## (23/11/2020)(Revision)Write a program of Translation, Rotation, and Scaling of any object.

```
#include<stdio.h>
   #include<conio.h>
   #include<graphics.h>
   #include<math.h>
      int x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3,a,b;
   void draw();
      void rotate();
      int main(void) {
   int gd=DETECT,gm;
   initgraph(&gd,&gm,"C:\\TC\\BGI");
   printf("Enter first co-ordinate value for triangle:"); scanf("%d%d",&x1,&y1);
   printf("Enter second co-ordinatevalues for triangle:");
   scanf("%d%d",&x2,&y2);
   printf("Enter third co-ordinate valuesfor triangle:"); scanf("%d%d",&x3,&y3);
   draw();
   getch();
   rotate();
   getch();
   return 0;
   void draw()
    line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
    line(x2,y2,x3,y3);
    line(x3,y3,x1,y1);
1.
2. }
void rotate()
4. {
5.
      int a1,a2,a3,b1,b2,b3;
6.
      float angle;
7.
      printf("Enter the rotation angle co-ordinates:");
      scanf("%f",&angle);
8.
9.
     cleardevice();
       angle=(angle*3.14)/180;
10.
```

```
11.
       a1=a+(x1-a)*cos(angle)-(y1-b)*sin(angle);
12.
       b1=b+(x1-a)*sin(angle)+(y2-b)*cos(angle);
       a2=a+(x2-a)*cos(angle)-(y1-b)*sin(angle);
13.
       b2=b+(x2-a)*sin(angle)+(y2-b)*cos(angle);
14.
15.
       a3=a+(x3-a)*cos(angle)-(y1-b)*sin(angle);
16.
       b3=b+(x3-a)*sin(angle)+(y2-b)*cos(angle);
17.
       printf("ROTATION");
18.
       printf("\n Changed coordinates\n");
19.
       printf("%d %d\n%d %d\n%d %d",a1,b1,a2,b2,a3,b3);
20.
     line(a1,b1,a2,b2);
21.
     line(a2,b2,a3,b3);
     line(a3,b3,a1,b1);
22.
23. }
```

## Output



