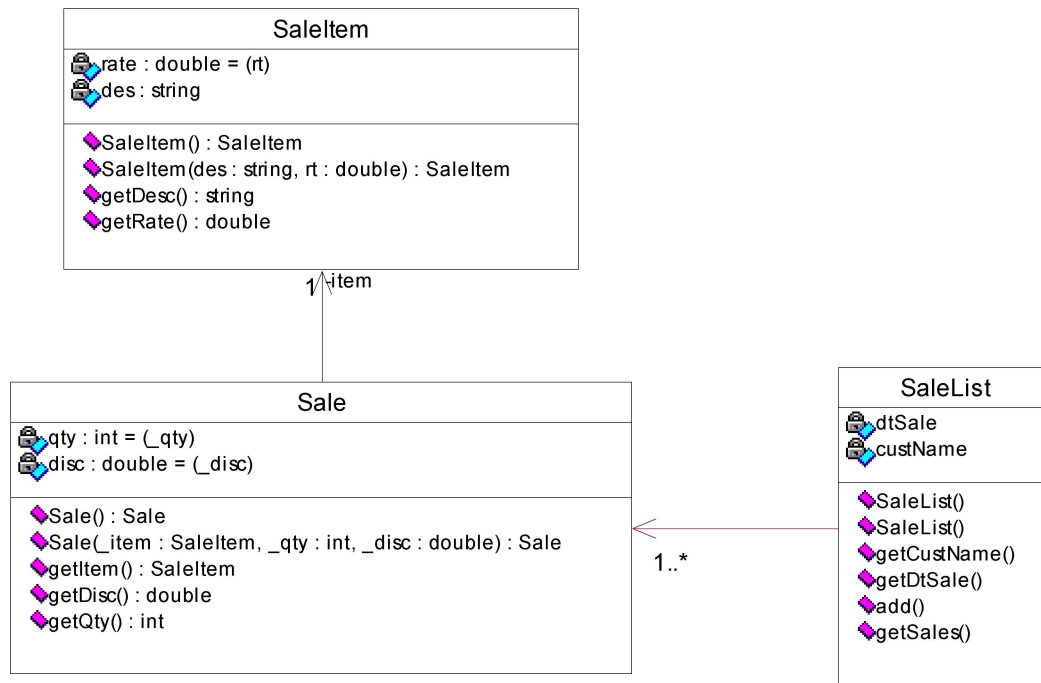
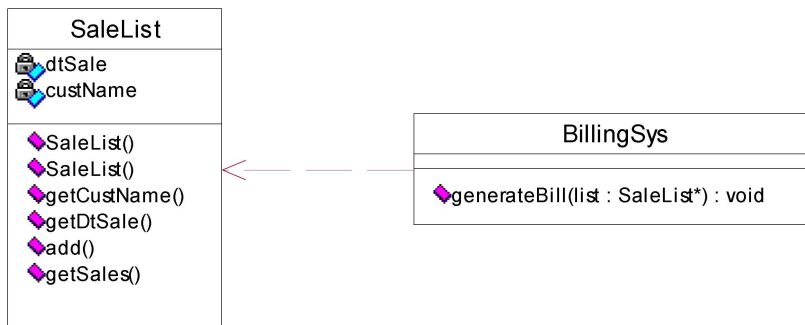


1. In a Point Of Sale (POS) system the following classes constitute the domain

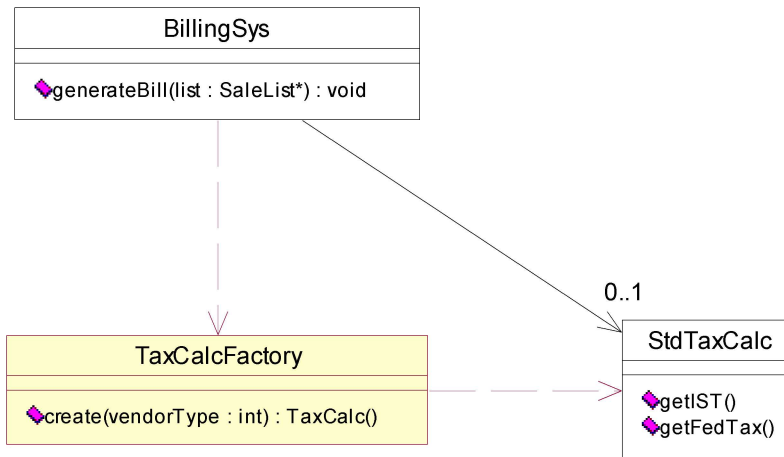


A **SaleList** has many **Sale** objects for a given customer. A **Sale** object is created whenever a **Sale** is made and contains information about the **SaleItem** being sold. The **SaleItem** is the item that is sold and has rate and description. The **SaleList** needs to use a **linked list** for storing many **Sale** objects.



The **BillingSys** has a method called `generateBill` to which the object of **SaleList** is provided. This method finds the grand total for the sale list by considering the `qty` and `discount` (from **Sale**) and the `rate` (from **SaleList**).

Every time a sale is made some taxes need to be levied. For this purpose, there is a StdTaxCalc (a tax calculator) which helps in finding the IST (inter-state tax) and FedTax (Federal Tax). To create an object of the StdTaxCalc use the TaxCalcFactory which is implemented as a Singleton. The BillingSys in its constructor, invokes the TaxCalcFactory and gets the StdTaxCalc object. This object is stored in the BillingSys class as a data member.



The values for the two types of taxes are currently 10% for IST and 0.15% for FedTax. These values can be revised frequently.

The test code is given below (C++)

```

SaleItem item1("Monitor",7000);      // desc and rate
SaleItem item2("Hard disk",5500);

Sale *sale1 = new Sale(item1,2,5);    // item, qty and discount
Sale *sale2 = new Sale(item2,5,10);

SaleList *list = new SaleList("16-03-2006","Jennifer");
list->add(sale1);
list->add(sale2);

BillingSys *sys = new BillingSys();
sys->generateBill(list);
  
```