CSE2005- Operating Systems

Lab Ex. 7 Banker's algorithm

Code:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

using ll=long long;

void ynans(bool x){if(x) cout<<"YES";else cout<<"NO";}

#define vi vector<int>

#define rep(i,k,n) for(ll i=k;i<n;i++)

#define rof(i,k,n) for(ll i=k;i>n;i--)

#define pb(x) push_back(x)

#define sp(x,y) fixed<<setprecision(y)<<x

int sum() { return 0; }

template<typename T, typename... Args>

T sum(T a, Args... args) { return a + sum(args...); }

#define vi vector<int>

#define vc vector<char>

#define vs vector<string>

#define vll vector<ll>

#define vvi vector < vi >

#define pll pair<ll, ll>

#define ff first
```

```
#define ss second

#define casePrint(x,y) cout<<"Case #"<<x<<": "<<y;

#define all(c) c.begin(),c.end()

int main()

{



    int n,m;

    cout<<"Enter number of process: ";

    cin>>n;

    cout<<"Enter number of resources: ";

    cin>>m;

    ll current_allocation[n][m],maxm[n][m],av_res[m],needs[n][m];

    cout<<"Enter current allocation:\n ";

    rep(i,0,n){

        rep(j,0,m){

            cin>>current_allocation[i][j];

        }

    }

    cout<<"Enter max availibility: ";

    rep(i,0,n){

        rep(j,0,m){

            cin>>maxm[n][m];

        }

    }
```

```
    cout<<"Enter available resources:\n ";
    rep(i,0,m){
        cin>>av_res[i];
    }

    ll done[n], ans[n], index = 0;
    rep(k,0,n){
        done[k] = 0;
    }
    ll y=0;
    rep(i,0,n) {
        rep(j,0,m)
        needs[i][j] = maxm[i][j] - current_allocation[i][j];
    }
    cout<<"Enter the process no. and its request for each resource : ";
    int pno,req[m];
    cin>>pno;
    rep(i,0,m)
    {
        cin>>req[i];


    }
    rep(k,0,n) {
        rep(i,0,n) {
        if (done[i] == 0) {
```

```
            ll ok = 0;
            rep(j,0,m) {
                if (needs[i][j] > av_res[j]){
                    ok = 1;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (!ok) {
                ans[index] = i;
                index++;
                rep(y,0,m)
                    av_res[y] = av_res[y] + current_allocation[i][y];
                    done[i] = 1;
            }
        }
        }
    }
    ll ok = 1;
    rep(i,0,n)
    {
        if(!done[i])
        {
            ok = 0;
            break;
        }
```

```
    }


    if(ok)
    {
        cout << "Safe Sequence\n";
        rep(i,0,n-1){
            cout << " p" << ans[i] << " ->";
        }
        cout << " p" << ans[n - 1];
    }
    else{
         cout << "Need is greater than availability\n";


    }



    return 0;
}
```

Output:

1.

```
PS E:\VIT\4thsem\OS\lab\linuxpractice\20bce1161\lab7> cd "e:\VIT\4thse
 ($?) { .\bankersalgo }
Enter number of process: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter current allocation:
  0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter max availibility:  7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
2 2 2
4 3 3
Enter available resources:
 3 3 2
Enter the process no. and its request for each resource : 2
1 0 2
p1->p3->p4->p0->p2
```

2.

```
 ($?) { .\bankersalgo }\linuxpractice\20bce1161\lab7>
Enter number of process: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter current allocation:
   0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter max availibility: 7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
2 2 2
4 3 3
Enter available resources:
 3 3 2
Enter the process no. and its request for each resource : 2 4 4 2
Need is greater than availability
```

3.

```
PS E:\VIT\4thsem\OS\lab\linuxpractice\20bce1161\lab7> cd "e:\VIT\4
 ($?) { .\bankersalgo }
Enter number of process: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter current allocation:
 0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter max availibility: 7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
2 2 2
4 3 3
Enter available resources:
 2 1 0
Enter the process no. and its request for each resource : 1
1 1 0
p1->p3->p4->p0->p2
```