

Assignment 5

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Abstract—This document explains the the concept of finding two straight lines from given second degree equation

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Shweta-SV/Assignment-5/blob/python-code/Assignment5.ipynb>

Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Shweta-SV/Assignment-5/tree/latex>

\mathbf{q}_1 , \mathbf{q}_2 and the values in \mathbf{R} are given by,

$$r_1 = \|\mathbf{v}_1\| \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \frac{\mathbf{v}_1}{r_1} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$r_2 = \frac{\mathbf{q}_1^T \mathbf{v}_2}{\|\mathbf{q}_1\|^2} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \frac{\mathbf{v}_2 - r_2 \mathbf{q}_1}{\|\mathbf{v}_2 - r_2 \mathbf{q}_1\|} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$r_3 = \mathbf{q}_2^T \mathbf{v}_2 \quad (2.0.8)$$

1 PROBLEM

Find the QR decomposition of \mathbf{V} .

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3/2 \\ -3/2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.0.1)$$

2 THEORY

A matrix \mathbf{V} can be represented as

$$\mathbf{V} = (\mathbf{v}_1 \quad \mathbf{v}_2) \quad (2.0.1)$$

If $\mathbf{V} \in \mathbf{R}^{m \times n}$ has linearly independent columns then it can be decomposed as

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{Q}\mathbf{R} \quad (2.0.2)$$

\mathbf{Q} is $m \times n$ with orthogonal columns ($\mathbf{Q}^T \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{I}$)
 \mathbf{R} is $n \times n$, upper triangular with non-zero diagonal elements

$$\mathbf{Q} = (\mathbf{q}_1 \quad \mathbf{q}_2)$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ 0 & r_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

3 SOLUTION

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -3/2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.1)$$

Using above equations we get

$$r_1 = \frac{\sqrt{153}}{2} = 6.1846 \quad (3.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{12}{\sqrt{153}} \\ \frac{-3}{\sqrt{153}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0.9701 \\ -0.2425 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$$

$$r_2 = \frac{-9}{\sqrt{153}} = -0.7276 \quad (3.0.4)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{243}{\sqrt{1003833}} \\ \frac{972}{\sqrt{1003833}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -0.2425 \\ -0.9701 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.5)$$

$$r_3 = \frac{6561}{2\sqrt{1003833}} = 3.2742 \quad (3.0.6)$$

Therefore

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.9701 & -0.2425 \\ -0.2425 & -0.9701 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.7)$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.1846 & -0.7276 \\ 0 & 3.2742 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.8)$$

Using (3.0.7) and (3.0.8) in (2.0.2)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{QR} &= \begin{pmatrix} 0.9701 & -0.2425 \\ -0.2425 & -0.9701 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\times \begin{pmatrix} 6.1846 & -0.7276 \\ 0 & 3.2742 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\approx \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3/2 \\ -3/2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (3.0.9)$$