## MARYBMW - BMW - Sphere OJ

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define long long int
const int N = 1e5+10;
int parent[N],sz[N];
bool ok[N];
vector<int>g[N];
void make(int i)
  parent[i] = i;
  sz[i] = 1;
}
int find(int v)
{
  if(parent[v] == v) return parent[v];
  return parent[v] = find(parent[v]);
}
void Union(int v1, int v2)
  v1 = find(v1);
  v2 = find(v2);
  if(v1 != v2)
    if(sz[v1] < sz[v2]) swap(v1,v2);
```

```
parent[v2] = v1;
    sz[v1] += sz[v2];
  }
}
vector<int> bfs(int src,int n)
  queue<int> Q;
  vector<int>vec;
  Q.push(src);
  ok[src] = true;
  while(!Q.empty())
  {
    int p = Q.front();
    Q.pop();
    ok[p] = true;
    vec.push_back(p);
    if(p == n) return vec;
    for(auto child:g[p])
    {
      if(ok[child] == false)
         Q.push(child);
         ok[child] = true;
       }
  }
```

```
return vec;
int32_t main()
{
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
  cin.tie(NULL);
  int tt;
  cin >> tt;
  int n,m,ans=1e18+9,i,v1,v2,wt,k;
  vector<int>vec1;
  while(tt--)
  {
    cin >> n >> m;
    vector<pair<int,pair<int,int>>> graph,grap1;
    for(i=0; i<m; i++)
       cin >> v1 >> v2 >> wt;
      graph.push_back({wt,{v1,v2}});
    }
    sort(graph.begin(),graph.end());
    reverse(graph.begin(),graph.end());
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) make(i);
    for(auto it:graph)
      wt = it.first;
      v1 = it.second.first;
```

```
v2 = it.second.second;
  if(find(v1) == find(v2)) continue;
  Union(v1,v2);
  vec1.push back(v1);
  vec1.push back(v2);
  g[v1].push_back(v2);
  g[v2].push_back(v1);
  grap1.push_back({wt,{v1,v2}});
}
vector<int> vec;
vec = bfs(1,n);
sort(vec1.begin(),vec1.end());
vector<pair<int,int>> pr;
k=vec.size()-1;
if(vec1[vec1.size()-1] != n | | vec1[0] != 1) cout <<-1 << '\n';
else
  for(i=0; i<k; i++)
  {
    pr.push_back({vec[i],vec[i+1]});
  for(auto it:grap1)
  {
    int wt = it.first;
    int v1 = it.second.first;
    int v2 = it.second.second;
```

```
for(auto it:pr)
    if(it.first==v1 && it.second==v2)
    {
       ans = min(ans,wt);
       break;
    else if(it.first==v2 && it.second==v1)
    {
       ans = min(ans,wt);
       break;
cout << ans << '\n';
```

## (D) Shichikuji and Power Grid -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
const int N = 1e5+10;
int parent[N],sz[N];
void make(int i){
  parent[i] = i;
  sz[i] = 1;
}
int find(int v){
  if(parent[v] == v) return parent[v];
  return parent[v] = find(parent[v]);
}
void Union(int v1,int v2){
  v1 = find(v1);
  v2 = find(v2);
  if(v1 != v2){
    if(sz[v1] < sz[v2]) swap(v1,v2);
    parent[v2] = v1;
    sz[v1]+=sz[v2];
  }
}
int32_t main(){
  int n; cin >> n;
```

```
vector<pair<int,int>> cities(n+1);
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
    cin >> cities[i].first >> cities[i].second;
  }
  vector<int> c(n+1), k(n+1);
  for(int i=1;i <= n;i++) cin >> c[i];
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) cin >> k[i];
  vector<pair<int,pair<int,int>>> graph;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
    graph.push_back({c[i],{0,i}});
  }
  for(int i=1;i <= n;i++){
     for(int j=i+1; j <=n; j++){
       int dist = abs(cities[i].first- cities[j].first) + abs(cities[i].second-
cities[j].second);
       int cost = dist * (k[i]+k[j]);
       graph.push back({cost,{i,j}});
     }
  }
  sort(graph.begin(),graph.end());
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) make(i);</pre>
  int total cost = 0;
  vector<int> power;
  vector<pair<int,int>> connection;
```

```
for(auto it:graph){
  int wt = it.first;
  int v1 = it.second.first;
  int v2 = it.second.second;
  if(find(v1) == find(v2)) continue;
  Union(v1,v2);
  total cost += wt;
  if(v1==0 \mid \mid v2==0){
     power.push_back(max(v1,v2));
  }
  else{
     connection.push back({v1,v2});
  }
}
cout << total_cost << endl;</pre>
cout<< power.size() << endl;</pre>
for(auto it:power){
  cout << it << " ";
}
cout << endl;
cout << connection.size() << endl;</pre>
for(auto it:connection){
  cout << it.first << " " << it.second << endl;</pre>
}
```

}

#### (D) Valid BFS? - Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
const int N = 1e6+10;
vector<int>graph[N];
bool ok1[N], ok[N];
vector<int> bfs(int src){
      queue<int>Q;
      vector<int>pa;
      Q.push(src);
      pa.push_back(0);
      ok[src] = true;
      while(!Q.empty()){
             int data = Q.front();
             Q.pop();
             ok[data] = true;
             for(auto child:graph[data]){
                   if(ok[child]==false){
                         Q.push(child);
                          pa.push back(data);
                          ok[child] = true;
                   }
      return pa;
int32_t main(){
      int n; cin >> n;
      for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
             int v1,v2; cin >> v1 >> v2;
             graph[v1].push back(v2);
             graph[v2].push back(v1);
      }
```

```
vector<int>vec(n),vec2,vec1;
map<int,int>parent;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
       cin >> vec[i];
       if(i==0){
              vec1.push_back(vec[0]);
              ok1[vec[0]] = true;
       for(auto child:graph[vec[0]]){
              if(vec[i]==child && ok1[child] == false){
                    vec1.push_back(vec[i]);
                    ok1[child] = true;
              }
       }
for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
       for(auto child:graph[vec[i]]){
              if(ok1[child] == false){
                    vec1.push_back(child);
                    ok1[child] = true;
              }
       }
if(vec == vec1) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
else{
       parent[vec[0]] = 0;
       ok1[vec[0]] = true;
       for(int i=1;i <= n;i++){
              for(auto it:graph[i]){
                    for(int j=1;j<n;j++){
                           if(vec[j]==it && ok1[it] == false){
                                   parent[vec[j]] = i;
                                   ok1[it] = true;
                           }
                     }
              }
```

```
}
    vector<int>PA;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) PA.push_back(parent[vec[i]]);
    vec2 = bfs(1);
    if(vec2 == PA) cout << "YES\n";
    else    cout << "NO\n";
}</pre>
```

## (D) Epic Transformation - Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32 t main(){
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
             int n; cin >> n;
             vector<int>vec(n);
            map<int,int>mp;
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                   cin >> vec[i];
                   mp[vec[i]]++;
             int mx=-1;
             for(auto it:mp){
                   mx = max(mx,it.second);
             int k = n-mx;
             if(mx \le k \& n\%2 = 0) cout << 0 << endl;
             else if(mx<=k && n%2!=0) cout << 1 << endl;
             else if(mx>k){
                   cout << mx-k << endl;
```

```
} }
```

## (B) Binary Cafe -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
    int tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        int n,k; cin >> n >> k;
        k = min(k,30);
        int ans = pow(2,k);
        ans = min(n+1,ans);
        cout << ans << endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

## (A) Lala Land and Apple Trees -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
map<int,int>mp;
int32_t main(){
    int tt; cin >> tt;
    int n=tt;
    int idx,value;
    int N=0,P=0;
    while(tt--){
```

```
cin >> idx >> value;
      if(idx<0) N = min(N,idx);
      else P = max(P,idx);
      mp[idx] = value;
int neg=-1,pos=1;
int sum1=mp[0],sum2=mp[0];
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
      if(i\%2==0){
            while(mp[neg]==0){
                   neg--;
                   if(neg<N) break;
if(neg<N) break;
            sum1+=mp[neg];
             neg--;
      if(i%2!=0) {
            while(mp[pos]==0){
                   pos++;
                   if(pos>P) break;
if(pos>P) break;
            sum1+=mp[pos];
             pos++;
      }
neg=-1,pos=1;
for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
      if(i\%2==0){
             while(mp[neg]==0){
                   neg--;
  if(neg<N) break;
if(neg<N) break;
            sum2+=mp[neg];
             neg--;
```

#### (A) The Man who became a God -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
             int n,m;
                          cin >> n >> m;
             vector<int>vec(n),vec1;
             for(int i=0;i< n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
             int sum=0;
             for(int i=0; i< n-1; i++){
                    vec1.push_back(abs(vec[i]-vec[i+1]));
             sort(vec1.begin(),vec1.end());
             for(int i=0;i< n-m;i++){
                    sum+=vec1[i];
             cout << sum << endl;
      }
```

#### (C) Sum in Binary Tree -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
int32_t main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    int sum = n;
    while(n!=1){
      sum +=n/2;
      n=n/2;
    }
    cout << sum << endl;
  }
}</pre>
```

## (B) Long Long -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
int32_t main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0);
    int tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        int n; cin >> n;
        vector<int>vec(n);
        int operation = 0,sum = 0;
        int pos=0,neg=0,idx1,idx2;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
```

## (A) Destroyer -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
  ios base::sync with stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec(n),vec1,vec2;
    map<int,int>mp;
    int maxi =-1;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
       cin >> vec[i];
       maxi=max(maxi,vec[i]);
       mp[vec[i]]++;
    bool ok = true;
    for(int i=0;i<maxi;i++){</pre>
```

```
if(mp[i]<mp[i+1]){
      ok=false;
      break;
    }
    if(!ok) cout << "NO" << endl;
    else cout << "YES" << endl;
}</pre>
```

#### (C) Game with Reversing -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32 t main(){
  ios base::sync with stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    string str1,str2; cin >> str1 >> str2;
    string rev = str2;
    int cunt = 0;
    if(str1!=str2){
       reverse(rev.begin(), rev.end());
       int pre=0,next=0;
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
         if(str1[i]!=str2[i]) pre++;
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
         if(str1[i]!=rev[i]) next++;
       cunt = pre*2;
       if(pre%2!=0) cunt--;
```

```
if(next==0) cunt = min(cunt,2);
  else if(next%2==0) cunt = min(cunt,2*next-1);
  else cunt = min(cunt,2*next);
}
  cout << cunt << endl;
}</pre>
```

## (A) Little Elephant and Rozdil -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32 t main(){
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  int n; cin >> n;
  vector<int>vec(n),vec1(n);
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
  vec1 = vec;
  sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
  bool ok=false;
if(n==1)
   cout << 1 <<endl;
  return 0;
}
  for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){
    if(vec[0]==vec[1]){}
       cout <<"Still Rozdil"<< endl;</pre>
       ok = true;
       break;
  if(!ok){}
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
```

```
if(vec1[i] == vec[0]){
      cout << i+1 << endl;
    }
}
</pre>
```

## (C) Very Easy Task -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
const int MAX = 2e9;
int n,x,y;
bool ok(int t){
  if(x>y) swap(x,y);
  II p=0;
  if(x \le t)
    p=1;
    t-=x;
    p += floor(t/x);
    p += floor(t/y);
  return p>=n;
}
int32_t main(){
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  cin >> n >> x >> y;
  int l=1,r=MAX,time=0;
  while(I<=r){
    int mid = I+(r-I)/2;
    // cout << mid << endl;</pre>
    if(ok(mid)){
      time = mid;
```

## (B) Ropes -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
int n,k;
vector<int>vec;
bool ok(double length){
  int cunt = 0;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
    cunt+=floor(vec[i]/length);
  }
  return cunt>=k;
}
int32 t main(){
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  cin >> n >> k;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    int x; cin >> x;
    vec.push_back(x);
  double l=0,r=1e7+9,ans=0;
```

```
while(r-l > 1e-7){
    double mid = (l+r)/2;
    if(ok(mid)){
        ans = mid;
        l = mid;
    }
    else{
        r=mid;
    }
} cout <<fixed << setprecision(10)<< ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

#### (D) Fast search -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(true);
    cin.tie(0);
    Il n; cin >> n;
    vector<II> vec(n),vec1;
    for(int i = 0; i < n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    Il k; cin >> k;
    sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
    for(int i = 0; i < k;i++){
        II l,r; cin >> l >> r;
    }
}
```

```
auto it = lower_bound(vec.begin(),vec.end(),l);
auto it2 = upper_bound(vec.begin(),vec.end(),r);
vec1.push_back((it2-vec.begin())-(it-vec.begin()));
}
for(auto it:vec1) cout << it << " ";
cout << endl;
}</pre>
```

## (C) Closest to the Right -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(true);
    cin.tie(0);
    int n,k; cin >> n >> k;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    for(int i=0;i<k;i++){
        int x; cin >> x;
        auto it = lower_bound(vec.begin(), vec.end(),x);
        cout << (it-vec.begin())+1 << endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

## (A) Binary Search -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  ios base::sync with stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  int n,k; cin >> n >> k;
  vector<int>vec;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    int x; cin >> x;
    vec.push_back(x);
  }
  for(int i = 0; i < k; i++){
    int x; cin >> x;
    int low=0,high=n-1;
    bool ok=false;
    while(low<=high){</pre>
       int mid=(low+high)/2;
       if(vec[mid]==x){
         cout << "YES\n";</pre>
         ok=true;
         break;
       if(x>=vec[mid]){
```

```
low=mid+1;
}
else if(x<=vec[mid]){
    high=mid-1;
}
if(ok==false){
    cout << "NO\n";
}
}</pre>
```

# (B) Maximum Sum -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    II tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        II n,k; cin >> n >> k;
        vector<II> vec;
        II sum = 0;
        for(II i=0; i<n;i++){</pre>
```

```
II x; cin >> x;
    vec.push_back(x);
    sum += x;
  }
  sort(vec.begin(),vec.end());
  vector<ll>first(n+10,0),last(n+10,0);
  first[0]=0;
  for(|| i=1;i<=n;i++){
    first[i] = first[i-1]+vec[i-1];
  reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
  last[0] = 0;
  for(|| i=1;i<=n;i++){
    last[i] = last[i-1] + vec[i-1];
  }
  II ans =0;
  for(||i=0;i<=k;i++){|}
    Il start = first[2*i];
    Il end =last[k-i];
    ans = max(ans,sum-(start+end));
  cout << ans << endl;
}
```

}

## (A) New Palindrome -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    string str; cin >> str;
    sort(str.begin(), str.end());
    map<char,ll>mp;
    for(||i| = 0; i < str.size(); i++){
       mp[str[i]]++;
    II cunt = 0,k=0;
    if(mp.size()>2){}
       cunt++;
    }
    else if(mp.size()==2){
       for(auto it:mp){
         if(it.second>=2) k++;
       }
    }
    if(k>=2) cunt++;
    if(cunt>=1) cout << "YES" << '\n';
```

```
else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
```

#### **Balanced Brackets - Hacker Rank**

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
              string str;
                            cin >> str;
              bool ok = true;
              int len=str.size();
              stack<int>st1,st2,st3;
              for(int i=0;i<len;i++){</pre>
                     if(str[i]=='(') st1.push(i);
                     else if(str[i] == ')' && st1.size()!=0){
                            int p = st1.top();
                            st1.pop();
                            if(p\%2 == i\%2){
                                   ok=false;
                                   break;
                            }
                     }
```

```
else if(str[i] == '}'&& st2.size()!=0){
                            int p = st2.top();
                            st2.pop();
                            if(p\%2 == i\%2){
                                   ok=false;
                                    break;
                            }
                     }
                     else if(str[i]=='[') st3.push(i);
                     else if(str[i] == ']' && st3.size()!=0){
                            int p = st3.top();
                            st3.pop();
                            if(p\%2 == i\%2){
                                   ok=false;
                                    break;
                            }
                     }
                     else if( (st1.size()==0 && str[i]==')') || (st2.size()==0 &&
str[i]=='}') || (st3.size()==0 && str[i]==']') ){
                                    ok = false;
                                    break;
                     }
```

else if(str[i]=='{') st2.push(i);

```
}

if(ok && len%2==0 && st1.size()==0 && st2.size()==0 && st3.size()==0)

cout << "YES" << endl;

else cout << "NO" << endl;

}
```

## Babelfish -UVA-10282

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
       string line;
       map<string,string>mp;
       while(getline(cin,line)){
             if(line.size()==0) continue;
             if(find(line.begin(),line.end(),' ')!=line.end()){
                    stringstream ss(line);
                    string str1,str2;
                    ss>>str1;
                    ss>>str2;
                    mp[str2] = str1;
             }
             else{
                    if(mp.find(line)!=mp.end()) cout << mp[line] << endl;</pre>
```

```
else cout << "eh" << endl;
}
}
```

# The Department of Redundancy Department -UVA-484

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
      ios base::sync with stdio(0);
      cin.tie(0);
      string str;
      map<string,int>mp;
      vector<string>vec;
      while(cin \gg str && str!="\n"){
             if(mp[str] == 0) vec.push_back(str);
             mp[str]++;
      }
      for(int i=0;i<vec.size();i++){</pre>
             cout << vec[i] << " " << mp[vec[i]] << endl;
      }
}
```

## Maps-HackerRank

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
      ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
      cin.tie(0);
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      map<string, int> mp;
      map<string, int> ::iterator it;
      while(tt--){
             int x; cin >> x;
             string name;
             int mark = 0;
             if(x == 1){
                    cin >> name;
                    cin >> mark;
                    mp[name] += mark;
             }
             else if(x == 2){
                    cin >> name;
                    mp.erase(name);
             }
             else if(x == 3){
                    cin >> name;
                    cout << mp[name] << '\n';</pre>
```

```
}
}
```

#### Number of Islands -LeetCode

```
class Solution {
public:
  void dfs(int i,int j,vector<vector<char>>& grid){
    int n = grid.size();
    int m = grid[0].size();
    if(i<0 || j<0) return;
    if(i>=n || j>=m || grid[i][j]=='0' || grid[i][j]=='2') return;
    if(grid[i][j]=='1'){
       grid[i][j]='2';
       dfs(i+1,j,grid);
       dfs(i-1,j,grid);
       dfs(i,j+1,grid);
       dfs(i,j-1,grid);
    }
  }
  int numIslands(vector<vector<char>>& grid) {
    int n = grid.size();
    int m = grid[0].size();
    int cunt=0;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
        if(grid[i][j]=='0' || grid[i][j]=='2') continue;
        if(grid[i][j]=='1'){
            grid[i][j] = '2';
            dfs(i+1,j,grid);
            dfs(i,j+1,grid);
            dfs(i,j-1,grid);
            cunt++;
        }
    }
}
return cunt;
}</pre>
```

#### Flood Fill -LeetCode

```
class Solution {
public:
  void dfs(int i,int j, int initialColor,int newColor,vector<vector<int>>& image){
    int n=image.size();
    int m=image[0].size();
    if(i<0 | | j<0) return;
    if(i>=n \mid | i>=m) return;
    if(image[i][j] != initialColor) return;
    image[i][j] = newColor;
    dfs(i-1,j,initialColor,newColor,image);
    dfs(i+1,i,initialColor,newColor,image);
    dfs(i,j-1,initialColor,newColor,image);
    dfs(i,j+1,initialColor,newColor,image);
  }
  vector<vector<int>> floodFill(vector<vector<int>>& image, int sr, int sc, int
newColor) {
    int initialColor = image[sr][sc];
    if(initialColor != newColor)
       dfs(sr,sc,initialColor,newColor,image);
    return image;
  }
};
```

## Update to Palindrome -CodePanja

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define nl '\n'
typedef long long int II;
#define vI vector<II>
#define For(i, n) for (II i = 0; i < n; i++)
int main(){
  ll n;
  cin >> n;
  vl vec;
  For(i, n)
  {
    ll x;
    cin >> x;
    vec.pb(x);
  }
  II cunt = 0;
  for (II i = 0, j = n-1; i \le j;)
  {
    if (vec[i] == vec[j])
       i++, j--;
    else if (vec[i] > vec[j])
    {
```

```
j--;
    vec[j] += vec[j + 1];
    cunt++;
}
else
{
    i++;
    vec[i] += vec[i-1];
    cunt++;
}
cout << "S #" << k++ << ": " << cunt << nl << nl;
}</pre>
```

## (C) Mr. Perfectly Fine -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    II tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        II n; cin >> n;
```

```
vector<pair<int,int>> vec;
vector<ll>one,ten,eleven;
for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
  int x,y; cin >> x >> y;
  vec.push back({x,y});
  if(y==01) one.push back(x);
  else if(y==10) ten.push back(x);
  else if(y==11) eleven.push back(x);
}
sort(vec.begin(),vec.end());
sort(one.begin(),one.end());
sort(ten.begin(),ten.end());
sort(eleven.begin(),eleven.end());
Il ans=0,cunt1=0,cunt2=0;
for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
  if(one.size()==0 \&\& eleven.size()==0) ans = 0;
  else if(ten.size()==0 \&\& eleven.size()==0) ans = 0;
  if(one.size()!=0 && ten.size()!=0){
    cunt1 = one[0] + ten[0];
  }
  if(eleven.size()!=0){
    cunt2=eleven[0];
  else ans = cunt1;
}
if(cunt1!=0 && cunt2!=0) ans = min(cunt1,cunt2);
```

```
else if(cunt2!=0) ans = cunt2;
if(ans ==0) ans =-1;
cout << ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (B) JoJo's Incredible Adventures -Codeforces

```
else{
    i++;
  }
}
II cunt = 0;
for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
  if(str[i]=='0') break;
  cunt++;
}
for(II i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
  if(str[i]=='0') break;
  cunt++;
}
cunt = min(cunt,n);
one = max(one,cunt);
if(one == n){
  cout << one*one << endl;</pre>
}
else{
  one++;
  III = one/2;
  II b = one-1;
  cout << I*b << endl;
```

```
}
```

### (B) Grid Reconstruction - Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    Il arr[2][n];
    arr[0][0] = 2*n;
    arr[1][n-1] = 2*n-1;
    II start = 1,end = 2*n-2;
    for(|| i=0;i<n-1;i++){
       if(i\%2!=0){
         arr[1][i]=end-1;
         arr[0][i+1] = end;
         end= end-2;
       }
       else{
         arr[1][i] = start;
```

```
arr[0][i+1] = start+1;
    start= start+2;
}

for(II i=0;i<2;i++){
    for(II j=0;j<n;j++){
        cout << arr[i][j] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
</pre>
```

## (B) Li Hua and Pattern -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        Il n,k; cin >> n>>k;
        Il arr[n][n];
```

```
for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(||j=0;j<n;j++){|}
     cin >> arr[i][j];
  }
if(n==1){
  cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
  continue;
}
II cunt = 0;
for(II i=0; i< n/2; i++){
  for(II j=0;j<n;j++){}
     if(arr[i][j] != arr[n-1-i][n-1-j]) cunt++;
  }
}
if((n&1) !=0){
  for(II i=0;i< n/2;i++){
     if(arr[n/2][i] != arr[n/2][n-1-i]) cunt++;
  }
}
if(cunt>k) cout << "NO" << endl;</pre>
else{
  k=k-cunt;
  if(k\%2==0 | | (n\&1)!=0){
     cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
```

```
else cout << "NO" << endl;
}
}
```

### (C) Place for a Selfie -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin>>tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n,m; cin>>n>>m;
    vector<II> vec(n);
    for(II i=0;i< n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    sort(vec.begin(),vec.end());
    while(m--){
       II a,b,c; cin>>a>>b>>c;
       if(c <= 0){
         cout<<"NO"<<'\n';
         continue;
       }
```

```
Il idx = lower_bound(vec.begin(),vec.end(),b)-vec.begin();
  if(n!=idx){
    II w = abs(b-vec[idx]);
    w = w*w;
    if(4*a*c>w){}
       cout<<"YES"<<'\n';
       cout<<vec[idx]<<'\n';
       continue;
    }
  }
  if(0!=idx){
    idx = idx-1;
    II w = abs(b - vec[idx]);
    w=w*w;
    if(4*a*c>w){}
       cout<<"YES"<<'\n';
       cout<<vec[idx]<<'\n';
       continue;
    }
  }
  cout<<"NO"<<'\n';
}
```

}

}

### (B) Candies -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    vector<ll> vec;
    if(n\%2 == 0) cout << -1 << '\n';
    else{
      vec.push back(n);
       while(n!=3){
         if(n==1) break;
         II f = (n-1)/2;
         II s = (n+1)/2;
         if(f\%2!=0){
           vec.push_back(f);
           n = f;
         }
         else if(s%2!=0){
           vec.push_back(s);
            n = s;
         }
```

```
sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
       if(vec.size()>40) cout <<-1 << '\n';
       else cout << vec.size() << '\n';
       II p=1;
       for(|| i=0;i<vec.size();i++){</pre>
         if(((2*p)-1) == vec[i]){
            cout << 1 << " ";
            p = (2*p)-1;
         }
         else if(((2*p)+1) == vec[i]){
            cout << 2 << " ";
            p = (2*p)+1;
          }
       }
       cout << endl;
    }
  }
}
```

### (B) Three Sevens -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II d; cin >> d;
    vector<vector<ll>>vec(d);
    for(II i=0; i< d; i++){
       II n; cin >> n;
       for(II j=0;j<n;j++){}
         II x; cin >> x;
         vec[i].push_back(x);
       }
     }
    vector<II>ans(d);
    set<ll> s;
    for(||i=d-1;i>=0;i--)
       II p=0;
       if(i==d-1)
          sort(vec[i].begin(),vec[i].end());
         for(|| j=0;j<vec[i].size();j++) s.insert(vec[i][j]);</pre>
          ans.push_back(vec[i][0]);
```

```
}
  else{
     set<ll>::iterator it;
     sort(vec[i].begin(),vec[i].end());
     for(|| j=0;j<vec[i].size();j++){
       it = s.find(vec[i][j]);
       if(it != s.end()) s.insert(vec[i][j]);
       else if(p==0){
          ans.push_back(vec[i][j]);
          s.insert(vec[i][j]);
          p++;
       }
       else s.insert(vec[i][j]);
     }
  }
II cunt = 0;
for(|| i=ans.size()-1;i>=0;i--){
  if(ans[i]!=0){
     cunt++;
  }
if(cunt != d) cout <<-1;
else{
  for(|| i=ans.size()-1;i>=0;i--){
  if(ans[i]!=0){
```

```
cout << ans[i] << " ";
}
}
cout << endl;
}
</pre>
```

## (C) Rock and Lever -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  long long tt,i,j,cunt,n; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    cin >> n;
    vector<long long>vec(n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
    cunt = 0;
    vector<long long> vec1;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        bitset<32>b(vec[i]);
        for(j=b.size()-1; j>=0;j--){
```

```
if(b[j] == 1){
            vec1.push_back(j);
            break;
         }
       }
    map<long long,long long>mp;
    for(auto it:vec1){
       mp[it]++;
    for(auto it:mp){
       // cout << it.first << " " << it.second << endl;
       if(it.second>=2) cunt = cunt + (it.second*(it.second-1)/2);
    }
    cout << cunt << '\n';</pre>
}
```

## (B) Count the Number of Pairs -Codeforces

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt;
```

```
cin >> tt;
while (tt--){
  int n, k;
  cin >> n >> k;
  string str; cin >> str;
  map<pair<char, char>, pair<int, int>> mp;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    if (str[i] >= 'a' \&\& str[i] <= 'z'){
       mp[{str[i], str[i]- 'a' + 'A'}].first++;
    }
     else{
       mp[{str[i]- 'A' + 'a', str[i]}].second++;
     }
  }
  int ans = 0;
  for (auto it : mp){
    int I = min(it.second.first, it.second.second);
    ans += 1;
    it.second.first-= I;
    it.second.second-= I;
    int p = max(it.second.first, it.second.second);
    int mini = min(p / 2, k);
     ans += mini;
     k-= mini;
  }
  cout << ans << endl;
```

```
}
```

#### (B) Equalize by Divide -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt,n; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    cin >> n;
    int arr[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin >> arr[i];
    int cunt = 0;
    double x;
    vector<pair<int,int>> vec;
    for(int j=0;j<30*n;j++){
    for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
       if(arr[i]!=arr[i+1]){
         if(arr[i]>arr[i+1]){
            x = ((double)arr[i]/(double)arr[i+1]);
            arr[i] = ceil(x);
            vec.push_back(make_pair(i+1,i+2));
         }
```

```
else{
       x = ((double)arr[i+1]/(double)arr[i]);
       arr[i+1] = ceil(x);
       vec.push_back(make_pair(i+2,i+1));
     }
    cunt++;
  }
}
sort(arr,arr+n);
if(arr[0]==arr[n-1] && cunt == 0) cout << 0 << endl;
else if(arr[0]!=arr[n-1]) cout <<-1 << endl;
else if(arr[0] == arr[n-1]){
  cout << cunt << endl;</pre>
  for(auto it:vec){
    cout << it.first << " " << it.second << endl;
  }
}
```

}

### (A) Recent Actions -Codeforces

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  int tt;
              cin >> tt;
       int n,m;
      while(tt--){
              cin >> n >> m;
              int arr[m],arr2[n];
              for(int i=0;i<m;i++) cin >> arr[i];
              set<int> s;
              for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
                     s.insert(i);
                     arr2[i-1] = 0;
              }
              int p=0;
             for(int i=0;i< m;i++){
                     if(s.find(arr[i])==s.end()){
                            s.insert(arr[i]);
                            arr2[n-p-1] = i+1;
                            p++;
                     }
              }
              for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
```

### (A) Array Coloring-Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
        int tt; cin >> tt;
        while(tt--){
        int n; cin >> n;
        vector<int> vec(n);
        int sum=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
            cin >> vec[i];
            sum+=vec[i];
        }
        if(sum%2==0) cout << "YES\n";
        else cout << "NO\n";
    }
}</pre>
```

### (B) Misha and Changing Handles -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
       int tt; cin >> tt;
       string str1,str2;
       map<string,string>mp;
       while(tt--){
              cin >> str1 >> str2;
              bool ok=false;
              for(auto it:mp){
                     if(it.second == str1){
                            mp[it.first] = str2;
                            ok=true;
                     }
              if(ok==false) mp[str1] = str2;
       cout << mp.size() << endl;</pre>
      for(auto it:mp){
              cout << it.first << " " << it.second << endl;</pre>
       }
}
```

### (B) Tenzing and Books -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
stack<int> Reverse(stack<int>st){
      stack<int> temp;
      while(!st.empty()){
             temp.push(st.top());
             st.pop();
      }
      return temp;
}
int32_t main(){
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
             int n,x,p;
                          cin >> n >> x;
             stack<int>st1,st2,st3;
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                    cin >> p;
                    st1.push(p);
             }
             st1=Reverse(st1);
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                    cin >> p;
```

```
st2.push(p);
}
st2=Reverse(st2);
for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
      cin >> p;
      st3.push(p);
}
st3=Reverse(st3);
int ans = 0;
while(!st1.empty()){
      p = st1.top();
      if((x&p) + (x^p) == x){
             ans = (ans|p);
             st1.pop();
       }
      else break;
while(!st2.empty()){
      p = st2.top();
      if((x&p) + (x^p) == x)
             ans = (ans|p);
             st2.pop();
       }
      else break;
}
while(!st3.empty()){
```

# (A) Tenzing and Tsondu -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
int32_t main(){
    int tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        int n,m; cin >> n >> m;
        vector<int>vec(n);
        int sum=0,sum1=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
            cin >> vec[i];
```

### (A) Cipher Shifer -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
    int tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        int n; cin >> n;
        string str; cin >> str;
        char ch=str[0];
        for(int i=1;i<str.size();i++){</pre>
```

# (C) Soldier and Cards -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
queue<int> insertToBottom(queue<int>s,int data){
    queue<int>temp;
    while(!s.empty()){
        temp.push(s.front());
        s.pop();
}
s.push(data);
```

```
while(!temp.empty()){
             s.push(temp.front());
             temp.pop();
       }
       return s;
int32_t main(){
      int n; cin >> n;
      int k1; cin >> k1;
       queue<int>st1;
      for(int i=0; i< k1; i++){
             int x; cin >> x;
             st1.push(x);
       }
      int k2; cin >> k2;
       queue<int>st2;
      for(int i=0; i< k2; i++){
             int x; cin >> x;
             st2.push(x);
       }
      int cunt = 0;
      while(1){
             if(st1.size()==0 || st2.size()==0) break;
             int x = st1.front();
             st1.pop();
             int y = st2.front();
```

```
st2.pop();
             if(x>y){}
                    st1.push(y);
                    st1.push(x);
                    cunt++;
             else if(x < y){
                    st2.push(x);
                    st2.push(y);
                    cunt++;
             if(cunt>=n*n*n){
                    cunt =-1;
                    break;
             }
       }
       if(cunt!=0) cout << cunt << " ";
       if(st1.size()!=0 && cunt!=-1) cout << 1 << endl;
       else if(cunt!=-1) cout << 2 << endl;
}
```

### (B) Minimize the Permutation -Codeforces

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
             int n; cin >> n;
             vector<int>vec(n);
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                    cin >> vec[i];
             }
             int now = 0;
             while(now<n){
                    int idx = min_element(vec.begin()+now,vec.end())-vec.begin();
                    int data = vec[idx];
                    vec.erase(vec.begin()+idx);
                    vec.insert(vec.begin()+now, data);
                    if(idx==now) now=idx+1;
                    else now = idx;
             for(auto it:vec) cout << it << " ";
             cout << endl;
      }
}
```

### (A) Payment Without Change -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
int32_t main(){
       int tt; cin >> tt;
       while(tt--){
              int a,b,n,s; cin \gg a \gg b \gg n \gg s;
              bool ok = false;
              if(s/n \le a)
                     int r = s%n;
                     if(r \le b) ok = true;
                     else ok = false;
              }
              else{
                     int p = n*a;
                     int diff = s-p;
                     if(diff<=b) ok = true;</pre>
                     else ok=false;
              }
              if(ok) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
              else cout << "NO\n";
       }
}
```

### (A) Sasha and Array Coloring -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
      int tt; cin >> tt;
      while(tt--){
             int n; cin >> n;
             vector<int>vec(n);
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                    cin >> vec[i];
             sort(vec.begin(),vec.end());
             int ans = 0;
             for(int i=0;i< n/2;i++){
                    ans+=(vec[n-i-1]-vec[i]);
             cout << ans << endl;
      }
}
```

#### (B) Maximum Strength -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32 t main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    string str1,str2; cin >> str1 >> str2;
    reverse(str1.begin(), str1.end());
    reverse(str2.begin(), str2.end());
    int len1 = str1.size(), len2 = str2.size();
    vector<int> vec1(101), vec2(101);
    for(int i = 0; i < len1; i++) vec1[i] = (str1[i]-'0');
    for(int i = 0; i < len2; i++) vec2[i] = (str2[i]-'0');
    int p = 0, d=0;
    for(int i = 100; i >= 0; i--){
       if(vec1[i] != vec2[i]){
          p = i;
          d = abs(vec1[i]-vec2[i]);
          break;
       }
    cout << 9*p+d << endl;
  }
}
```

### (A) Unit Array -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int32_t main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    int posi=0,neg=0;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
      cin >> vec[i];
      if(vec[i]>0) posi++;
      else neg++;
    }
    int cunt = 0;
    if(posi>neg && neg==0) cunt = 0;
    else if(posi>neg && neg%2==0) cunt = 0;
    else{
      while(neg>posi){
         posi++;
         neg--;
         cunt++;
       }
    }
    if(neg%2!=0) cunt++;
```

```
cout << cunt << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (A) Packing Rectangles -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define int long long
const int MAX L = 1e14;
bool ok(int mid,int w,int h,int n){
  int a= mid/w;
  int b= mid/h;
  if(b==0) return false;
  return a>=(double)n/b;
}
int32_t main(){
  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
  cin.tie(0);
  int w,h,n; cin >> w >> h >> n;
  int l=1,r=MAX_L-1;
  int ans = 0;
  while(l<=r){
    int mid = (1+r)/2;
```

```
if(ok(mid,w,h,n)){
         ans = mid;
         r=mid-1;
     }
     else l=mid+1;
}
cout << ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (B) Closest to the Left -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(true);
    cin.tie(0);
    int n,k; cin >> n >> k;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    for(int i=0;i<k;i++){
        int x; cin >> x;
        auto it = upper_bound(vec.begin(), vec.end(),x);
        cout << (it-vec.begin()) << endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

### (C) Contrast Value -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    Il n; cin >> n;
    vector<ll> vec;
    for(|| i=0; i<n;i++){
       II x; cin >> x;
       vec.push_back(x);
    }
    II cunt = 0,p=0;
    for(||i=0;i< n-1;i++){|}
    if(vec[i] < vec[i+1]){
       if(p!=1) cunt++;
       p = 1;
    else if(vec[i]>vec[i+1]){
       if(p!=-1) cunt++;
       p = -1;
    cout << cunt + 1 << endl;
```

```
}
```

## (A) Divisible Array -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    vector<II> vec(n);
    Il sum=0;
    for(|| i=1;i<n;i++){
      vec[i]=i+1;
      sum += vec[i];
    II div = sum/n;
    div++;
    vec[0] = (div*n)-sum;
    for(auto it:vec){
      cout << it << " ";
    }
```

```
cout << endl;
}
</pre>
```

# (D) Gold Rush -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n,m; cin >> n >> m;
    II gcd = \underline{gcd(n,m)};
    n = n/gcd;
    m=m/gcd;
    Il cuntN=0,cuntM=0;
    while(n%3==0){
      cuntN++;
      n=n/3;
    while(m%2==0){
      cuntM++;
      m=m/2;
```

```
if(n==1 && m==1 && cuntM<=cuntN){
    cout << "YES" << "\n";
}
else{
    cout << "NO" << "\n";
}
}</pre>
```

# (B) Blank Space -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        Il n; cin >> n;
        vector<ll>vec;
        for(II i=0;i<n;i++){
            Il x; cin >> x;
            vec.push_back(x);
        }
        Il cunt=0,ans=0;
        for(II i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
```

```
if(vec[i]==0) cunt++;
    else{
        ans = max(cunt,ans);
        cunt=0;
    }
}
ans = max(cunt,ans);
cout << ans <<endl;
}</pre>
```

# (A) Love Story -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    string s="codeforces";
    while(tt--){
        string str; cin >> str;
        Il cunt=0;
        for(II i=0;i<str.size();i++){
        if(str[i]!=s[i]) cunt++;</pre>
```

```
}
    cout << cunt << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (B) Lunatic Never Content -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    vector<ll>vec,vec2;
    for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
       II x; cin >> x;
       vec.push_back(x);
    }
    II max = 0;
    for(II i=0;i< n/2;i++){
       II k = abs(vec[i]-vec[n-i-1]);
       if(k==0)
         continue;
       }
```

```
if(i==0){
    max = k;
}
    else{
    max = __gcd(k,max);
}

cout << max << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (A) Matching -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        string str; cin >> str;
        II len = str.size();
        Il cunt=1;
        if(str[0]=='?') cunt = 9;
        for(II i=1;i<len;i++){
            if(str[i]=='?') cunt = cunt*10;
            if(str[i]=='?') cunt = cunt*10;</pre>
```

```
}
if(str[0]=='0') cunt = 0;
cout << cunt << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (A) Yura's New Name -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
     string str; cin >> str;
     Il cunt = 0,len=str.size(),p=0;
     for(|| i=0;i<str.size();i++){</pre>
       if(str[i]=='_'){
          if(str[i+1]!='^'){
            str.insert(i+1,"^");
          }
       }
     Il len2=str.size()-len;
     if(str[0]=='_') len2++;
```

```
if(len2==0 && str[0]=='^' && len==1)len2++;
  cout << len2 << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (A) Ian Visits Mary -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

#define II long long
int main(){

II tt; cin >> tt;

while(tt--){

II a,b; cin >> a >> b;

cout << "2" << '\n';

cout << "1" << " " << b-1 << '\n';

cout << a << " " << b << '\n';

}
```

# (A) Li Hua and Maze -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    Il row,col; cin >> row >> col;
    II a,b,c,d; cin >> a >> b >> c >> d;
    II cost = 0;
    if((a==1 && b==1) || (c==1 && d==1) || (a==row && b==col) || (c==row &&
d==col) || (a==1 && b==col) || (c==1 && d== col) || (a==row && b==1) || (c==row
&& d==1)||(c==row && d==1)){
      cost = 2;
    }
    else if(a==1 || a==row || c==1 || c==row || b==col || b==1 || d==1 ||
d==col
      cost = 3;
    }
    else cost = 4;
    cout << min(min(row,col),cost) << endl;</pre>
  }
}
```

### (B) Long Legs -Codeforces

## (A) Coins -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    II tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
```

```
Il n,k; cin >> n>>k;
  if(n%2!=0 && k%2==0) cout << "NO" << '\n';
  else cout << "YES" << '\n';
}</pre>
```

### (E) Living Sequence -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    string str = to_string(n);
    vector<ll> vec;
    while(n>0){
      II r = n\%9;
      vec.push_back(r);
       n/=9;
    II p=0;
    for(|| i=vec.size()-1;i>=0;i--){
       p = 10*p+vec[i];
```

```
str = to_string(p);
replace(str.begin(), str.end(),'8','9');
replace(str.begin(), str.end(),'7','8');
replace(str.begin(), str.end(),'6','7');
replace(str.begin(), str.end(),'5','6');
replace(str.begin(), str.end(),'4','5');
cout << str << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (D) Umka and a Long Flight -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
vector<II> vec;
bool solve(II x,II y,II n){
   if(n==1) return true;
   if(min(y,vec[n+1]-y+1) > vec[n+1]-vec[n]) return false;
   y = min(y,vec[n+1]-y+1);
   return solve(y,x,n-1);
}
```

```
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    vec.push_back(1);
    vec.push_back(1);
    for(Il i=0;i<50;i++){
        vec.push_back(vec[i]+vec[i+1]);
    }
    while(tt--){
        Il n,x,y; cin >> n >> x >> y;
        if(solve(x,y,n)) cout << "YES\n";
        else cout << "NO\n";
    }
}</pre>
```

# (C) Restore the Array -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    Il tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        Il n; cin >> n;
        n--;
        vector<II>vec(n),ans(n+1);
```

```
for(|| i=0; i<n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
ans[0] = vec[0];
ans[n] = vec[n-1];
for(|| i=0;i<n-1;i++){
    ans[i+1] = min(vec[i],vec[i+1]);
}
for(|| i=0;i<n+1;i++){
    cout << ans[i] << " ";
}
cout << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (B) Conveyor Belts -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
    II tt; cin >> tt;
    while(tt--){
        II n,a,b,c,d; cin >> n >> a >> b >> c >> d;
        a--; b--;c--;d--;
        a=min(a,n-1-a);
        b=min(b,n-1-b);
```

```
c=min(c,n-1-c);
  d=min(d,n-1-d);
  cout << abs(min(a,b)-min(c,d)) << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (A) Insert Digit -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n,m; cin >> n >> m;
    string str; cin >> str;
    II p=-1;
    for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
       if(str[i]-'0'<m){
          p = i;
          break;
       }
    for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
       if(i!=p) cout << str[i];</pre>
```

```
else{
      cout << m << str[i];
    }
    if(p==-1) cout << m;
    cout << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (B) Was it Rated?

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int n; cin >> n;
  if(n==15 || n==20||n==21) cout << "NO\n";
  else cout << "YES\n";
}</pre>
```

# (B) The String Has a Target -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
     II n; cin >> n;
     string str; cin >> str;
    II p=0;
    char ch=str[0];
     for(|| i=1;i<n;i++){
       if(ch>=str[i]){
          ch=str[i];
          p=i;
       }
     cout << str[p];</pre>
     for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
       if(i!=p) cout << str[i];</pre>
     }
    cout << endl;
  }
}
```

# (A) We Need the Zero -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    vector<II>vec(n),XOR(n);
    || p=-1;
    for(II i=0;i< n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    for(||x=0;x<=256;x++){
       for(|| i=0;i<n;i++){
         XOR[i] = vec[i]^x;
       II ans = 0;
       for(auto it:XOR){
         ans = ans^it;
       if(ans == 0){
         p=x;
         break;
       }
    cout << p << endl;
```

```
}
```

# (A) Beautiful Sequence -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define II long long
int main(){
  Il tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    II n; cin >> n;
    vector<II> vec(n+1);
    II cunt = 0;
    for(|| i=1;i<=n;i++){
       cin >> vec[i];
       if(vec[i] == i) cunt++;
    }
    if(cunt!=0) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else{
       for(|| i=1;i<=n;i++){
         for(||j=i+1;j<=n;j++){}
            if(i==vec[j]) cunt++;
         }
```

```
}
if(cunt!=0) cout << "YES" << '\n';
else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
}</pre>
```

# (A) Showstopper -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec1(n),vec2(n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin >> vec1[i];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) cin >> vec2[i];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
       if(vec1[i]>vec2[i] && vec2[i]<=vec1[n-1]) swap(vec1[i],vec2[i]);
    }
    int p=vec1[n-1], q=vec2[n-1];
    sort(vec1.begin(),vec1.end());
    sort(vec2.begin(),vec2.end());
    if(vec1[n-1] == p \&\& vec2[n-1] == q) cout << "YES" << '\n';
```

```
else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
```

# (B) Points on Plane -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  long long tt,i,p; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    long double n; cin >> n;
    cout <<(long long) sqrt(n-1) << '\n';
  }
}</pre>
```

# (A) Garland -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    string str; cin >> str;
    map<char,int> mp;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
    mp[str[i]]++;
}
sort(str.begin(), str.end());
if(mp.size() == 1) cout <<-1 << '\n';
else if(mp.size() == 4 || mp.size() == 3) cout << 4 << '\n';
else if(str[0] == str[2]) cout << 6 << '\n';
else if(str[1] == str[3]) cout << 6 << '\n';
else cout << 4 << '\n';
}
mp.clear();
}</pre>
```

#### (B) AND 0, Sum Big -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
long long INF = 1e9+7;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
   long long n,k; cin >> n >> k;
   long long cunt = 0;
```

```
long long p = 1;
for(int i=0;i<k;i++){
    p = p*n;
    p = p%INF;
}
cout << p << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (A) Mocha and Math -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
    int ans = vec[0];
    for(int i=1; i<n; i++){
        ans = ans&vec[i];
    }
    cout << ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (B) AGAGA XOOORRR -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    int x=0;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
       cin >> vec[i];
       x = x^{ec[i]};
    }
    if(x==0) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else{
       int cunt = 0, k = 0;
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
         k = k^{ec[i]};
         if(k == x){
            cunt++;
            k = 0;
       }
```

```
if(cunt>=3) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
}</pre>
```

# (G2) Subsequence Addition (Hard Version) - Codeforces

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  long long tt,n,i;
  cin >> tt;
  while (tt--){
    cin >> n;
    vector<long long> vec(n), sum(n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
    sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
    sum[0] = vec[0];
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
       sum[i] = vec[i] + sum[i-1];
    }
    bool ok = true;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
       if (sum[i-1] < vec[i]) ok = false;</pre>
```

```
}
  if (vec[0] != 1) ok = false;
  if (ok) cout << "YES" << '\n';
  else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}</pre>
```

# (G1) Subsequence Addition (Easy Version) - Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec(n),sum(n);
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
    sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
    sum[0] = vec[0];
    for(int i=1;i< n;i++) sum[i] = vec[i]+sum[i-1];
    bool ok = true;
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
       if(sum[i-1]<vec[i]) ok = false;</pre>
    }
    if(vec[0]!=1) ok = false;
```

```
if(ok) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}</pre>
```

#### (D) Odd Queries -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int n,q,l,r,k,i,j,sum=0,sum1=0,tt,k1,k2,ans;
  cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    cin >> n >> q;
    vector<int>vec(n),sum(n),sum1(n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) cin >> vec[i];
    sum[0] = vec[0];
    for(i=1;i < n;i++) sum[i] = vec[i] + sum[i-1];
    for(i=0;i<q;i++){}
       cin >> l >> r >> k;
      if(l>=2) k1 = sum[r-1] - sum[l-2];
       else k1 = sum[r-1];
       k2 = k*((r-l)+1);
       ans = sum[n-1]+k2-k1;
```

```
if(ans%2 != 0) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
}</pre>
```

### (C) Find and Replace -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    string str; cin >> str;
     bool ok = true;
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       for(int j=i+1; j< n; j++){
         if(str[i] == str[j]){
            if(i\%2!=0 \&\& j\%2==0) ok = false;
            else if(i%2==0 && j%2!=0) ok = false;
          }
       }
    }
    if(ok)cout << "YES" << '\n';
```

```
else cout << "NO" << '\n';
}
```

### (B) Grab the Candies -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n; cin >> n;
    int even = 0, odd = 0;
    vector<int> vec(n);
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       cin >> vec[i];
       if(vec[i] \% 2 == 0) even += vec[i];
       else odd += vec[i];
    }
    if(even > odd) cout << "YES" << '\n';
    else cout << "NO" << '\n';
  }
}
```

# (B) Mex Master -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int n, mx = -1; cin >> n;
    vector<int>vec;
    int zero=0,non zero=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
      int x; cin >> x;
      if(x != 0) non_zero++;
      else zero++;
      mx = max(mx,x);
      vec.push_back(x);
    }
    int ans;
    if(zero == 0) ans = 0;
    else{
      if(non_zero >= zero-1) ans = 0;
      else{
         if(mx == 1) ans = 2;
         else ans = 1;
       }
```

```
cout << ans << endl;
}
</pre>
```

# (A) Walking Master -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int a,b,c,d,p=0; cin >> a >> b >> c >> d;
    if(a>c){
       p = a-c;
       a = a-p;
    else if(c>a){
       p = c-a;
       a = a+p;
       b = b+p;
    if(b>d) cout <<-1 << endl;
    else{
      cout << p + 2*(d-b) << endl;
```

```
}
}
}
```

### (B) Vaccination -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  int n, k, d, w,p;
  while(tt--){
    cin >> n >> k >> d >> w;
    int ans = 0,cunt=0;
    vector<int>vec(n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> vec[i];
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
       if(cunt==0) p = vec[i]+w+d;
       if(vec[i] \le b \& cunt < k){
          cunt++;
       }
       if(cunt >= k \mid \mid vec[i+1] > p){
         cunt = 0;
          ans++;
       }
```

```
}
  if(cunt!=0) cout << ans+1<<endl;
  else cout << ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

# (A) Lame King -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int tt; cin >> tt;
  while(tt--){
    int a, b; cin >> a >> b;
    int p = abs(abs(a)-abs(b));
    if(p==1 || p==0) cout << abs(a)+abs(b) << endl;
    else cout << 2*min(abs(a),abs(b))+ 2*p-1 << endl;
}</pre>
```

### (A) Typical Interview Problem -Codeforces

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main(){
 int tt; cin >> tt;
 string s =
BFBFFBFF";
 while(tt--){
  int n; cin >> n;
  string str; cin >> str;
  int p=0,k=0;
  for(int i=0;i<s.size();i++){
   string str2 = s.substr(i,i+n-k);
   k++;
   if(str2==str){
    p=1;
    break;
   }
  if(p==1) cout << "YES\n";
  else cout << "NO\n";
 }
}
```