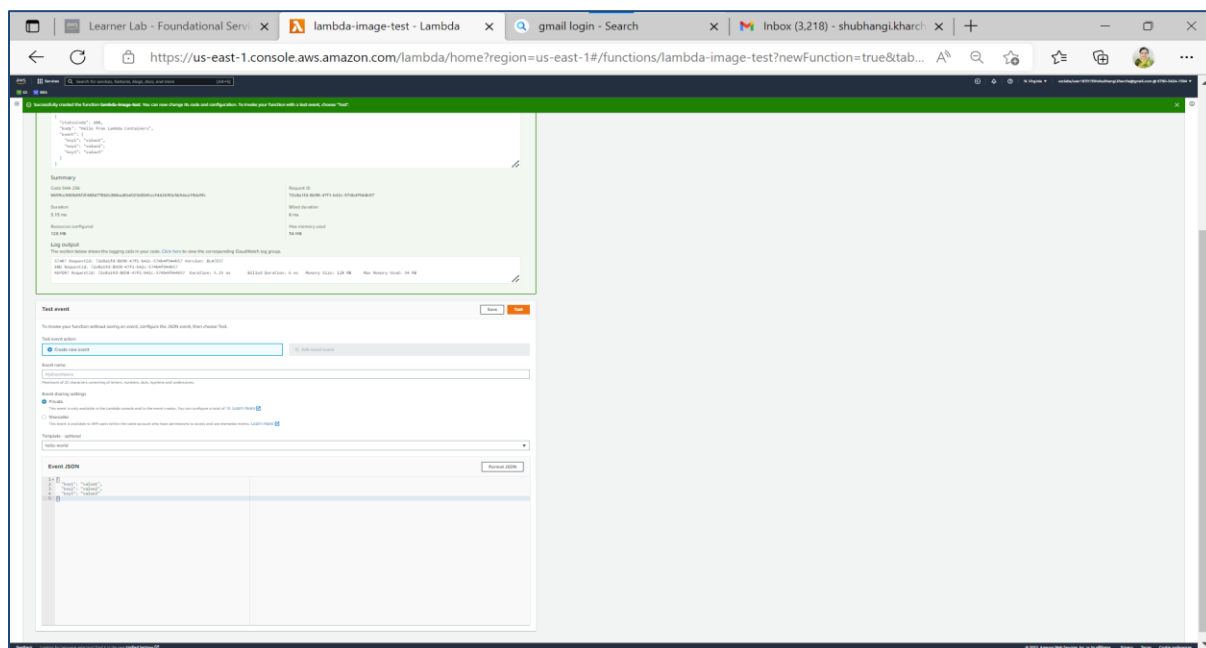


Fig 3. d)-2 Test result of function

Answer the following questions

Points

Q1 How long does a container stay in the running state if it is not manually halted?

1

- a) As long as the container's PID 1 is running
- b) Has a set timeout after which it pauses
- c) Until its container is expunged
- d) Docker daemon process scheduler decides on load

Enter your answer here

a) As long as the container's PID 1 is running

Q2 Which of the following best illustrates the relationship between an image and a container?

1

- a) Executable and its hard link
- b) Executable and process
- c) Parent and child process
- d) Many to one

Enter your answer here

b) Executable and process

Q3 What is the maximum amount of RAM a container can consume if the memory flag is not used?

1

- a) 8GiB
- b) 32GiB
- c) None of these
- d) As much as the host instance has free

Enter your answer here

d) As much as the host instance has free

Q4 Which of the following will happen in the same Docker image is pushed to Docker Hub multiple times with different tags

1

- a) Dockerhub will refuse to upload the image
- b) The layers in the first image (if unchanged) will be reused in subsequent pushes
- c) Dockerhub will merge the images
- d) The same image cannot have multiple tags

Enter your answer here

c) Dockerhub will merge the images

Q5 Which of the following will run a Docker container in interactive mode?

1

- a) -v
- b) -it
- c) -b
- d) -u

Enter your answer here

b) -it

Q6 How would data persistence be handled in a container environment set up for autoscaling?

4

Data persistence in containers?

- A container can be in running state as long as its process is running.
- Data persists if it outlasts the process that created it.
- **By default, containers don't persist the data they produce.**

How to provide data persistence in containers?

- Containers are suitable for stateless applications because when they are terminated the data as well is destroyed.
- Data persistence can be handled in containerized applications with the storage backend that isn't destroyed when container terminates.
- Containerized autoscaling applications requiring stateful containers can be developed using AWS elastic container service (ECS) that can use the aws storage services to provide data persistence to inherently ephemeral containers.
- The suitable aws storage services to provide data persistence are EBS, EFS or FSx for windows file server.

Now, how aws ECS can provide data persistence?

- Data persistence in AWS is achieved by coupling compute and storage services.
- Like EC2, ECS can be used to decouple the lifecycle of containerized applications from the data they consume and produce.
- Using AWS storage services, ECS tasks can persist data even after tasks terminate.

Q7 Why is this statement false? "Docker is the only popular choice for microservices"

4

deployment".

Containers are a means to deploy microservice architectures and Docker is a well-known containerization platform.

Though Docker is a popular technology to deploy microservices but it not the most popular or only one due to its following drawbacks:

- Containers don't run at bare-metal speeds. Containers consume resources more efficiently than virtual machines.
- The container ecosystem is fractured.
- Persistent data storage is complicated.
- Graphical applications don't work well.
- Not all applications benefit from containers.

Moreover, Microservices are about logical separation, not physical.

- it is not mandatory to use Docker in microservices architecture.
- We can design our system/Application and use microservices architecture and the final deployment can be pure hardware.

At the end, a microservice can be treated as a process that needs a host to run.

There are more other ways to deploy microservices:

REST is an architectural design pattern for building RESTful APIs. REST allows services to communicate directly via HTTP. Requests and responses are handled in standard formats like XML, HTML, or JSON. REST is a natural choice for most microservices, since many of them are Web Applications.

Redis, Prometheus and Consul with their associated set of advantages are some other tools to deploy microservices
