## Matrix and Vector

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1 Calculation of the squared Euclidean norm

## 1 Calculation of the squared Euclidean norm

From StackExchange.

#### 1.1 Question

$$\begin{split} &\|\mathbf{x} - \alpha\|^2 - \|\mathbf{x} - \beta\|^2 \\ &= \|\mathbf{x}\| \|\mathbf{x}\| - 2\|\alpha\| \|\mathbf{x}\| + \|\alpha\| \|\alpha\| - \|\mathbf{x}\| \|\mathbf{x}\| + 2\|\beta\| \|\mathbf{x}\| - \|\beta\| \|\beta\| \\ &= \alpha^T \alpha - \beta^T \beta + 2(\sqrt{\beta \cdot \beta} - \sqrt{\alpha \cdot \alpha}) \|\mathbf{x}\| \\ &= \alpha^T \alpha - \beta^T \beta + 2(\sqrt{\beta \cdot \beta} - \sqrt{\alpha \cdot \alpha}) (\sqrt{\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{x}}), \end{split}$$

where I used the fact that

$$||a|||a|| = \sqrt{a \cdot a}\sqrt{a \cdot a} = \sqrt{a^T a}\sqrt{a^T a} = a^T a.$$

However, the article gives

$$2(\beta - \alpha)^T \mathbf{x} + \alpha^T \alpha - \beta^T \beta$$

#### 1.2 Answer

Your transition from the first line to the second is incorrect. We should have

$$||x - \alpha||^2 - ||x - \beta||^2$$

$$(x - \alpha)^T (x - \alpha) - (x - \beta)^T (x - \beta)$$

$$= ||x||^2 + ||\alpha||^2 - ||x||^2 - ||\beta||^2 - x^T \alpha - \alpha^T x + x^T \beta + \beta^T x$$

$$= ||\alpha||^2 - ||\beta||^2 - 2\alpha^T x + 2\beta^T x$$

$$= \alpha^T \alpha - \beta^T \beta + 2(\beta - \alpha)^T x$$

which is the desired result.

# 1.3 Caution

## 1.3.1

For any vectors  $u, v, u^T v = v^T u$ .

## 1.3.2

$$(x - \alpha)^T (x - \alpha) = x^T x + -x^T \alpha - \alpha^T x + \alpha^T \alpha$$