

Vendor: Oracle

Exam Code: 1Z0-808

Exam Name: Java SE 8 Programmer I

Question 101—Question 110

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QUESTION 101

Which code fragment cause a compilation error?

- A. `float flt = 100F;`
- B. `float flt = (float) 1_11.00;`
- C. `float flt = 100;`
- D. `double y1 = 203.22;`
`float flt = y1;`
- E. `int y2 = 100;`
`float flt = (float) y2;`

Answer: D

Explanation:

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.Error: Unresolved compilation problem:

Type mismatch: cannot convert from double to float

QUESTION 102

Given:

```
class X {  
    static void m (int[] i) {  
        i[0] += 7;  
    }  
}
```

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```
public static void main (String[] args) {  
    int[] j = new int[1];  
    j[0] = 12;  
    m(j);  
    System.out.println(j[0]);  
}  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 7
- B. 12
- C. 19
- D. Compilation fails.
- E. An exception is thrown at runtime.

Answer: C

QUESTION 103

Given:

```
1. public class SampleClass {  
2.     public static void main (String[] args) {  
3.         AnotherSampleClass asc = new AnotherSampleClass();  
4.         SampleClass sc = new SampleClass();  
5.         // insert code here  
6.     }  
7. }  
8. class AnotherSampleClass extends SampleClass {  
9. }
```

Which statement, when inserted into line 5, enables the code to compile?

- A. asc = sc;
- B. sc = asc;
- C. asc = (Object) sc;
- D. asc = sc.clone;

Answer: B

QUESTION 104

Which statement will empty the contents of a StringBuilder variable named sb?

- A. sb.deleteAll;
- B. sb.delete(0, sb.size());
- C. sb.delete(0, sb.length());
- D. sb.removeAll();

Answer: C

QUESTION 105

Given:

```
class MarksOutOfBoundsException extends IndexOutOfBoundsException { }
public class GradingProcess {
void verify(int marks) throws IndexOutOfBoundsException { if (marks >
100) {
throw new MarksOutOfBoundsException();
}
if (marks > 50) {
System.out.print("Pass");
} else {
System.out.print("Fail");
}
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
int marks = Integer.parseInt(args[2]);
try {
new GradingProcess().verify(marks);
} catch (Exception e) {
System.out.print(e.getClass());
}
}
}
```

And the command line invocation:

```
java GradingProcess 89 50 104
```

What is the result?

- A. Pass
- B. Fail
- C. class MarksOutOfBoundsException
- D. class IndexOutOfBoundsException
- E. class Excpetion

Answer: C

QUESTION 106

Given:

1. interface Pet { }
2. class Dog implements Pet { }
3. class Beagle extends Dog { }

Which three are valid?

- A. Pet a = new Dog();
- B. Pet b = new Pet();
- C. Dog f = new Pet();
- D. Dog d = new Beagle();
- E. Pet e = new Beagle();
- F. Beagle c = new Dog();

Answer: ADE

Explanation:

B and C aren't valid because Pet is abstract and it can't be instantiated.

F isn't valid because a Dog isn't a Beagle.

QUESTION 107

Given the code fragment:

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```
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();  
sb.append("World");
```

Which fragment prints Hello World?

- A.

```
sb.insert(0, "Hello ");  
System.out.println(sb);
```
- B.

```
sb.append(0, "Hello ");  
System.out.println(sb);
```
- C.

```
sb.add(0, "Hello ");  
System.out.println(sb);
```
- D.

```
sb.set(0, "Hello ");  
System.out.println(sb);
```

Answer: A

QUESTION 108

Given:

```
package pkg1;  
class Bb { }  
public class Ee {  
private Ee() { }  
}  
package pkg2;  
final class Ww;  
package pkg3;  
public abstract class Dd { void m() { } }
```

And,

1.

```
package pkg4;
```
2.

```
import pkg1.*;
```
3.

```
import pkg2.*;
```
4.

```
import pkg3.*;
```
5.

```
// insert a class definition here
```

Which two class definitions, when inserted independently at line 5, enable the code to

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compile?

- A. class Cc extends Bb { }
- B. class Cc extends Ww { }
- C. class Cc extends Ee { }
- D. class Cc extends Dd { }

Answer: AD Only D because Bb is default access

QUESTION 109

Given:

```
1. public class Simple {  
2.     public float price;  
3.     public static void main (String [] args) {  
4.         Simple price = new Simple();  
5.         price = 4;  
6.     }  
7. }
```

Which will make this code compile and run?

- A. Change line 5 to:
 price = 4f;
- B. Change line 5 to:
 price.price = 4;
- C. Change line 5 to:
 price = (float) 4;
- D. Change line 5 to:
 price = (Simple) 4;
- E. The code compiles and runs properly; no changes are necessary.

Answer: B

QUESTION 110

Given the code fragment:

Which statement is true?

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```
class Student {
    String name;
    int age;
}

And,

1. public class Test {
2.     public static void main(String[] args) {
3.         Student s1 = new Student();
4.         Student s2 = new Student();
5.         Student s3 = new Student();
6.         s1 = s3;
7.         s3 = s2;
8.         s2 = null;
9.     }
10. }
```

- A. After line 8, three objects are eligible for garbage collection.
- B. After line 8, two objects are eligible for garbage collection.
- C. After line 8, one object is eligible for garbage collection.
- D. After line 8, none of the objects are eligible for garbage collection.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Run the code

```
class Student {
    String name;
    int age;
```

```
    // Called by the garbage collector on an object when garbage collection determines
    // that there are no more references to the object.
```

```
    @Override
    protected void finalize () {
        System.out.print("Finalized Object\n");
    }
}
```

```
public class Main {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) throws
```

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```
InterruptedException {  
    Student s1 = new Student();  
    Student s2 = new Student();  
    Student s3 = new Student();  
  
    s1 = s3;  
    s3 = s2;  
    s2 = null;  
  
    System.gc();  
    Thread.sleep(3000);  
  
    System.out.println(s1.name);  
    System.out.println(s3.name);  
}  
}
```

The output is

Finalized Object

null

null

In other words,

s2 has been garbage collected.

s1 and s3 haven't been garbage collected.