

Sign up for AWS Account

Instructions can be found here

Sign up for Koho prepaid card <u>here</u>

Or get a prepaid credit card (any convenience store)

Class Objectives

By the end of the class, you will be able to:



Understand spaCy capabilities and where to find documentation.



Be able to use POS tagged text to extract specific words.



Use dependency-parsed text to extract descriptors.



Extract specific types of entities from text.



Correlate text features to real-world series like stock prices.



Create a dashboard from NLP sentiment features.



spaCy

spaCy

- Core functions depend on language models learned from tagged text
- Fast and flexible
- Designed specifically for production use

NLTK

- Core functions depend on language models learned from programmed rules
- Accurate
- Intended for educational and prototyping purposes

spaCy

We will use spaCy for:



Part of speech tagging



Named entity recognition



Dependency parsing



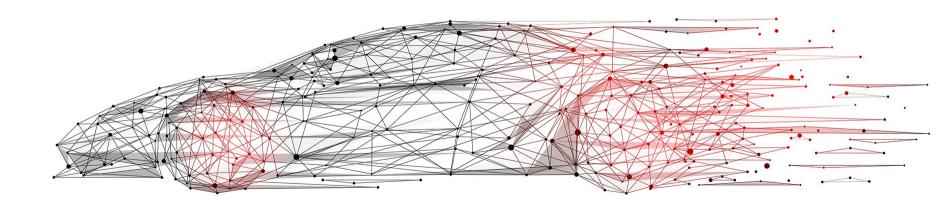
These tasks are more suitable for **model-based solutions** because they are complex and depend highly on context.



spaCy also provides tools for tasks like **tokenization** and **lemmatization**, which we've already learned with NLTK, and creating word vectors.

spaCy

In comparison to NLTK, spaCy's language models trade off accuracy for speed, so if the corpus is large, you may prefer a simpler, rule-based solution.

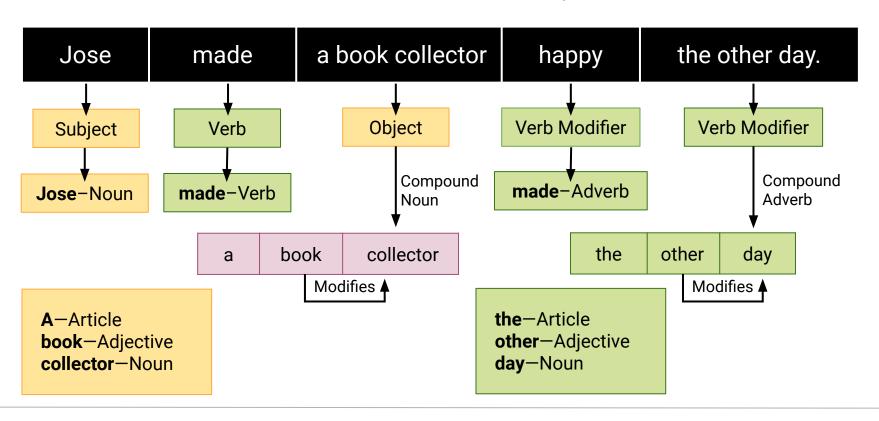


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POS Tagging and Dependency Parsing

Part-of-Speech (POS) Tagging

POS tagging categorizes each word in a sentence by its grammatical role.



Pip packages

Please run the following in your conda environment:

conda install -c conda-forge spacy

python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm

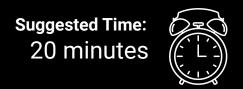


Instructor Demonstration POS Tagging and Dependency Parsing



Activity: Describing America

In this activity, you will use the inaugural address corpus from NLTK and spaCy's parsing and POS-tagging modules to analyze inaugural addresses delivered by US presidents.

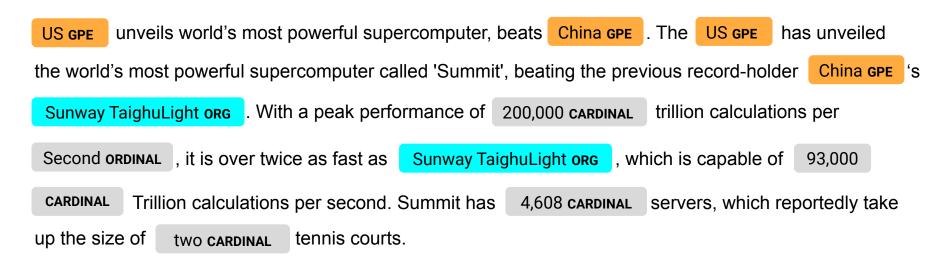




Time's Up! Let's Review.

Named Entity Recognition

Extracting named entities, which include proper nouns and other specific types of nouns such as currencies, from a text.



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Instructor Demonstration
Named Entity Recognition



Activity: NER Clouds

In this activity, you will extract named entities of your choosing from the Reuters Corpus, and build a word cloud from these entities.





Time's Up! Let's Review.





Tools and Techniques

Tools and techniques used to create numerical features (structured data) from text (unstructured data):

Tools

- NLTK
- Word clouds
- spaCy

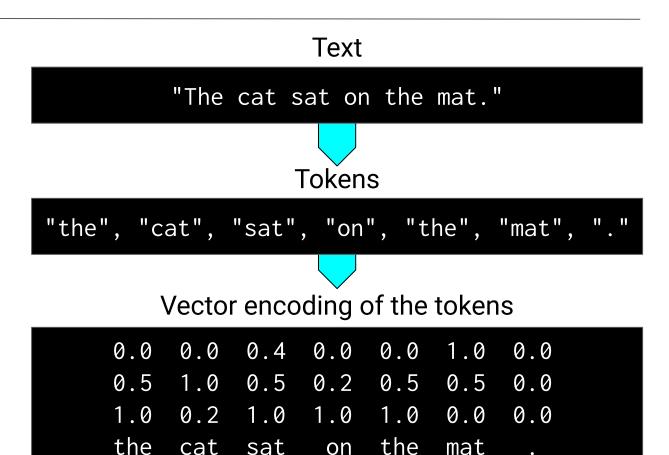


Techniques

- preprocessing
- tokenizing text
- lemmatizing text
- aggregating word counts
- creating n-grams
- normalizing to TF-IDF weights
- sentiment analysis
- parsing and pos-tagging text
- named entity recognition

Text as Feature

In order to use this data for classification or prediction, we need to make them features—numerical representations of unstructured text.





What are some examples of features that can be created from text documents?

Text as Feature

Examples:



count of a keyword



count of named entities



sentiment scores



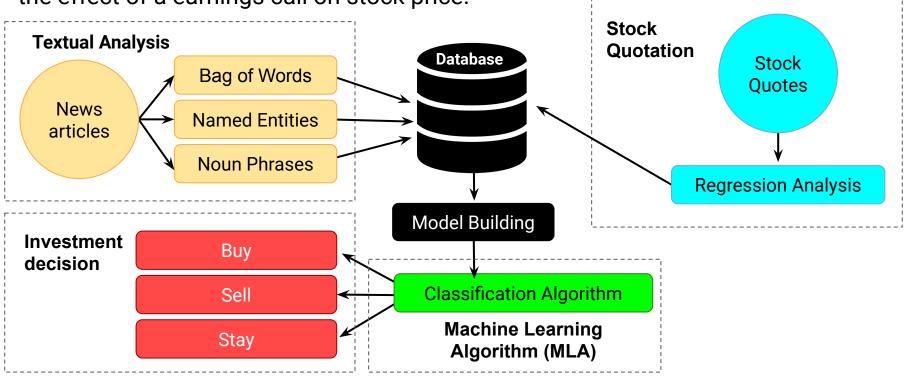
percent of words that are adjectives



total TF-IDF score

Text as Feature

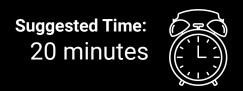
These features can then be used to classify a document to a category, or predict the effect of a earnings call on stock price.





Activity: Correlating Returns

In this activity, you will create a sentiment index from News API headlines and correlate it to S&P 500 daily returns, looking for a text topic that generates the highest correlation.





Time's Up! Let's Review.

Machine Learning Review

