1/2/23

EXPERIMENT 3 : CONVERSION OF NFA TO DFA

AIM: To write a program to convert NFA to DFA

ALGORITHM:

1. Start
2. Get input from the user.
3. Set the only state in SDFA to 'unmarked'
4. While SDFA contains an unmarked state do
   (a) Let T be that unmarked state
   (b) For each a in Σ do S = ε-closure (move NFA (T, a))
   (c) If S is not in SDFA already then add S to SDFA (as an 'unmarked' state)
5. For each S in SDFA if any s is final state in NFA, then mark S as final state in DFA.
6. Print result
7. Stop the program.

PROGRAM CODE :

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_LEN 100

char NFA_FILE [MAX_LEN];
char buffer [MAX_LEN];
int zz = 0;

struct DFA {
   char *states;
   int count;
} dfa;
```

```
int last_index = 0;
FILE *fp;
int symbols;

void reset (int ar[], int size) {
 int i;
 for (i=0; i< size; i++) {
   ar[i]=0;
 }
}

void check (int ar[], char s[]) {
 int i, j;
 int len = strlen(s);
 for (i=0; i< len ; i++) {
   j = ((int)(s[i])- 65);
   ar[j]++;
 }
}

void state (int ar[], int size, char s[]) {
  int j, k=0;
  for (j=0; j< size; j++) {
    if (ar[j] !=0)
      s[k++] = (char)(65 +j);
  }
  s[k] = '\0';
}

int indexing (struct DFA *dfa) {
  int i;
  for (i=0; i< last_index; i++){
    if (dfa[i].count ==-0)
      return 1;
  }
```

```
    return n - 1;
}

void Display_closure(int states, int closure_ar[],
                     char *closure_table[],
                     char *NFA_TABLE[][symbols+1],
                     char *DFA_TABLE[][symbols]){
    int c;
    for(i=0; i<states; i++){
        reset(closure_ar, states);
        closure_ar[i] = 2;

    if(strcmp(&NFA_TABLE[i][symbols], "-")!=0){
        strcpy(buffer, &NFA_TABLE[i][symbols]);
        check(closure_ar, buffer);

    while(z!=100)
    { if(strcmp(&NFA_TABLE[z][symbols], "-")!=0){
        strcpy(buffer, &NFA_TABLE[z][symbols]);
        check(closure_ar, buffer);
        }
        closure_ar[z]++;
        z = closure(closure_ar, states);
    }
    }
printf("\n e-closure (%c) : \t", (char)(65+i));
    bzero((void *)buffer, MAX_LEN);
    state(closure_ar, states, buffer);
    strcpy(&closure_table[i], buffer);
    printf("%s\n", &closure_table[i]);
    }
}
```

```
int new_states (struct DFA *dfa, char S[]) {
  int i;
  for (i=0; i<last_index; i++) {
    if (strcmp (&dfa[i].states, s)==0)
      return 0;
  }
  Strcpy (&dfa [last_index++].states, s);
  dfa [last_index-1].count = 0;
  return 1;
}

void trans (char S[], int M, char *clsr_t[], int st,
            char *NFT[][symbols+1], char TB[]) {
  int len = strlen(s);
  int i, j, k, g;
  int arr [st];
  int sz;
  reset (arr, st);
  char temp [MAX_LEN], temp2 [MAX_LEN];
  char *buff;
  for (i=0; i<len; i++) {
    j= ((int)(S[i]-65));
    strcpy (temp, &NFT [j][M]);
    if (strcmp (temp, "-") !=0) {
      sz = strlen (temp);
      g=0;
      while (g<sz) {
        k = ((int) (temp[g] - 65));
        strcpy (temp2, &clsr_t[k]);
```

```
            check (ass, temp2);
            j++;
        }
    }
}
bzero ((void *) temp, MAX-LEN);
State (ass, st, temp);
if (temp[0] != '\0') {
    strcpy (TB, temp);
} else
    strcpy (TB, "-");
}
void Display-DFA(int last-index, struct DFA *dfa-states,
                 char *DFA_TABLE[][symbols]) {
int i, j;
printf ("\n\n **\n\n");
printf ("\t\t DFA transition state table \t\t \n\n");
printf ("\n states of DFA : \t\t");

for (i=1; i< last-index; i++)
    printf ("%.s, ", &dfa-states[i].states);
printf ("\n");
printf ("\n Given symbols for DFA : \t");

for (i=0; i< symbols; i++)
    printf ("%.d, ", i);
printf ("\n\n");
print ("states \t");

}
```

```
int main() {
  int i, j, states;
  char T-but[MAX-LEN];
struct DFA *dfa-states = malloc(MAX-LEN *
                          sizeof(dfa)));
states = 6, symbols = 2;
printf("\n states of NFA : \t \t ");
  for (i=0; i<states; i++)
for (i=0; i<symbols; i++)
  printf("%d", i);
printf("eps");
printf("\n\n");
char *DFA-TABLE[MAX-LEN][symbols];
strcpy(&NFA-TABLE[0][0], "FC");
        "       "       [0][1], "-");
        "       "       [0][2], "BF");
        "       "       [1][0], "-");
        "       "       [1][1], "C");
        "       "       [1][2], "-");
        "       "       [2][0], "-");
        "       "       [2][1], "-");
        "       "       [2][2], "D");
        "       "       [3][0], "E");
        "       "       [3][1], "A");
        "       "       [3][2], "-");
        "       "       [4][0], "A");
        "       "       [4][1], "-");
        "       "       [4][2], "BF");
        "       "       [5][2], "-");
```

```
for (i=0 ; i < symbolk; i++)
  printf ("%1 %1.d \t", i);
  printf ("eps \n");

int closure_ar [states],
char * closure_table [states];

Display_closure (states, closure_ar, closure_table,
NFA_TABLE, DFA_STABLE);
strcpy (&dfa_states [last_indx++]. states, "-");

dfa_states [last_index - 1]. count = 1;

bzero ((void *) buffer, MAX_LEN);

int sum = 1, ind = 1
int start_indx = 1;

Display_DFA ( last_indx, dfa_states,
                DFA_TABLE );

return 0;

}
```

RESULT: The NFA is converted to DFA.

OUTPUT :

States of NFA : A, B, C, D, E, F

Given symbols for NFA : 0, 1, eps

NFA State transition table :

States	0	1	eps	eps
A	FC	-		BF
B	-	C	-	
C	-	-	D	
D	E	A	-	
E	A	-	BF	
F	-	-	-	

e - closure (A) = ABF

e - closure (B) = B

e - closure (C) = CD

e - closure (D) = D

e - closure (E) = BEF

e - closure (F) = F