

Vendor: Oracle

Exam Code: 1Z0-808

Exam Name: Java SE 8 Programmer I

Question 81—Question 90

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QUESTION 81

What is the result?

```
boolean log3 = ( 5.0 != 6.0) && ( 4 != 5);  
boolean log4 = (4 != 4) || (4 == 4);  
System.out.println("log3:"+ log3 + "\nlog4" + log4);
```

- A. log3:false
log4:true
- B. log3:true
log4:true
- C. log3:true
log4:false
- D. log3:false
log4:false

Answer: B

QUESTION 82

Which statement will empty the contents of a StringBuilder variable named sb?

- A. sb.deleteAll();

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- B. sb.delete(0, sb.size());
- C. sb.delete(0, sb.length());
- D. sb.removeAll();

Answer: C

QUESTION 83

What is the result?

```
Class StaticField {  
    static int i = 7;  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        StaticFied obj = new StaticField();  
        obj.i++;  
        StaticField.i++;  
        obj.i++;  
        System.out.println(StaticField.i + " " + obj.i);  
    }  
}
```

- A. 10 10
- B. 8 9
- C. 9 8
- D. 7 10

Answer: A

QUESTION 84

Which two are valid array declaration?

- A. Object array[];
- B. Boolean array[3];
- C. int[] array;
- D. Float[2] array;

Answer: AC

QUESTION 85

Given:

```
class Overloading {  
    int x(double d) {  
        System.out.println("one");  
        return 0;  
    }  
    String x(double d) {  
        System.out.println("two");  
        return null;  
    }  
    double x(double d) {  
        System.out.println("three");  
        return 0.0;  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        new Overloading().x(4.0);  
    }  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. one
- B. two
- C. three
- D. Compilation fails.

Answer: D

QUESTION 86

Given:

```
public class MainMethod {  
    void main() {  
        System.out.println("one");  
    }  
    static void main(String args) {
```

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```
System.out.println("two");
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("three");
}
void mina(Object[] args) {
System.out.println("four");
}
}
```

What is printed out when the program is executed?

- A. one
- B. two
- C. three
- D. four

Answer: C

QUESTION 87

Given:

```
public class ScopeTest {
int j, int k;
public static void main(String[] args) {
new ScopeTest().doStuff(); }
void doStuff() {
int x = 5;
doStuff2();
System.out.println("x");
}
void doStuff2() {
int y = 7;
System.out.println("y");
for (int z = 0; z < 5; z++) {
System.out.println("z");
System.out.println("y");
}
}
```

Which two items are fields?

- A. j
- B. k
- C. x
- D. y
- E. z

Answer: AB

QUESTION 88

A method is declared to take three arguments.

A program calls this method and passes only two arguments.

What is the results?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. The third argument is given the value null.
- C. The third argument is given the value void.
- D. The third argument is given the value zero.
- E. The third argument is given the appropriate falsy value for its declared type.
- F. An exception occurs when the method attempts to access the third argument.

Answer: A

QUESTION 89

Which three are valid replacements for foo so that the program will compiled and run?

```
public class ForTest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arrar = {1,2,3};  
        for ( foo ) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

- A. int i: array
- B. int i = 0; i < 1; i++

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- C. ;;
- D. ;i < 1; i++
- E. ;i < 1;

Answer: ABC

QUESTION 90

Given:

```
public class SampleClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        AnotherSampleClass asc = new AnotherSampleClass(); SampleClass sc =  
        new SampleClass();  
        sc = asc;  
        System.out.println("sc: " + sc.getClass());  
        System.out.println("asc: " + asc.getClass());  
    }  
}  
class AnotherSampleClass extends SampleClass {  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. sc: class Object
asc: class AnotherSampleClass
- B. sc: class SampleClass
asc: class AnotherSampleClass
- C. sc: class AnotherSampleClass
asc: class SampleClass
- D. sc: class AnotherSampleClass
asc: class AnotherSampleClass

Answer: D