Problem 1

L

| $Q^1(A,1)$ | $Q^1(A,2)$ | $Q^1(A,3)$ | $Q^1(B,1)$ | $Q^1(B,2)$ | $Q^{1}(B,3)$ |
|------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 3 |
| $Q^2(A,1)$ | $Q^{2}(A,2)$ | $Q^2(A,3)$ | $Q^2(B,1)$ | $Q^2(B,2)$ | $Q^2(B,3)$ |
| 6 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 7 |

2

For T'(A)

For 73(B)

$$\forall s \in S, \pi^{i+1}(S) = angmax Q^{i}(s,a)$$

$$= angmax(Q'(B,1), Q'(B,2), Q'(B,3))$$

$$= angmax(6,0,3)$$

$$= Q'(B,1) \Rightarrow optimal action is 1$$

For 13(A)

$$\forall s \in S$$
, $\pi_{i+1}(S) = \operatorname{argmax}(Q^{1}(S, \alpha))$

$$= \operatorname{argmax}(Q^{2}(A, 1), Q^{2}(A, 2), Q^{2}(A, 3))$$

$$= \operatorname{argmax}(G, 4, 4)$$

$$= Q^{1}(A, 1) = \operatorname{optimal action is } 1$$

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For \mathcal{F}^{3}(B)

\forall s \in S, \, \forall t^{i+1}(S) = angmax \, Q^{i}(S,a)

= angmax(Q^{2}(B,1), \, Q^{2}(B,2), \, Q^{2}(B,3))

= angmax(10,2,7)

= Q'(B,1) \Rightarrow optimal \, aution \, is \, 1
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Problem 2.

$$Q(S,\uparrow) = (1-d) * Q(S,\uparrow) + d(r+y*max(S_4,a))$$

= 0.2×4 + 0.8 (0+0.3×8)
= 2.72
 $Q(S_4,\Rightarrow) = (1-d) * Q(S,\Rightarrow) + d(r+y*max(S_5,a))$
= 0.2×8+0.8 (0+0.3×16)
= 5.44

$$Q(S_2, \rightarrow) = (1-d) * Q(S_2, \rightarrow) + d(r+y * max(S_2, a))$$

= 0.2×10 + 0.8(0+20×0.3)
= 6.8

$$Q(S_3, \Lambda) = (1-d) * Q(S, \Lambda) + d(r+y*max)(S6,a)$$

= 0.2*20+ 0.8*C20+0)
= 20