

Vendor: Oracle

Exam Code: 1Z0-808

Exam Name: Java SE 8 Programmer I

Question 91—Question 100

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QUESTION 91

Given the code fragment:

```
int b = 3;
if ( !(b > 3)) {
System.out.println("square");
}{
System.out.println("circle");
}
System.out.println("...");
```

What is the result?

- A. square...
- B. circle...
- C. squarecircle...
- D. Compilation fails.

Answer: C

QUESTION 92

What is the proper way to defined a method that take two int values and returns their sum as an int value?

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- A. int sum(int first, int second) { first + second; }
- B. int sum(int first, second) { return first + second; }
- C. sum(int first, int second) { return first + second; }
- D. int sum(int first, int second) { return first + second; }
- E. void sum (int first, int second) { return first + second; }

Answer: D Explanation:

Incorrect answers:

A: no return statement

QUESTION 93

Which two are Java Exception classes?

- A. SercurityException
- B. DuplicatePathException
- C. IllegalArgumentException
- D. TooManyArgumentsException

Answer: AC

QUESTION 94

Given the for loop construct:

```
for ( expr1 ; expr2 ; expr3 ) {
statement;
}
```

Which two statements are true?

- A. This is not the only valid for loop construct; there exits another form of for loop constructor.
- B. The expression expr1 is optional.it initializes the loop and is evaluated once, as the loop begin.
- C. When expr2 evaluates to false, the loop terminates.It is evaluated only after each iteration through the loop.
- D. The expression expr3 must be present.

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It is evaluated after each iteration through the loop.

Answer: AB Explanation:

A is true because there are two types of for loop in Java. Classic and Enhanced.

B is true because we can run code like for(; expr2; expr3).

C is false because expr2 is evaluated BEFORE each iteration.

D is false because we can run code like for(expr1; expr2;).

http://www.java-tips.org/java-se-tips-100019/24-java-lang/480-the-enhanced-for-loop.html

QUESTION 95

What is the result?

```
public class StringReplace {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String message = "Hi everyone!";
System.out.println("message = " + message.replace("e", "X")); }
}
```

- A. message = Hi everyone!
- B. message = Hi XvXryonX!
- C. A compile time error is produced.
- D. A runtime error is produced.
- E. message =
- F. message = Hi Xveryone!

Answer: B

QUESTION 96

Which two statements are true for a two-dimensional array?

- A. It is implemented as an array of the specified element type.
- B. Using a row by column convention, each row of a two-dimensional array must be of the same size
- C. At declaration time, the number of elements of the array in each dimension must be specified
- D. All methods of the class Object may be invoked on the two-dimensional array.

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Answer: AD

QUESTION 97

Which three statements are benefits of encapsulation?

- A. allows a class implementation to change without changing the clients
- B. protects confidential data from leaking out of the objects
- C. prevents code from causing exceptions
- D. enables the class implementation to protect its invariants
- E. permits classes to be combined into the same package
- F. enables multiple instances of the same class to be created safely

Answer: ABD

QUESTION 98

Given the code fragment:

- 1. ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>(1);
- 2. list.add(1001);
- 3. list.add(1002);
- 4. System.out.println(list.get(list.size()));

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails due to an error on line 1.
- B. An exception is thrown at run time due to error on line 3
- C. An exception is thrown at run time due to error on line 4
- D. 1002

Answer: C Explanation:

The code compiles fine.

At runtime an IndexOutOfBoundsException is thrown when the second list item is added.

QUESTION 99

Given the code fragment:

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```
String[] colors = {"red", "blue", "green", "yellow", "maroon", "cyan");
```

Which code fragment prints blue, cyan,?

```
for (String c:colors) (
         if (c.length() != 4) (
            continue;
      System.out.print(c+", ");
(B) for (String c:colors[]) (
         if (c.length() <= 4) (
             continue;
     System.out.print(c+", ");
(C) for (String c: String[] colors)
        if (c.length() >= 3) (
            continue;
     System.out.print(c+", ");
CD) for (String c: colors) (
         if (c.length() != 4) (
             System.out.print(c+",
             continue;
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A

QUESTION 100

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View the Exhibit.

```
public class Hat {
  public int ID =0;
  public String name = "hat";
  public String size = "One Size Fit All";
  public String color="";
  public String getName() { return name; }
  public void setName(String name) {
    this.name = name;
  }
}

Given:

public class TestHat {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Hat blackCowboyHat = new Hat();
  }
}
```

Which statement sets the name of the Hat instance?

- A. blackCowboyHat.setName = "Cowboy Hat";
- B. setName("Cowboy Hat");
- C. Hat.setName("Cowboy Hat");
- D. blackCowboyHat.setName("Cowboy Hat");

Answer: D