



# Bangladesh University of Business & Technology (BUBT)

## Department of Computer Science and Engineering

### Assignment - 03: Spring 2023

Course Code: CSE 122 | Course Title: Object Oriented Programming Language Lab

Intake: 50<sup>th</sup>, Program: B.Sc in CSE (Bi-Semester)

Marks – 10

## CO

## Question

**CO3 Demonstrate** a C++ code that creates a class called *Fraction*. The class Fraction has two attributes: *numerator* and *denominator*.

- In your *constructor* (in your `__init__` method), verify(assert?) that the numerator and denominator passed in during initiation are both of type int. If you want to be thorough, also check to make sure that the denominator is not zero.
- Write a *.reduce()* method that will reduce a fraction to lowest terms.
- Override the Object class's `__str__` and `__repr__` methods so that your objects will print out nicely. Remember that `__str__` is more for humans; `__repr__` is more for programmers. Ideally, the `__repr__` method will produce a string that you can run through the `eval()` function to clone the original fraction object.
- Override the `+` operator. In your code, this means that you will implement the special method `__add__`. The signature of the `__add__` function will be `def __add__(self, other):`, and you'll return a new Fraction with the result of the addition. Run your new Fraction through the *reduce()* function before returning.

Here is the answer of this question ----

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include <cmath>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```

class Fraction { private:
    int numerator;
    int denominator;
public:
    Fraction(int num, int denom) {
        assert(denom != 0);
        assert(typeid(num) == typeid(int) && typeid(denom) == typeid(int));
numerator = num;
denominator = denom;
    }
    void reduce() {
        int gcd = (numerator, denominator);

        numerator /= gcd;
denominator /= gcd;
        if (denominator < 0) {
numerator = -numerator;
denominator = abs(denominator);
        }
    }

    Fraction operator+(Fraction const &f2) {
        int new_num = numerator * f2.denominator + f2.numerator *
denominator;
        int new_denom = denominator * f2.denominator;
        Fraction result(new_num, new_denom);
        result.reduce();
        return result;
    }
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const Fraction& f) {
os << f.numerator << "/" << f.denominator;
        return os;
    }
    string repr() const {
        return "Fraction(" + to_string(numerator) + ", " +
to_string(denominator) + ")";
    }

```

```
    }  
};  
int main() {  
    Fraction f1(3, 4);  
    Fraction f2(1, 2);  
    Fraction f3 = f1 + f2;  
    cout << "f1 = " << f1 << endl;  
    cout << "f2 = " << f2 << endl;  
    cout << "f3 = " << f3 << endl;  
    cout << "f3.repr() = " << f3.repr() << endl;  
  
    return 0;  
}
```