

② Termination by Integration:
 - The project deliverables are merged into the existing operations & the project team is redistributed.

- Example:-
- A new inventory system becomes part of the supply chain process.
- Characteristics:-
- No separate new entity created
 - Staff are reassigned to regular duties.
 - Project deliverables are fully incorporated.

④ Termination by Starvation:
 - The project is quietly exited by gradually withdrawing resources, often without formal declaration.

- Example:-
- Funding is slowly reduced until the team can no longer function.
 - Team members are reassigned & work stalls due to lack of I/P.
- Characteristics:-
- Ambiguity around project status.
 - No official closure or completion.
 - Often leads to confusion & low morale.

* Process of Project Termination:- ...

- Project closure is the final phase in the project lifecycle.
- It formally ends up a project & involves completing all activities across all groups to officially close the project.
- Process of project termination consists of two parts:
 - i) Decision Process: Deciding when & why the project should be closed.
 - ii) Implementation Process:- Executing all closure activities systematically.

i) Decision Process:-

- it helps to find out when & why a project should be closed.
- closure can happen due to successful completion or early termination.

* Types of Project Closure Decisions:-

Type	Description
a) Planned closure	- The project has met all its objectives & is completed successfully.
b) Permanent Closure	→ Project is closed before completion due to change in strategy or needs.
c) Failed Project Closure	→ Project is forced closed due to failure (technical, financial, operational)
d) Perpetual Project Closure	→ Continuous changes mean the project never ends & closure is forced.