DS PRACTICAL 2 A8_B3_42 AMBER SHUKI A

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A8_B3_42_DS_P1.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Array {
    int size;
    int length;
    int *a;
};
void create(struct Array *arr) {
    int capacity;
    printf("Enter the capacity of the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &capacity);
    arr→size = capacity;
    arr→length = 0;
    arr→a = (int *)malloc(arr→size * sizeof(int));
}
void append(struct Array *arr) {
    int element;
    printf("Enter element to append: ");
    scanf("%d", &element);
    if (arr→length < arr→size) {
        arr→a[arr→length] = element;
        arr→length++;
    } else {
        printf("Array is full.\n");
    }
}
void display(struct Array *arr) {
    printf("Array elements: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < arr \rightarrow length; i \leftrightarrow ) {
        printf("%d ", arr\rightarrowa[i]);
    printf("\n");
```

```
void insert(struct Array *arr) {
    int pos, value;
    printf("Enter position to insert (Max %d): ", arr→length);
    scanf("%d", &pos);
    if (pos > arr → length) {
        printf("Invalid position.\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Enter value to insert: ");
    scanf("%d", &value);
    for (int i = arr→length; i > pos; i--)
        arr \rightarrow a[i] = arr \rightarrow a[i-1];
    arr→a[pos] = value;
    arr→length++;
int main() {
    struct Array arr;
    create(&arr);
    if (arr.a = NULL) {
        printf("Error\n");
        return 0;
    append(&arr);
    display(&arr);
    insert(&arr);
    display(&arr);
    return 0;
```

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C A8_B3_42_DS_P1.c X
C A8_B3_42_DS_P1.c > 分 create(Array *)
       #include <stdio.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
  2
  3
       struct Array {
  4
TERMINAL
PS C:\Users\Ember Shukla\Desktop\RBU> cd "c:\Users\Ember Shi
 { .\A8 B3 42 DS P1 }
Enter the capacity of the array: 5
Enter element to append: 69
Array elements: 69
Enter position to insert (Max 1): 1
Enter value to insert: 420
Array elements: 69 420
PS C:\Users\Ember Shukla\Desktop\RBU>
```